





#### QUALIFICATION PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR HEALTHCARE

### What are Occupational Standards (OS)?

- OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function
- Performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

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#### Introduction

### **Qualifications Pack: X-ray Technician**

**SECTOR**: HEALTH

**SUB-SECTOR**: Allied Health and Paramedics

**OCCUPATION**: X- ray Technician

**REFERENCE ID**: HSS/Q 0701

**ALIGNED TO**: NCO-2004/3211.0100

**X-ray Technician:** X-ray Technician creates X-ray images of parts of human body to help physicians diagnose and treat various illnesses and injuries as accurately as possible.

Brief Job Description: Individuals at this job need to create X-ray images of parts of the human body using radiographic equipment under the guidance and supervision of Radiologist. They explain medical imaging procedure, prepare X-ray room & patient for procedure, operate & maintain X-ray machine, record radiological supplies, prepare report & document under Radiologist's guidance, maintain records and carry out other administrative jobs as needed in the department.

**Personal Attributes**: This job requires individuals to work in a team and in close collaboration with Radiologist. They must be polite and be able to calm and placate upset individuals. They should be able to remain standing for long periods of time and must have strength to transfer and position patients for scans. They should have the capacity to visualize two and three-dimensional spatial.









Qualifications Pack Code	HSS/ Q 0701		
Job Role	X-ray Technician		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Sector	Health	Drafted on	19/11/2015
Sub-sector	Allied Health & Paramedics	Last reviewed on	08/04/2016
Occupation	X- Ray Technician	Next review date	07/04/2019
NSQC Clearance on		21/07/2016	

Job Role	X Ray Technician
Role Description	Perform diagnostic imaging examinations such as X-ray images, BMD and Mammography scans under the guidance of a Radiologist. Prepare patient, unit & machine for tests; keep patient records and test recommended along with maintaining equipment.  X ray technicians are not permitted to discuss the result of images with any other person. They perform radiological duties in compliance with X-ray department and legal requirements.
NSQF Level	3
Minimum Educational Qualifications	Preferably Class XII, but Class X is also considered in certain situations.
Maximum Educational	
Qualifications	Not Applicable
Minimum Job Entry Age	18 Years
Training	Not Applicable



#### Qualification Pack for X-Ray Technician





	Compulsory:
	HSS/ N 0711: Comprehend conventional radiological needs of patients
	HSS/ N 0712: Prepare the patient and the room for the conventional
	radiological procedures
	HSS/ N 0713: Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiologic
	equipment
	HSS/ N 0714: Process X-ray films/ Images
	HSS/ N 0715: Prepare and document conventional radiological reports
Occupational	HSS/ N 9601: Collate and communicate health information
Standards (OS)	HSS/ N 9602: Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies
Standards (OS)	HSS/ N 9603: Act within the limits of your competence and authority
	HSS/ N 9606: Maintain a safe, healthy and secure environment
	HSS/ N 9608: Follow radiation safety guidelines
	HSS/ N 9609: Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols
	HSS/ N 9610: Follow infection control policies and procedures
	HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and assure quality
	HSS/ N 9614: Recognize healthy body systems
	Optional: N.A.
	Note: All standards, procedures and equipment should comply with
	Note: All standards, procedures and equipment should comply with
	Atomic Energy Regulatory Board (AERB) regulations and rules.
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units



#### Qualification Pack for X-Ray Technician





**Definitions** 

Key Words / Terms	Descriptions
Core Skills/Generic Skills	Core Skills or Generic Skills are a group of skills that are essential to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Computed Tomography Scan	A scan that provides cross-sectional views (slices) of the body. A computed tomography (CT) scan is an imaging method that uses x-rays to create pictures of cross-sections of the body.
Conventional Radiology	Conventional radiography uses an X-ray emitter and a detector image (or radiographic film, now sensors connected to a computer) which is placed between the body segment studied.
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.
Fluoroscopy	Examination of the tissues and deep structures of the body by x-ray, using the fluoroscope or video fluoroscopy
Function	Function is an activity necessary for achieving key purpose of the sector, occupation, or area of work, which can be carried out by a person or a group of persons. Functions are identified through functional analysis and form the basis of OS.
Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organization.
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and Understanding are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organizational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard.
Mammography	The process of using low-energy X-rays (usually around 30 kVp) to examine the human breast, which is used as a diagnostic and screening tool for early detection of breast cancer.
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	NOS are Occupational Standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context.
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/related set of functions in an industry.
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.
Organizational Context	Organizational Context includes the way the organization is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
Performance Criteria	Performance Criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
Qualifications Pack Code	Qualifications Pack Code is a unique reference code that identifies a qualifications pack.



#### Qualifications Pack For X-Ray Technician





Qualifications Pack(QP)	Qualifications Pack comprises the set of OS, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A Qualifications Pack is assigned a unique qualification pack code.
Scope	Scope is the set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on the quality of performance required.
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar businesses and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.
Sub-functions	Sub-functions are sub-activities essential to fulfil the achieving the objectives of the function.
Sub-Sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Technical Knowledge	Technical Knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities.
Ultrasound	Ultrasound is a high-frequency sound wave, which reflects off body structures.  A computer receives these reflected waves and uses them to create a picture.  Ultrasound scan is a well-known for its use in obstetrics  & gynecology and is also used to check circulation and examine the heart.
Unit Code	Unit Code is a unique identifier for an OS unit, which can be denoted with either an 'O' or an 'N'.
Unit Title	Unit Title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Vertical	Verticals may exist within a sub-sector representing different domain areas or the client industries served by the industry.
X-Ray	A scan that looks through tissues to examine bones, cavities and foreign objects.  X-rays are a type of electromagnetic radiation, just like visible light. An x-ray machine sends individual x-ray particles through the body. The images are recorded on a computer or film.  Structures that are dense (such as bone) will block most of the x- ray particles, and will appear white  Metal and contrast media (special dye used to highlight areas of the body) will also appear white
	<ul> <li>Structures containing air will be black, and muscle, fat, and fluid will appear as shades of grey</li> </ul>

Acronyms

Keywords/Terms	Description
HSSC	Health Sector Skill Council
MHRD	Ministry of Human Resource Development
MRI	Magnetic Resonance Imaging
NOS	National Occupational Standard(s)
NVEQF	National Vocational Education Qualifications Framework
NVQF	National Vocational Qualifications Framework
OS	Occupational Standard(s)
QP	Qualifications Pack
SSC	Sector Skills Council









Comprehend conventional radiological needs of patients

# National Occupational Standards



### **A Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an X-ray Technician to carry out conventional radiological procedures as per the need of the patient.





# NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 0711: Comprehend conventional radiological needs of patients

Unit Code	HSS/ N 0711
Description	This OS unit is about the knowledge, understanding and skills required by an X- ray Technician to carry out conventional radiological procedures as per the need of the patient or a request by physician/treating doctor.
Scope	<ul> <li>This unit/task covers the following:</li> <li>Reading requests or instructions from physicians/ health service providers, taking medical history of the patient, determining needs as per the recommendations for x-ray type, BMD or Mammography</li> </ul>
Performance Criteria (Po	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Patient medical history and interpreting conventional radiological needs	PC1. Explain the subdivisions of anatomy, terms of location and position, fundamental planes, vertebrate structure of man, organisation of the body cells and tissues including:  a. The basics of the cardio vascular system (structure and functions of various parts of the heart, arterial and venous system, brief account on common cardiovascular disorders)  b. The basics of the respiratory system (various parts of respiratory system and their functions, physiology of respiration)  c. The basics of the digestive system (names and various parts of digestive system-liver, spleen, gall bladder, pancreas, buccal cavity, pharynx, oesophagus, stomach, intestine etcphysiology of digestion and absorption)  d. The basics of the urinary system (various parts of urinary system and its function-structure and function of kidneys-physiology of urine formation - pathophysiology of renal disease and oedema)  e. The basics of the reproductive system (physiology and anatomy of male & female reproductive system-prostate & uterus & ovaries etc.)  f. The basics of the musculoskeletal system (classification of bones & joints, structure of skeleton –structure of skeletal muscle – physiology of muscle contraction)  g. The basics of the nervous system (various parts of nervous systembrain and its parts, functions of nervous system - spinal cord & nerves)  h. The basics of the ear, nose, throat and eye (elementary knowledge of structure and functions of organs of taste, smell, hearing, vision)  The basics of the endocrine system (endocrine glands , hormones and functions-thyroid, parathyroid, suprarenal, pituitary, pituitary, pituitary and









#### Comprehend conventional radiological needs of patients

	<ul> <li>I. The basics of the haemopoietic and lymphatic system (name of the blood vessels &amp; lymph gland locations)</li> <li>m. The basics of the surface anatomy &amp; surface markings of human body</li> <li>n. Common cancers and special radiological techniques for diagnosis and The basics of the endocrine system (endocrine glands, hormones and functions-thyroid, parathyroid, suprarenal, pituitary, pituitary and thymus)</li> <li>o. The basics of the haemopoietic and lymphatic system (name of the blood vessels &amp; lymph gland locations)</li> <li>p. The basics of the surface anatomy &amp; surface markings of human body</li> <li>q. Common cancers and special radiological techniques for diagnosis and management of these e.g. Mammography for breast cancer</li> <li>PC2. Explain the pathology of various systems: cardiovascular system, respiratory system, central nervous system, musculoskeletal system, GIT, GUT and reproductive system</li> <li>PC3. Explain the pathology of radiation injury and malignancies</li> <li>PC4. Understand specific requests of physicians with respect to the scans required</li> <li>PC5. Take medical history of the patient and document it as required</li> <li>PC6. Understand and interpret instructions and requirements documented by the physician in the patient's prescription</li> <li>PC7. Determine the radiological diagnostic tests required for the patient based on the physician's prescription and the medical history</li> </ul>
	N. Flan
	derstanding (K)
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	ethical responsibilities, definitions of misconduct and malpractice and handling female patients





B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. Healthy body systems  KB2. Basic principles and practical aspects of x-ray machines  KB3. How to take medical history of the patient and document it as required  KB4. How to interpret instructions and requirements documented by the physician in the patient's prescription  KB5. How to determine the radiological diagnostic tests required for the patient based on the physician's prescription and the medical history
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Write short notes to co-workers and clerical staff to compile information about particular patients, describe unusual pathologies or ask for on-site reference material  SA2. Write brief observations about pathologies that may affect diagnoses on patients' charts as directed by radiologist  SA3. Write descriptions of accidents and incidents on reporting forms when something unusual occurs during patient exams or scanning procedures  SA4. Write memos to advise, inform or direct staff working in other hospital or clinic departments or units  SA5. Complete patients' medical history forms by entering the patients' names, treatments received to date and current medical conditions
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SA6. Read scan instructions in notes attached to patients' files SA7. Read communications about scheduling, training and updates to internal procedures from co-workers, supervisors or hospital administrators SA8. Read protocol updates and hospital policy changes SA9. Read and follow all specified procedures in the multi-page treatment prescriptions prepared by referring physicians, radiologist SA10. Review protocols for scanning and identifying non-routine or atypical pathologies in procedure manuals SA11. Read reports of varying lengths completed by physicians, hospital or clinic administrators and supervising technologists SA12. Read user manuals for various types of radiological equipment in case of faults malfunctioning of scanners or imaging computers
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)









HSS/ N 0711: Comprehend conventional radiological needs of patients

	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA13. Speak to patients to explain protocols for procedures or examinations, obtain information about the patient's status SA14. Speak with reception and clerical staff to determine and confirm the number of appointments for the day, request patient information from files and loggings of appointments for patients requiring additional testing or treatment SA15. Discuss scheduling, treatment room assignments and workload responsibilities with employees and co-workers SA16. Order supplies such as contrast media and radioactive pharmaceuticals from suppliers and hospital dispensaries SA17. Discuss procedural suggestions, equipment malfunctions and personnel problems with the senior technologists, unit or department supervisors or administrative staff SA18. Comfort patients who may be frightened or upset during scanning procedures SA19. Discuss patients' status with nurses, social workers, dieticians or other members of the extended health care team
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Choose the correct film size for the sizes of the areas to be scanned SB2. Decide on a course of action when physicians have requested types of radiographs or scans for patients who cannot be positioned in a typical way SB3. Decide which patients will be processed first when they receive multiple requisitions at the same time, or during emergencies SB4. Decide if examinations can be completed under contraindicative or complicating circumstances
	Plan and Organise
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB5. How to determine the order and priority of work tasks subject to confirmation or approval from supervisors  SB6. How to integrate work plans with those of the extended health care teams  SB7. How to schedule daily work priorities based on the demands of the clinic, laboratory or hospital  SB8. How to schedule patient-load based on emergency or appointment priority
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB9. Comfort patients who may be frightened or upset during scanning procedures  SB10. Liaise with members of the health care team to ensure the needs of the patient are met









HSS/ N 0711: Comprehend conventional radiological needs of patients

Problem Solving
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB11. Indicate important scanning parameters on x-rays or scanned images, such as appropriate spatial or directional indicators when these have been neglected earlier in the process SB12. Recommend alternate scan types/ positions and discuss these with the radiologist when the scan recommended by the physician is not possible or is difficult for the patient SB13. Re-schedule appointments when patients arriving for exams are late or have not taken the necessary pre-appointment measures such as fasting or refraining from taking interfering medications SB14. Troubleshoot radiological equipment when a minor fault occurs
Analytical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB15. Analyse the prescription of the patient and decide on the best position to take the recommended scan SB16. Analyse the scan images to determine ality and clarity SB17. Analyse the inventory of supplies to decide when to place an order to replenish these
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB18. Make preliminary judgements about the seriousness of patients' injuries SB19. Evaluate the quality of radiographs, digital images and scans

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 0711		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	19/11/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	08/04/2016
Occupation	X Ray Technician	Next review Date	07/04/2019



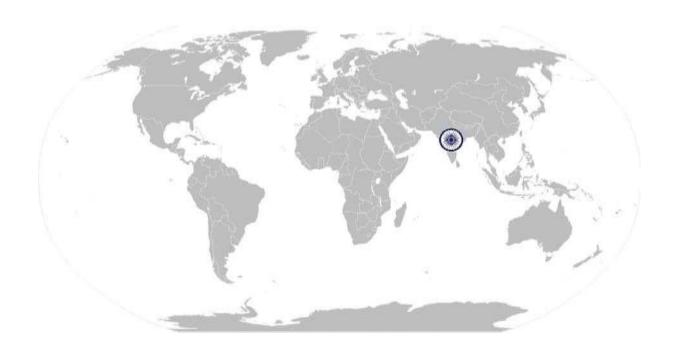






Prepare the patient and the room for Conventional Radiological procedure

# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an X- ray Technician to prepare the patient and the room for carrying out conventional radiological procedure. This includes positioning the patient correctly and taking safety precautions.









HSS/ N 0712: Prepare the patient and the room for Conventional Radiological procedure

1	Unit Code	HSS/ N 0712		
	Unit Title (Task)	Prepare the patient and the room for the procedure		
	Description	This OS unit is about preparing the room and equipment for conventional radiological procedures and positioning the patient according to the prescription		
	Scope	<ul> <li>This unit/task covers the following:</li> <li>Setting up the equipment to be used, ensuring safety precautions to protect self, patients, staff and others from exposure to radiation, positioning of the patient correctly.</li> </ul>		
	Performance Criteria (Po	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
	Element	Performance Criteria		
	Setting up the equipment for images & ensuring safety from radiation to self, coworkers etc.	Performance Criteria  To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:  PC1. Prepare the room, apparatus and instruments for conventional radiological procedures like X-ray, BMD or Mammography PC2. Set up the machine for the desired procedure PC3. Position the patient correctly for an x-ray in the following positions:		









## Prepare the patient and the room for Conventional Radiological procedure

	PC12. Explain the use of protective materials:  a. Lead  b. Lead – impregnated substances  c. Building materials  d. Concept of barriers  e. Lead equivalents and variations  f. Design of x-ray tubes related to protection.  g. Structural shielding design (work-load, use factor, occupancy factor, distance  PC13. Explain the instruments of radiation protection, use of gonad shield and practical methods for reducing radiation dose to the patient  PC14. Ensure protection of self, patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel and the work area
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. Internal procedures and policies with respect to radiological equipment and scans  KA2. Internal procedures and policies on safety precautions to be taken when operating radiological equipment  KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures  KA4. Mandatory regulations on safety and risk mitigation when operating radiological equipment  KA5. Routine basic maintenance procedures for radiological equipment  KA6. How to contact vendors and suppliers for maintenance and repair of radiological equipment  KA7. How to order new supplies based on the inventory policy of the organisation (Clinic, Hospital, Diagnostic centre) with regards to radiological supplies, contrast agents and other materials used in scans  KA8. Documentation required of medical history of patient, procedures undertaken and reports  KA9. Medico-legal considerations for Radiology Technicians including clinical and ethical responsibilities, definitions of misconduct and malpractice and handling female patients  KA10. Penalties for misconduct and malpractice
Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. Various positioning techniques for carrying out conventional radiologic procedures:  a. Erect b. Sitting c. Supine d. Prone e. Lateral f. Decubitus etc.









#### Prepare the patient and the room for Conventional Radiological procedure

/ N 0712:	Prepare the patient and the room for Conventional Radiological procedure
	KB2. The supplies and materials required for taking an X-ray KB3. How to operate radiographic apparatus required for taking an X-ray scan KB4. How to protect self, patients, departmental staff and public from radiation exposure through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel and the work area
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skil	
	SA1. Write short notes to co-workers and clerical staff to compile information about particular patients, describe unusual pathologies or ask for on-site reference material  SA2. Write brief observations about pathologies that may affect diagnoses on patients' charts as directed by radiologist  SA3. Write detailed notes about scans done  SA4. Write descriptions of accidents and incidents on reporting forms when something unusual occurs during patient exams or scanning procedures  SA5. Write memos to advise, inform or direct staff working in other hospital or clinic departments or units  SA6. Complete patients' medical history forms by entering the patients' names,
	treatments received to date and current medical conditions  Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SA7. Read scan instructions in notes attached to patients' files SA8. Read communications about scheduling, training and updates to internal procedures from co-workers, supervisors or hospital administrators SA9. Read protocol updates and hospital policy changes SA10. Read and follow all specified procedures in the multi-page treatment prescriptions prepared by referring physicians SA11. Review protocols for scanning and identifying non-routine or atypical pathologies in procedure manuals SA12. Read reports of varying lengths completed by physicians, hospital or clinic administrators and supervising technologists SA13. Read user manuals for various types of radiological equipment when troubleshooting faults with scanners or imaging computers
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA14. Speak to patients to explain protocols for procedures or examinations, obtain information about the patient's status and discuss current diagnoses and treatment options









#### Prepare the patient and the room for Conventional Radiological procedure

/ N 0712: Prep	pare the patient and the room for Conventional Radiological procedure		
	SA15. Speak with reception and clerical staff to determine and confirm the number of appointments for the day, request patient information from files and loggings of appointments for patients requiring additional testing or treatment  SA16. Discuss scheduling, treatment room assignments and workload responsibilities with employees and co-workers  SA17. Discuss procedural suggestions, equipment malfunctions and personnel problems with the senior technologists, unit or department supervisors or administrative staff  SA18. Comfort patients who may be frightened or upset during scanning procedures SA19. Discuss patients' status with nurses, social workers, dieticians or other members of the extended health care team		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB1. Decide the supplies and materials required for the procedure SB2. Choose the correct film size for the sizes of the areas to be scanned SB3. Decide on a course of action when physicians have requested types of radiographs or scans for patients who cannot be positioned in a typical way SB4. Decide which patients will be processed first when they receive multiple requisitions at the same time, or during emergencies SB5. Decide if examinations can be completed under contraindicative or complicating circumstances  Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB6. How to determine the order and priority of work tasks subject to confirmation or approval from supervisors SB7. How to integrate work plans with those of the extended health care teams SB8. How to schedule daily work priorities based on the demands of the clinic, laboratory or hospital SB9. How to schedule patient-load based on emergency or appointment priority  Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB10. Comfort patients who may be frightened or upset during scanning procedures SB11. Liaise with members of the extended health care team to ensure the needs of the patient are taken care of		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB12. Indicate important scanning parameters on x-rays or scanned images, such as appropriate spatial or directional indicators when these have been neglected earlier in the process		









## Prepare the patient and the room for Conventional Radiological procedure

SB13.	Recommend alternate scan types/ positions and discuss these with the radiologist when the scan recommended by the physician is not possible or is difficult for the patient
SB14.	Re-schedule appointments when patients arriving for exams are late or have not taken the necessary pre-appointment measures such as fasting or refraining from taking interfering medications
SB15.	Troubleshoot radiological equipment when a minor fault occurs
Analyti	ical Thinking
The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB16.	Analyse the prescription of the patient and decide on the best position to take the recommended scan
SB17.	Analyse the scan images to determine quality and clarity
SB18.	Analyse the inventory of supplies to decide when to place an order to
	replenish these
-1864 S	
Critical	Thinking
The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB19.	Make preliminary judgements about the seriousness of patients' injuries
SB20.	Evaluate the quality of radiographs, digital images and scans in terms of colour and contrast

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 0712		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	19/11/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	08/04/2016
Occupation	X ray Technician	Next review date	07/04/2019









Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological equipment

# National Occupational Standards



# **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an X- ray Technician to operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological equipment to perform scans prescribed for patients.









#### Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological equipment

Unit Code	HSS/ N 0713  Operate and oversee operation of radiologic equipment		
Unit Title			
Description Scope	<ul> <li>This OS unit is about operating and overseeing operation of conventional radiological equipment to perform the scans as per patients prescription</li> <li>This unit/task covers the following:</li> <li>Selecting and performing basic views and conventional studies using appropriate radiographic parameters and equipment, selecting and performing contrast studies using appropriate radiographic parameters and equipment under guidance of radiologist, carrying out routine procedures for troubleshooting and maintenance of imaging and processing systems.</li> </ul>		
Performance Criteria (			
Element	Performance Criteria		
<ul> <li>Performing basic views and conventional studies using appropriate radiographic parameters and equipment &amp; troubleshooting and maintenance of imaging and processing systems.</li> </ul>	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Describe the construction and operation of general radiographic equipment PC2. Reliably perform all non-contrast plain Radiography, and contrast radiography in special situations PC3. Apply quality control procedures for all radiologic equipment PC4. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality PC5. Practice the procedures employed in producing a radiographic image PC6. Describe methods of measuring exposure and doses of radiographic beams PC7. Discuss and apply radiation protection principles and codes of practice PC8. Demonstrate an understanding of processing of images in digital form and be familiar with recent advances in imaging PC9. Set up the X-ray machine for the procedure PC10. Carry out routine procedures associated with maintenance of imaging and processing systems PC11. Ensure protection of patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel and the work area		

**Knowledge and Understanding (K)** 









#### Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological equipment

A. Organisational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	KA1. Internal procedures and policies with respect to radiological equipment and
(Knowledge of	scans
the	KA2. Internal procedures and policies on safety precautions to be taken when
Healthcare operating radiological equipment	
	KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures
provider/	KA4. Mandatory regulations on safety and risk mitigation when operating
Organisation	radiological equipment
and its	KA5. Routine basic maintenance procedures for radiological equipment
processes)	KA6. How to contact vendors and suppliers for maintenance and repair of radiological equipment
	KA7. How to order new supplies based on the inventory policy of the organisation
	( Clinic, Hospital, Diagnostic centre) with regards to radiological supplies,
	contrast agents and other materials used in scans
	KA8. Documentation required of medical history of patient, procedures undertaken
	and reports
	KA9. Medico-legal considerations for Radiology Technicians including clinical and
	ethical responsibilities, definitions of misconduct and malpractice and handling
	female patients
	KA10. Penalties for misconduct and malpractice
Knowledge	KB1. The basic principles essential for operation of an X-ray machine:  a. X-Ray and related equipment b. Main electric supply and distribution c. Diagnostic X-Ray circuits/Exposure timers/AEC etc. d. Specialized X-Ray generators - high frequency/shared e. Cassettes/construction/types/care f. Grid/construction/types/uses g. Intensifying screens/construction/type/care/uses h. Film/construction/type i. Diagnostic X-Ray tubes (past/present/future) j. Tube rating and tube supports k. X-Ray tables/bucky/bucky stands l. X-Ray films and film processing m. Image characteristics n. Quality assurance o. Presentation and viewing of radiographs  KB2. The pathology of various systems: cardiovascular system, respiratory system, central nervous system, musculoskeletal system, gastro-intestinal tract and reproductive system  KB3. Basic principles and practical aspects of x-ray machines
Skills (S)	
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A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills









#### Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological equipment

Generic	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
Skills	SA1. Write short notes to co-workers and clerical staff to compile information about particular patients, describe unusual pathologies or ask for on-site reference material  SA2. Write brief observations about pathologies that may affect diagnoses on patients' charts as directed by radiologist  SA3. Write detailed notes about scans done  SA4. Write descriptions of accidents and incidents on reporting forms when something unusual occurs during patient exams or scanning procedures  SA5. Write memos to advise, inform or direct staff working in other hospital or clinic departments or units
	SA6. Complete patients' medical history forms by entering the patients' names, treatments received to date and current medical conditions
	Reading Skills
	<ul> <li>SA7. Read scan instructions in notes attached to patients' files</li> <li>SA8. Read communications about scheduling, training and updates to internal procedures from co-workers, supervisors or hospital administrators</li> <li>SA9. Read protocol updates and hospital policy changes</li> <li>SA10. Read and follow all specified procedures in the multi-page treatment prescriptions prepared by referring physicians</li> <li>SA11. Review protocols for scanning and identifying non-routine or atypical</li> </ul>
	pathologies in procedure manuals  SA12. Read reports of varying lengths completed by physicians, hospital or clinic administrators and supervising technologists  SA13. Read user manuals for various types of radiological equipment when troubleshooting faults with scanners or imaging computers

**Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)** 









#### Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological equipment

	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA14. Speak to patients to explain protocols for procedures or examinations,		
	obtain information about the patient's status and discuss current		
	diagnoses and treatment options		
	SA15. Speak with reception and clerical staff to determine and confirm the number of appointments for the day, request patient information from		
	files and loggings of appointments for patients requiring additional		
	testing or treatment		
	SA16. Discuss scheduling, treatment room assignments and workload		
	responsibilities with employees and co-workers		
	SA17. Discuss procedural suggestions, equipment malfunctions and personnel		
	problems with the senior technologists, unit or department supervisors		
	or administrative staff		
	SA18. Comfort patients who may be frightened or upset during scanning		
	procedures SA19. Discuss patients' status with nurses, social		
	workers, dieticians or other members of the extended health care		
	team		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Choose the correct film size for the sizes of the areas to be scanned		
	SB2. Decide on a course of action when physicians have requested types of		
	radiographs or scans for patients who cannot be positioned in a typical way		
	SB3. Decide which patients will be processed first when they receive multiple		
	requisitions at the same time, or during emergencies		
	SB4. Decide if examinations can be completed under contraindicative or		
	complicating circumstances		
	Plan and Organise		









#### Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological equipment

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:

- SB5. How to determine the order and priority of work tasks subject to confirmation or approval from supervisors
- SB6. How to integrate work plans with those of the extended health care team SB7. How to schedule daily work priorities based on the demands of the clinic, laboratory or hospital
- SB8. How to schedule patient-load based on emergency or appointment priority

#### **Customer Centricity**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB9. Comfort patients who may be frightened or upset during scanning procedures
- SB10. Liaise with members of the extended health care team to ensure the needs of the patient are met

#### **Problem Solving**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB11. Indicate important scanning parameters on x-rays or scanned images, such as appropriate spatial or directional indicators when these have been neglected earlier in the process
- SB12. Recommend alternate scan types/ positions and discuss these with the radiologist when the scan recommended by the physician is not possible or is difficult for the patient
- SB13. Re-schedule appointments when patients arriving for exams are late or have not taken the necessary pre-appointment measures such as fasting or refraining from taking interfering medications
- SB14. Troubleshoot radiological equipment when a minor fault occurs

#### **Analytical Thinking**









#### Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological equipment

	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB15. Analyse the prescription of the patient and decide on the best position to take the recommended scan
	SB16. Analyse the scan images to determine quality and clarity SB17. Analyse the inventory of supplies to decide when to place an order to
	replenish these
_	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB18. Make preliminary judgements about the seriousness of patients' injuries
	SB19. Evaluate the quality of radiographs, digital images and scans

# **NOS Version Control**











Process X-ray films/ Images

# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an X- ray Technician to process X-ray films/ Images



# **National Occupational Standards**





\_\_\_\_HSS/

N 0714: Process X-ray films/ Images					
Unit Code	HSS/ N 0714				
Unit Title	Process radiographic images				
(Task)	Process radiographic images				
Description	This OS unit is about processing of X-ray films/ Images				
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Processing X-ray films/ Images & Carrying out quality control tests on images obtained				
Performance Criteria (P	C) w.r.t. the Scope				
Element	Performance Criteria				
Processing     X-ray films     & carry     out quality     control     tests on     images     obtained	<ul> <li>To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:</li> <li>PC1. Explain the principles of conventional radiographic imaging</li> <li>PC2. Apply knowledge of conventional radiographic imaging to the production of radiographs and the assessment of image quality</li> <li>PC3. Understand the construction and operation of image processing equipment</li> <li>PC4. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality</li> <li>PC5. Perform X-ray film / image processing techniques (including dark room techniques)</li> <li>PC6. Explain and implement the fundamental concepts and applications of processing of images in digital form using computer based systems</li> <li>PC7. Carry out quality control for automatic film processing, evaluate and act on results</li> </ul>				
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)				
A. Organisational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
Context (Knowledge of the	KA1. Internal procedures and policies with respect to radiological equipment and scans				
Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>KA2. Internal procedures and policies on safety precautions to be taken when operating conventional radiological equipment</li> <li>KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures</li> <li>KA4. Mandatory regulations on safety and risk mitigation when operating radiological equipment</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>KA5. Routine basic maintenance procedures for radiological equipment</li> <li>KA6. How to contact vendors and suppliers for maintenance and repair of radiological equipment</li> <li>KA7. Inventory policy of the organisation with regard to radiological supplies,</li> </ul>				
	contrast agents and other materials used in scans  KA8. How to order new supplies  KA9. Documentation required of medical history of patient, procedures undertaken and reports				

KA10. Medico-legal considerations for Radiology Technicians including clinical and









HSS/ N 0714: Process X-ray films/ Images

	ethical responsibilities, definitions of misconduct and malpractice and handling female patients  KA11. Penalties for misconduct and malpractice		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. The equipment for processing X-ray images:  a. X-ray Films and X-ray cassettes  b. Intensifying screens  c. X-ray films types structure & quality – choosing films for different studies  d. Dry & wet processing  e. film processing methods - manual and automatic processing of conventional & modern images  f. types & maintenance of processing rooms and image processing equipment  g. systems advantages & disadvantages of day light systems  h. Typical processing faults  i. Production of best quality images in glossy prints and paper prints etc.  j. Uses of intensifying screen, fluorescence and structure of intensifying screens  KB2. Functions of equipment used for film processing:  a. Functions of various components  b. Film roller transport - transport time, film feed system,  c. Importance and relation to temp, fixed and variable time cycles.  d. Care and maintenance (cleaning routine and methods of cleaning)		









#### Process X-ray films/ Images

N 0714.	Process A-ray minsy images				
	KB3. Functions and fundamentals of a Dark Room				
	a. Setting up the processing area				
	b. Dark room design, construction, illumination, entrance safe lighting -				
	types				
	c. Storage, shelving of films				
	d. Cleaning and maintenance				
	KB4. Techniques and principles of Film Processing				
	a. Principles of Acidity, alkalinity, pH, the processing cycle, development,				
	developer solution				
	·				
	b. Principles of Fixing, fixer solution, washing, drying replenishment,				
	checking and adjusting				
	c. Replenishment rates, manual and automatic processing				
	d. Silver recovery				
	e. Auto and manual chemicals				
	KB5. Fundamentals of X-Ray film and Image processing				
	a. Composition of single and double coated radiographic films, structure				
	of emulsion, film characteristics (speed, base + fog, gamma, latitude)				
	b. Effect of grain size on film response to exposure, interpretation of				
	characteristics curve				
	c. Latent image formation; process of film developing (composition of				
	fixer, developer and other processing solution)				
	d. Common errors and faults while processing (densitometry), automatic				
	processing (processing cycle), developer replenishment, silver				
	recovery and economics				
	e. Image intensifiers and cassettes (structure and function)				
	f. Types of image intensifiers and relative advantage				
	Table 1 Table				
	g. Loading and unloading of cassettes and their care/maintenance h. Effects of kV and mA on variation of emitted radiation intensity,				
	determination of relative speeds, film contrast, film screen contact				
	i. Film storage, handling				
	KB6. Factors affecting Image Quality				
	a. Meaning of radiographic image contrast, density, resolution, sharpness,				
	magnification and distortion of image, noise and blur				
	b. Radiographic illuminators and viewing conditions, visual acuity and				
	resolution				
	c. Quality assurance of the related equipment and its benefits with respect				
	to visual assessment				
	1				









#### Process X-ray films/ Images

Skills (S)					
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills				
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA1. Write short notes to co-workers and clerical staff to compile information about particular patients, describe unusual pathologies or ask for on-site reference material  SA2. Write brief observations about pathologies that may affect diagnoses on				
	patients' charts as directed by radiologist SA3. Write descriptions of accidents and incidents on reporting forms when				
	something unusual occurs during patient exams or scanning procedures  SA4. Write memos to advise, inform or direct staff working in other hospital or clinic departments or units				
	SA5. Complete patients' medical history forms by entering the patients' names, treatments received to date and current medical conditions				
	Reading Skills				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SA6. Read scan instructions in notes attached to patients' files  SA7. Read communications about scheduling, training and updates to internal procedures from co-workers, supervisors or hospital administrators  SA8. Read protocol updates and hospital policy changes  SA9. Read and follow all specified procedures in the multi-page treatment prescriptions prepared by referring physicians  SA10. Review protocols for scanning and identifying non-routine or atypical pathologies in procedure manuals  SA11. Read reports of varying lengths completed by physicians, hospital or clinic administrators and supervising technologists  SA12. Read user manuals for various types of radiological equipment when troubleshooting faults with scanners or imaging computers				









## Process X-ray films/ Images

	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA13. Speak to patients to explain protocols for procedures or examinations, obtain information about the patient's status and discuss current diagnoses and treatment options				
	SA14. Speak with reception and clerical staff to determine and confirm the number of appointments for the day, request patient information from files and loggings of appointments for patients requiring additional testing or treatment				
	SA15. Discuss scheduling, treatment room assignments and workload responsibilities with employees and co-workers				
	SA16. Order supplies such as contrast media and radioactive pharmaceuticals from suppliers and hospital dispensaries				
	SA17. Discuss procedural suggestions, equipment malfunctions and personnel problems with the senior technologists, unit or department supervisors or				
	administrative staff SA18. Comfort patients who may be frightened or upset during scanning procedures				
	SA19. Discuss patients' status with nurses, social workers, dieticians or other members of the extended health care team				
B. Professional Skills	Design Making				
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SP1 Decide the supplies and materials required for the procedure				
	SB1. Decide the supplies and materials required for the procedure SB2. Choose the correct film size for the sizes of the areas to be scanned				
	SB3. Decide on a course of action when physicians have requested types of				
	radiographs or scans for patients who cannot be positioned in a typical way  SB4. Decide which patients will be processed first when they receive multiple				
	requisitions at the same time, or during emergencies  SB5. Decide if examinations can be completed under contraindicative or complicating circumstances				
	Plan and Organise				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
	SB6. How to determine the order and priority of work tasks subject to confirmation or approval from supervisors				
	SB7. How to integrate work plans with those of the extended health care teams				
	SB8. How to schedule daily work priorities based on the demands of the clinic,				
	laboratory or hospital				
	SB9. How to schedule patient-load based on emergency or appointment priority				
	Customer Centricity				









#### Process X-ray films/ Images

. 0714: 	Process X-ray films/ Images			
	SB10. Comfort patients who may be frightened or upset during scanning procedures SB11. Liaise with members of the extended health care team to ensure the needs of the patient are taken care of			
	Problem Solving			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB12. Indicate important scanning parameters on x-rays or scanned images, such as appropriate spatial or directional indicators when these have been neglected earlier in the process			
	SB13. Recommend alternate scan types/ positions and discuss these with the radiologist when the scan recommended by the physician is not possible or is difficult for the patient			
	SB14. Re-schedule appointments when patients arriving for exams are late or have not taken the necessary pre-appointment measures such as fasting or refraining from taking interfering medications			
	SB15. Troubleshoot radiological equipment when a minor fault occurs			
	Analytical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB16. Analyse the prescription of the patient and decide on the best position to take the recommended scan			
	SB17. Analyse the scan images to determine quality and clarity SB18. Analyse the inventory of supplies to decide when to place an order to replenish these			
	Critical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB19. Make preliminary judgements about the seriousness of patients' injuries SB20. Evaluate the quality of radiographs, digital images and scans			

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 0714		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	19/11/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	08/04/2016
Occupation	X ray Technician	Next review Date	07/04/2019









S/ N 0715: Prepare and document conventional radiological reports

# National Occupational Standards



#### **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an X- ray Technician to prepare and document reports of scans under guidance of Radiologist.



# NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 0715: Prepare and document conventional radiological reports

	HSS/ N 0715				
Unit Title					
(Task)	Prepare and document reports				
Description	This OS unit is about taking the advice of a Radiologist on images obtained from scans and preparing a report for the patient and updating relevant document				
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:				
	<ul> <li>Taking the advice of a radiologist on the scans performed, preparing reports for patient duly checked and signed by radiologist along with relevant documents &amp; updating the same as per advice of Radiologist</li> </ul>				
Performance Criteria	PC) w.r.t. the Scope				
Element	Performance Criteria				
Prepare     draft	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:				
reports	PC1. Correctly identify anatomical features on the radiographs and identity some				
after	major pathological and traumatic conditions				
seeking 7	PC2. Seek the advice of the Radiologist on conditions identified				
advice of a	PC3. Document the comments and diagnosis of the Radiologist in a report for the				
radiologist	patient				
Ko aviladas and Huda	PC4. Maintaining the patient record				
Knowledge and Unde	No. 10 Marie Security				
A. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
(Knowledge of the Healthcare	KA1. Internal procedures and policies with respect to radiological equipment and scans				
provider/	KA2. Internal procedures and policies on safety precautions to be taken when operating radiological equipment				
Organisation and	operating radiological equipment  KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures				
•	operating radiological equipment				
Organisation and	operating radiological equipment  KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures  KA4. Mandatory regulations on safety and risk mitigation when operating				
Organisation and	operating radiological equipment  KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures  KA4. Mandatory regulations on safety and risk mitigation when operating radiological equipment				
Organisation and	operating radiological equipment  KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures  KA4. Mandatory regulations on safety and risk mitigation when operating radiological equipment  KA5. Routine basic maintenance procedures for radiological equipment  KA6. How to contact vendors and suppliers for maintenance and repair of radiological equipment  KA7. Inventory policy of the organisation with regard to radiological supplies,				
Organisation and	operating radiological equipment  KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures  KA4. Mandatory regulations on safety and risk mitigation when operating radiological equipment  KA5. Routine basic maintenance procedures for radiological equipment  KA6. How to contact vendors and suppliers for maintenance and repair of radiological equipment				
Organisation and	operating radiological equipment  KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures  KA4. Mandatory regulations on safety and risk mitigation when operating radiological equipment  KA5. Routine basic maintenance procedures for radiological equipment  KA6. How to contact vendors and suppliers for maintenance and repair of radiological equipment  KA7. Inventory policy of the organisation with regard to radiological supplies, contrast agents and other materials used in scans  KA8. How to order new supplies  KA9. Documentation required of medical history of patient, procedures				
Organisation and	operating radiological equipment  KA3. Administrative policies and disciplinary procedures  KA4. Mandatory regulations on safety and risk mitigation when operating radiological equipment  KA5. Routine basic maintenance procedures for radiological equipment  KA6. How to contact vendors and suppliers for maintenance and repair of radiological equipment  KA7. Inventory policy of the organisation with regard to radiological supplies, contrast agents and other materials used in scans  KA8. How to order new supplies				









HSS/ N 0715: Prepare and document conventional radiological reports

B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
Knowledge					
	KB1. The anatomical features on the radiographs				
	KB2. How to identity major pathological and traumatic conditions				
	KB3. Common emergency conditions in radiography like:				
	Misplaced nasogastric tube/endotracheal (E-T) tube/central venous catheter				
	Simple/tension pneumothorax				
	Pleural effusion				
	Lung/lobar collapse				
	Lung consolidation				
	Heart failure				
	Foreign body				
	Pneumoperitoneum (on erect CXR)				
	Small/Large bowel obstruction				
	Bone fractures				
	Joint dislocation				
	Joint effusion				
	Lipohaemarthrosis				
	KB4. How to seek the opinion of the radiologist on the scan images/ radiographs				
	produced				
	KB5. How to document the comments and dagposis of the radiologist in a report				
	KB6. How to adhere to standards and formats prescribed for reports				
	KB7. How to explain the report contents to the patient if required				
	KB8. How to maintain and retrieve patient records				
	NBO. The to maintain and retrieve patient records				
Skills (S)					
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills				
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA1. Write short notes to co-workers and clerical staff to compile information				
	about particular patients, describe unusual pathologies or ask for on-site				
	reference material				
	SA2. Write brief observations about pathologies that may affect diagnoses on				
	patients' charts as directed by radiologist				
	SA3. Write descriptions of accidents and incidents on reporting forms when				
	something unusual occurs during patient exams or scanning procedures				
	SA4. Write memos to advise, inform or direct staff working in other hospital or clinic departments or units				
	SA5. Complete patients' medical history forms by entering the patients' names,				
	treatments received to date and current medical conditions				
	Reading Skills				









#### Prepare and document conventional radiological reports

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
SA6. Read scan instructions in notes attached to patients' files SA7. Read communications about scheduling, training and updates to internal				
procedures from co-workers, supervisors or hospital administrators				
SA8. Read protocol updates and hospital policy changes				
SA9. Read and follow all specified procedures in the multi-page treatment prescriptions prepared by referring physicians				
SA10. Review protocols for scanning and identifying non-routine or atypical				
pathologies in procedure manuals				
SA11. Read reports of varying lengths completed by physicians, hospital or clinic administrators and supervising technologists				
SA12. Read user manuals for various types of radiological equipment when				
troubleshooting faults with scanners or imaging computers				
Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)				
SA13. Speak to patients to explain protocols for procedures or examinations, obtain information about the patient's status and discuss current diagnoses and treatment options  SA14. Speak with reception and clerical staff to determine and confirm the number of				
Decision Making				
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
SB1. Decide the supplies and materials required for the procedure				
Plan and Organise				
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
SB6. How to determine the order and priority of work tasks subject to confirmation				
Customer Centricity				
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
SB10. Comfort patients who may be frightened or upset during scanning procedures				
Problem Solving				









#### Prepare and document conventional radiological reports

	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB12. Indicate important scanning parameters on x-rays or scanned images, such as appropriate spatial or directional indicators when these have been neglected earlier in the process SB13. Recommend alternate scan types/ positions and discuss these with the radiologist when the scan recommended by the physician is not possible or is difficult for the patient SB14. Re-schedule appointments when patients arriving for exams are late or have not taken the necessary pre-appointment measures such as fasting or refraining from taking interfering medications SB15. Troubleshoot radiological equipment when a minor fault occurs			
1	Analytical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB16. Analyse the prescription of the patient and decide on the best position to take the recommended scan			
	SB17. Analyse the scan images to determine quality and clarity			
	SB18. Analyse the inventory of supplies to decide when to place an order to replenish these			
	Critical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB19. Make preliminary judgements about the seriousness of patients' injuries			
	SB20. Evaluate the quality of radiographs, digital images and scans			

# **NOS version control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 0715		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
	Health		19/11/2015
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	08/04/2016
Occupation	X Ray Technician	Next review Date	07/04/2019



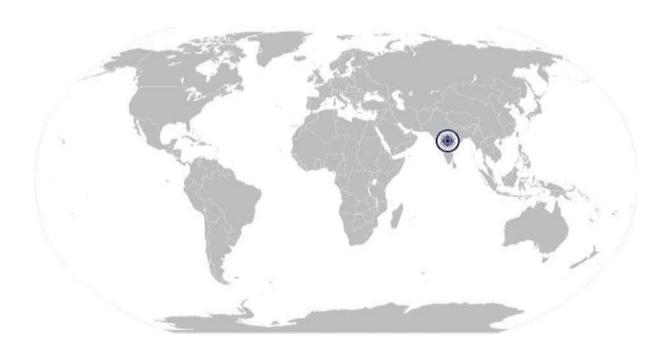






SS/ N 9614: Recognize Healthy body systems

# National Occupational Standards



# **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an X- ray Technician to work with basic information about the human body and to recognize and promote ways to maintain healthy functioning of the body.









HSS/ N 9614:

#### Recognize Healthy body systems

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9614		
Unit Title (Task)	Recognize Healthy body systems		
Description	This OS unit describes the skills and knowledge required to work with basic information about the human body and to recognize and promote ways to maintain heathy functioning of the body.		
Scope	<ul> <li>This unit/task covers the following:</li> <li>Work with information about the human body &amp; recognize and promote the ways to support healthy functioning of the body.</li> </ul>		
Performance Criteria	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
<ul> <li>Human body structure and support for healthy body functioning</li> </ul>	PC1. Correctly use and interpret the medical terminology that describes		
Knowledge and Unde			
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. The use &amp; interpretation of his/her knowledge as per organizational policies and procedures</li> <li>KA2. Guidelines on communicating with individuals</li> <li>KA3. Guidelines on maintaining confidentiality and respecting need for privacy</li> <li>KA4. Guidelines of the organization/ health provider on communicating with individuals and patients</li> </ul>		









HSS/ N 9614:

# Recognize Healthy body systems

	The second of th		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	KB1. Basic structure and function of the body system and associated component including –  • Cells, tissue & organ • Cardiovascular system • Respiratory System • Musculoskeletal system • Endocrine system • Digestive system • Urinary system • Reproductive system • Integumentary system • Lymphatic system • Nervous system including sensory system- Eye & ears • Special senses – smell, taste, visual and equilibrium & Hearing • Immune system  KB2. Process, condition & resources required by the body to support healthy functioning • Body regulation including maintenance of body temperature, fluid & electrolyte balance, elimination of body wastes, maintenance of blood pressure • Protection form infection • Active & Passive physical activities		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Maintain any records required after the interaction		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of training		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA4. Speak at least one local language		
	SA5. Communicate effectively with all individuals		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		









HSS/ N 9614:

#### **Recognize Healthy body systems**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB1. Make decisions on information to be communicated based on needs of the individual and various regulations and guidelines

#### **Plan and Organise**

Not applicable

#### **Customer Centricity**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB2. Be responsive to problems of the individuals
- SB3. Be available to guide, counsel and help individuals when required
- SB4. Be patient and non-judgmental at all times

#### **Problem Solving**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB5. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and duties

#### **Analytical Thinking**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB6. Analyze, use & interpret information regarding patients anatomy & physiology

#### **Critical Thinking**

Not applicable

#### **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9614		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/2013
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/11/2015
Occupation		Next review Date	19/11/2017



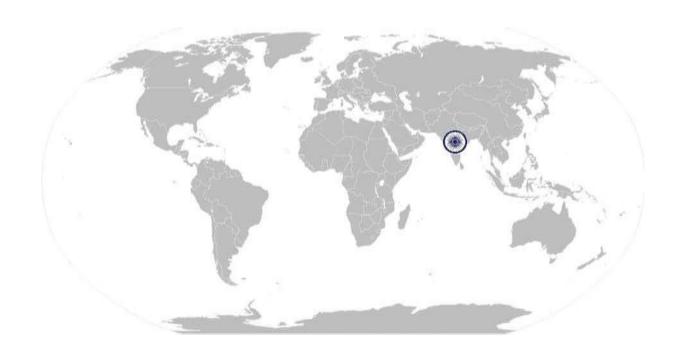






HSS/ N 9601: Collate and Communicate Health Information

# National Occupational Standards



# **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an Allied Health Professional to collate and communicate health related information.



# NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9601: Collate and Communicate Health Information

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9601		
Unit Title (Task)	Collate and Communicate Health Information		
Description	This OS unit is about collating and communicating health information to community members, their family or others in response to queries or as part of health advice and counselling. This OS unit applies to all allied health professionals required to communicate health related information to patients, individuals, families and others  This unit/task covers the following:  Communicating with individuals, patients, their family and others about health issues		
Scope			
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Communicating with patient and their care givers about health issues	PC1. Respond to queries and information needs of all individuals PC2. Communicate effectively with all individuals regardless of age, caste, gender, community or other characteristics PC3. Communicate with individuals at a pace and level fitting their understanding, without using terminology unfamiliar to them PC4. Utilise all training and information at one's disposal to provide relevant information to the individual PC5. Confirm that the needs of the individual have been met PC6. Adhere to guidelines provided by one's organisation or regulatory body relating to confidentiality PC7. Respect the individual's need for privacy PC8. Maintain any records required at the end of the interaction		
Knowledge and Unders			
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. Guidelines on communicating with individuals</li> <li>KA2. Guidelines on maintaining confidentiality and respecting need for privacy</li> <li>KA3. Guidelines of the organisation/ health provider on communicating with individuals and patients</li> </ul>		









### **Collate and Communicate Health Information**

3. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge	The daely individual on the job needs to know and understand.		
Miowicuge	KB1. How to communicate effectively		
	KB2. When to ask for assistance when situations are beyond one's competence		
	and authority		
	KB3. How to maintain confidentiality and to respect an individual's need for		
	privacy		
	KB4. How to ensure that all information provided to individuals is from reliable		
	sources		
	KB5. How to handle stressful or risky situations when communicating with		
	individuals		
	KB6. Difficulties that can occur when communicating with individuals and family		
	members in stressful situations and how to manage these		
skills (S) ( <u>Optional</u> )			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
Generic Skills	The dady individual on the job needs to know and understand now to.		
	SA1. Write at least one local/official language used in the local community		
	SA2. Maintain any records required after the interaction		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of training		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
-	The constant is dividual on the sink on and the longer and on degree and heavy to		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA4. Speak at least one local language		
	SA5. Communicate effectively with all individuals		
	3/3. Communicate effectively with an individuals		
3. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	The aself maintain on the job freeds to know and understand now to.		
	SB1. Make decisions on information to be communicated based on needs of the		
	individual and various regulations and guidelines		
	Plan and Organise		









#### **Collate and Communicate Health Information**

Customer Centricity	
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
SB2. Be responsive to problems of the individuals	
SB3. Be available to guide, counsel and help individuals when required	
SB4. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times	
Problem Solving	
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB5. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and duties	
Analytical Thinking	
Not applicable	
Critical Thinking	
Not applicable	

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9601		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/11/15
		Next review date	19/11/17



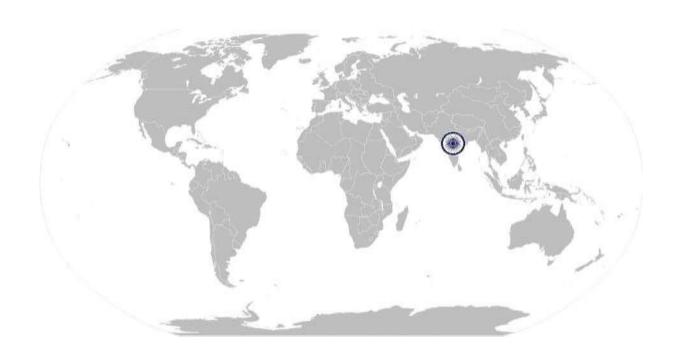






Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies

# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an allied health professional to ensure adequate availability of diagnostic kits, primary care medicines, treatment and other medical supplies at all times.



NOS

National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9602: Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9602  Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies		
Unit Title (Task)			
Description	This OS unit is about ensuring availability of medical and diagnostic supplies to meet actual and anticipated demand. This OS unit is applicable to all allied health professionals required to maintain a supply of medical or diagnostic materials  This unit/task covers the following:  • Anticipating demand and ensuring availability of adequate medical and diagnostic supplies		
Scope			
Performance Criteria (P	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
<ul> <li>Medical &amp; Diagnostic supplies management</li> </ul>	PC1. Maintain adequate supplies of medical and diagnostic supplies PC2. Arrive at actual demand as accurately as possible PC3. Anticipate future demand based on internal, external and other contributing factors as accurately as possible PC4. Handle situations of stock-outs or unavailability of stocks without compromising health needs of patients/ individuals		
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)		
B. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. Centres for restocking supplies  KA2. Guidelines on anticipating demand for medical and diagnostic supplies  KA3. Contents of all diagnostic and medical kits  KA4. Guidelines on procurement and storage of medical and diagnostic kits		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. How to arrive at actual demand for medical and diagnostic supplies  KB2. How to anticipate demand  KB3. How to maintain/ safely store existing supplies  KB4. How to maintain records of available supplies  KB5. How to request additional supplies		









#### Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies

Ski	Skills (S)			
C.	Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
	Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
		SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community		
		SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate		
		SA3. Record availability of supplies SA4. Provide written requests for additional supplies when required		
		3A4. Provide writter requests for additional supplies when required		
		Reading Skills		
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
		SA5. Read well enough to be classified as literate		
		SA6. Read records and registers for medical supplies		
		SA7. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of training for ordering or		
		maintaining supplies		
		7-3		
		Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and onderstand how to:		
		SA8. Speak at least one local language		
		SA9. Communicate effectively to request additional supplies when required		
D.	Professional Skills	Decision Making		
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
		SB1. Decide on the level of anticipated demand		
		SB2. Decide when to procure additional supplies		
		SB3. Decide quantities of medical supplies to request		
		Plan and Organise		
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
		SB4. How to plan availability of medical supplies		
		SB5. How to place requests for supplies ahead of time in order to have adequate		
		supplies at all times		
		Customer Centricity		
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
		SB6. Cater to the need of patients/ individuals for specific medical supplies		
		Problem Solving		









HSS/ N 9602: Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB7. Handle non-availability of medical supplies or diagnostic kits when required
Analytical Thinking
Not applicable
Critical Thinking
Not applicable

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9602		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/11/15
	<u>.</u>	Next review date	19/11/17









Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

# National Occupational Standards



# **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to recognise the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines



# NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9603:

**Unit Code** 

### Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

HSS/ N 9603

Unit Title (Task)	Act within the limits of one's competence and authority		
Description	This OS unit is about recognising the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines  This is applicable to all Allied Health Professionals working in an organised, regulated environment		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Acting within the limit of one's competence and authority;  • Knowing one's job role  • Knowing one's job responsibility  • Recognising the job role and responsibilities of co workers  Reference: 'This National Occupational Standard is from the UK Skills for Health suite [SFHGEN63, Act within the limits of your competence and authority] It has been tailored to apply to healthcare in India and has been reproduced with their permission'.		
Performance Criteria (Pe	C) wrt The Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Acting within the limit of one's competence and authority	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements		
Knowledge and Underst			
A. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		









### Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

(Knowledge of the Healthcare	KA1. The relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the organisation		
provider/			
Organisation and	KA2. The medical procedures and functioning of required medical equipment		
_	KA3. Role and importance of assisting other healthcare providers in delivering care		
its processes)			
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	KB1. The boundaries of one's role and responsibilities and other team members		
	KB2. The reasons for working within the limits of one's competence and authority		
	KB3. The importance of personally promoting and demonstrating good practice		
	KB4. The legislation, protocols and guidelines effecting one's work		
	KB5. The organisational systems and requirements relevant to one's role		
	KB6. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an awareness of		
	research and developments in one's area of work		
	KB7. The difference between direct and indirect supervision and autonomous		
	practice, and which combination is most applicable in different circumstances		
	KB8. The risks to quality and safety arising from:		
	<ul> <li>Working outside the boundaries of competence and authority</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Not keeping up to date with best practice</li> </ul>		
	o Poor communication		
	<ul> <li>Insufficient support</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Lack of resources</li> </ul>		
	KB9. The importance of individual or team compliance with legislation, protocols,		
	and guidelines and organisational systems and requirements		
	KB10. How to Report and minimise risks		
	KB11. The principle of meeting the organisation's needs, and how this should enable		
	one to recognise one's own limitations and when one should seek support from		
	others		
	KB12. The processes by which improvements to protocols/guidelines and		
	organisational systems/requirements should be reported		
	KB13. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs for		
	oneself and/or others within one's organisation		
	KB14. The actions that can be taken to ensure a current, clear and accurate		
	understanding of roles and responsibilities is maintained, and how this affects		
	the way one work as an individual or part of a team		
Skills (S)	the way one work as an individual or part of a team		
Skills (3)			
A. Core Skills	Writing Skills		
/Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Document reports, task lists, and schedules		
	SA2. Prepare status and progress reports		
	SA3. Record daily activities		
	SA4. Update other co-workers		
	Reading Skills		









#### Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	The usery marviadar on the job freeds to know and understand flow to.		
	SA5. Read about changes in legislations and organisational policies		
	SA6. Keep updated with the latest knowledge		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA7. Discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers SA8. Give clear instructions to patients and co-workers SA9. Keep patient informed about progress SA10. Avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a patient		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work in relation to job role		
	Plan and Organise		
	Not applicable		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB2. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other members of the health care team  SB3. Be responsive and listen empathetically to establish rapport in a way that promotes openness on issues of concern  SB4. Be sensitive to potential cultural differences SB5. Maintain patient confidentiality  SB6. Respect the rights of the patient(s)		
	Problem Solving		
	Not applicable		
	Analytical Thinking		
	Not applicable		
	Critical Thinking		
	Not applicable		





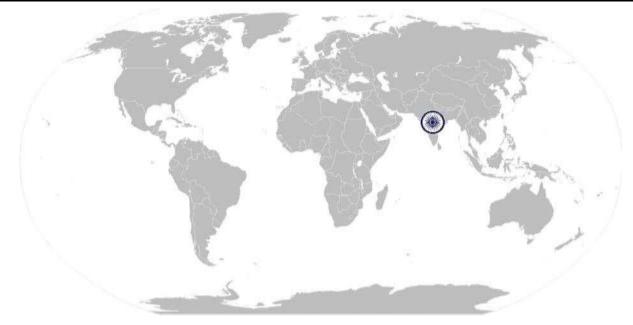




#### Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9603		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/11/15
		Next review date	19/11/17





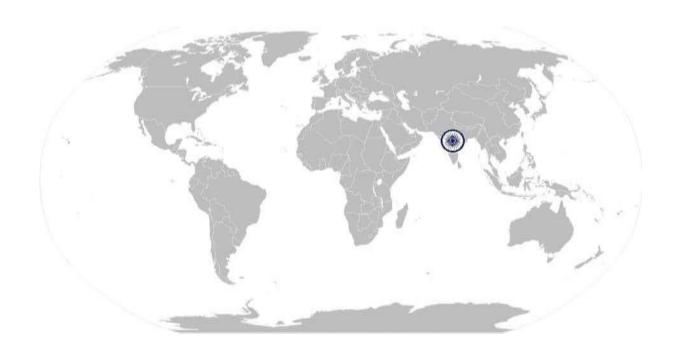






Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to monitor the working environment, and making sure it meets health, safety and security requirements.



# NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9606:

#### Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9606
Unit Title (Task)	Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment
Description	This OS unit is about monitoring the working environment and ensuring a safe, healthy, secure and effective working conditions This OS unit applies to all Allied Health professionals working within an organised workplace
Scope	<ul> <li>This unit covers the following:</li> <li>Complying the health, safety and security requirements and procedures for workplace, Handling any hazardous situation with safely, competently and within the limits of authority, Reporting any hazardous situation and breach in procedures to ensure a safe, healthy, secure working environment</li> </ul>
Performance Criteria (	PC) wrt The Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
Maintain a safe, healthy & secure environment	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements  PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace  PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person  PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices  PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority  PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected  PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently  PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person  PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately
Knowledge and Under	standing (K)
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. The importance of health, safety, and security in the workplace KA2. The basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and regulations that apply to the workplace KA3. The person(s) responsible for maintaining healthy, safe, and secure workplace KA4. The relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to the workplace KA5. How to report the hazard KA6. The responsibilities of individual to maintain safe, healthy and secure workplace









#### Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

B. Technical Knowledge	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Kilowieuge	KB1. Requirements of health, safety and security in workplace
	KB2. How to create safety records and maintaining them
	KB3. The importance of being alert to health, safety, and security hazards in the work
	environment
	KB4. The common health, safety, and security hazards that affect people working in
	an administrative role
	KB5. How to identify health, safety, and security hazards
	KB6. The importance of warning others about hazards and how to do so until the
	hazard is dealt with
Skills (S)	
A. Generic Skills	Writing Skills
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SA1. Report and record incidents
	Reading Skills
	To be described the confined the control of the con
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures
	Oral Communication (Listening and speaking skills)
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SA3. Clearly report hazards and incidents with the appropriate level of urgency
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
Di Trorosorona omino	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to: SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work
	Plan and Organise
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to:
	SB2. Plan for safety of the work environment
	Customer Centricity
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other
	members of the health care team
	SB4. Be capable of being responsive, listen empathetically to establish rapport in a
	way that promotes openness on issues of concern
	way that promotes openiness on issues of concern









#### Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

SB5. I	Be sensitive to	potential cultural	differences
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SB6. Maintain patient confidentiality

SB7. Respect the rights of the patient(s)

#### **Problem Solving**

To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB8. Identify hazards, evaluate possible solutions and suggest effective solutions

#### **Analytical Thinking**

To be competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:

SB9. Analyse the seriousness of hazards

#### **Critical Thinking**

To be competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:

SB10. Analyse, evaluate and apply the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication to act efficiently

## **NOS Version Control**



NOS Code	HSS/ N 9606		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/11/15
		Next review date	19/11/17



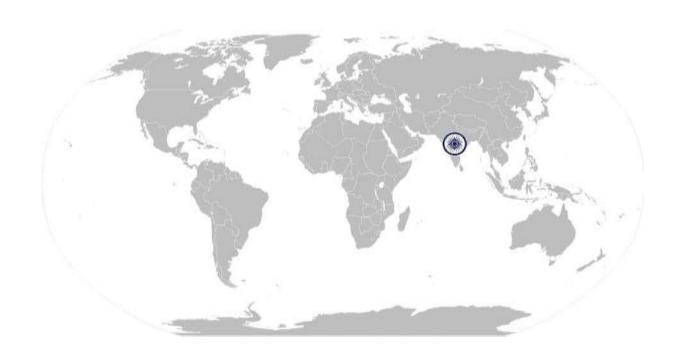






HSS/ N 9608: Follow radiation safety guidelines

# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an allied health professional to follow radiation safety guidelines and provide safe environment to individuals



# NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9608: Follow radiation safety guidelines

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9608
Unit Title (Task)	Follow radiation safety guidelines
Description	This OS unit is about following radiation safety guidelines and to provide safe environment to individuals. These individuals include staff working and individuals undergoing treatment or diagnostic procedures.  This is applicable to all Allied Health Professionals.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Following and complying with radiation safety guidelines  Reference: 'The content of this National Occupational Standard is drawn from the UK Skills for Health NOS [SFHHCS3 Ensure the safety of individuals exposed to radiation within healthcare and SFHHCS4 Measure an individual's healthcare radiation exposure to minimise risk. ]'
Performance Criteria (P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Following radiation safety guidelines	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Confirm sources of radiation and likely type of exposure for all individuals within the work area PC2. Apply appropriate assessment methodology suitable for source, type of exposure, dose, level of risk and the recipients' exposure time PC3. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are compliant with current and relevant legislation requirements PC4. Determine and assess the appropriateness of the projected radiation dose over a suitable period of time for an individual or key staff and other personnel PC5. Record the results of the assessment accurately and in correct format, referencing any monitoring measurements taken to accepted published values to indicate conformance within accepted safety guidance limits for the procedures undertaken within the work practice PC6. Communicate and provide information, advice and guidance effectively in the appropriate medium to meet the individuals needs and preferences PC7. Report actual and potential risks from radiation, in context, to other healthcare professionals and where appropriate seek assistance and advice PC8. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, policies and protocols PC9. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are current and compliant with relevant legislation PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	









#### Follow radiation safety guidelines

HSS/ N 9608:	Follow radiation safety guidelines
(Knowledge of the	KA5. Basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and
Healthcare	regulations that apply to the organisation
provider/	KA6. Person(s) responsible for health, safety, and security in the organisation
Organisation and	KA7. Relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to
	the organisation
its processes)	KA8. Organisation's emergency procedures and responsibilities for handling
	hazardous situations
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	
	KB1. How to communicate effectively in the appropriate medium to meet all
	recipients' needs in relation to radiation safety
	KB2. The safety principles for radiation physics including therapy and diagnostic procedures
	KB3. The range, type and nature of radiation and associated equipment and/or
	medical devices used within the relevant specialist areas and their work
	practices
	KB4. The importance of quality assuring the facilities, equipment and other resources
	for operational safety and monitoring each operational procedure for radiation
	safety in accordance with legislation and organisational requirements
	KB5. The range of permissible exposure limits applicable to diagnostic investigations
	or therapeutic interventions with radiation and/or radioactive substances
	within the organisation
	KB6. The importance and appropriate methodologies for radiation safety
	assessments within the organisation
	KB7. The importance and requirements for radiation safety requirements
	KB8. The importance of environmental monitoring to minimise the risk of accidental
	exposure to radiation and to identify if an adverse event occurs
	KB9. How to communicate and provide advice, guidance and information effectively
	in the appropriate medium to meet individuals needs and preferences for the
	measurement of radiation exposure
	KB10. The range, type and dose of radiation used within diagnostic or therapeutic activities
	KB11. The factors and circumstances of the working environment that contribute to
	radiation exposure and the importance of environmental monitoring
	KB12. How to undertake environmental monitoring of controlled work areas and the
	surrounding area, the acceptable limits and the implications and consequences
	of adverse results and who to inform
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Report and record incidents
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures









### Follow radiation safety guidelines

	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA3. Report hazards and incidents clearly with the appropriate level of urgency
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the organisation
	SB2. Exhibit commitment to the organisation and exert effort and perseverance
	Plan and Organise
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB3. Organise files and documents
	SB4. Plan for safety of the work environment
	SB5. Recommend and implement plan of action
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB6. How to make exceptional effort to keep the environment and work place safe
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB7. Identify hazards and suggest effective solutions to identified problems
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. Analyse the seriousness of hazards
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB9. Evaluate opportunities to improve health, safety and security
	SB10. Show understanding and empathy for others





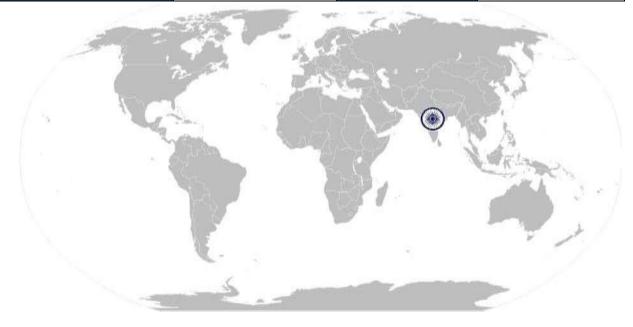




### Follow radiation safety guidelines

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9608		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/11/15
		Next review date	19/11/17





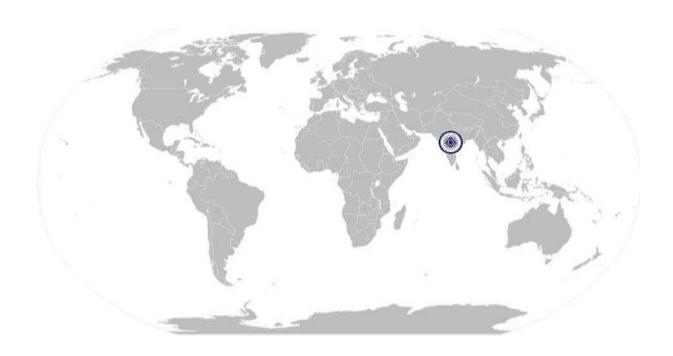






Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an Allied Health professional to manage biomedical waste



# Nos National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9609:

#### Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9609		
Unit Title (Task)	Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols		
Description	This OS unit is about the safe handling and management of health care waste. This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.		
Scope	<ul> <li>This unit/task covers the following:</li> <li>Classification of the Waste Generated, Segregation of Biomedical Waste &amp; Proper collection and storage of Waste</li> <li>Reference: 'The content of this National Occupational Standard is drawn from the UK Skills for Health NOS [SFHCHS212 Disposal of clinical and non-clinical waste within healthcare and SFHCHS213 Implement an audit trail for managing waste within</li> </ul>		
	healthcare ]'		
Performance Criteria (P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Bio Medical Waste Management	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols		
Knowledge and Unders			
A. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
(Knowledge of the	KA1. Basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and		



# National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9609:

### Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

Healthcare	regulations that apply to the organisation
provider/	KA2. Person(s) responsible for health, safety, and security in the organisation
Organisation and	KA3. Relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to
its processes)	the organisation
,	KA4. Organisation's emergency procedures and responsibilities for handling hazardous situations
D. Tankaisal	
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. How to categorise waste according to national, local and organisational
	guidelines
	KB2. The appropriate approved disposal routes for waste
	KB3. The appropriate containment or dismantling requirements for waste and
	how to make the waste safe for disposal
	KB4. The importance to adhere to the organisational and national waste
	management principles and procedures
	KB5. The hazards and risks associated with the disposal and the importance of risk assessments and how to provide these
	KB6. The personal protective equipment required to manage the different types
	of waste generated by different work activities
	KB7. The importance of working in a safe manner when carrying out procedures
	for biomedical waste management in line with local and national policies and legislation
	KB8. The required actions and reporting procedures for any accidents, spillages and contamination involving waste
	KB9. The requirements of the relevant external agencies involved in the transport
	and receipt of your waste
	KB10. The importance of segregating different types of waste and how to do this
	KB11. The safe methods of storage and maintaining security of waste and the
	permitted accumulation times
	KB12. The methods for transporting and monitoring waste disposal and the
	appropriateness of each method to a given scenario
	KB13. How to report any problems or delays in waste collection and where to seek advice and guidance
	KB14. The importance of the organisation monitoring and obtaining an assessment
	of the impact the waste has on the environment
	KB15. The current national legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols
	which affect work practice
	KB16. The policies and guidance that clarify your scope of practice, accountabilities
	and the working relationship between yourself and others
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA4. Report and record incidents
	Reading Skills









### Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

· <u>i</u>				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA5. Read and understand company policies and procedures for managing biomedical waste			
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA6. Report hazards and incidents clearly with the appropriate level of urgency			
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB11. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work			
	SB12. Exhibit commitment to the organisation and exert effort and perseverance			
	Plan and Organise  The user find with an the job peods to know and understand how to:			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB13. Organise files and documents			
	SB14. Plan for safety of the work environment			
	SB15. Recommend and implement plan of action			
	Customer Centricity			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  SB16. How to make exceptional effort to keep the environment and work place clean			
	Problem Solving			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB17. Identify hazards and suggest effective solutions to identified problems of waste management			
	Analytical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB18. Analyse the seriousness of hazards and proper waste management			
	Critical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB19. Evaluate opportunities to improve health, safety and security SB20. Show understanding and empathy for others			
	3520. Show understanding and empathy for others			





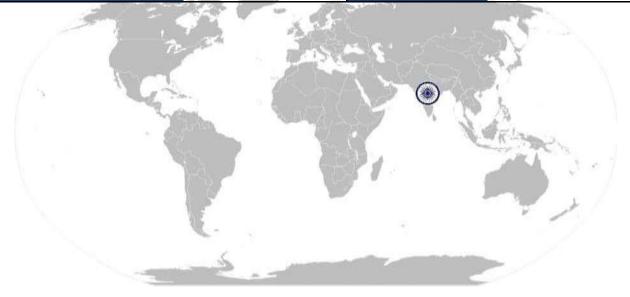




HSS/ N 9609: Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9609		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/11/15
		Next review date	19/11/17





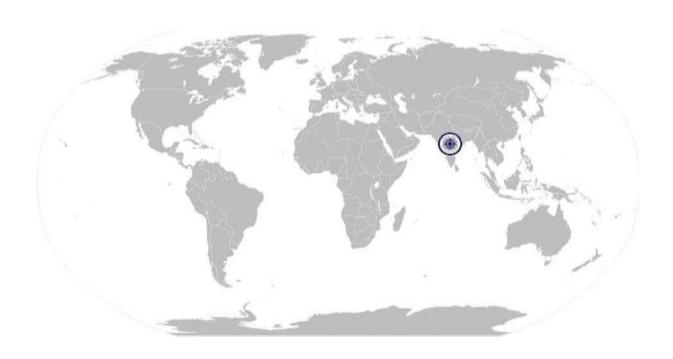






Follow infection control policies and procedures

# National Occupational Standards



## **Overview**

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health professional to comply with infection control policies and procedures.



# Notional Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9610: Follow infection control policies and procedures

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9610
Unit Title (Task)	Follow infection control policies and procedures
Description	This OS unit is about complying with infection control policies and procedures. It is applicable to workers who are responsible for workplace procedures to maintain infection control.  This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  Complying with an effective infection control protocols that ensures the safety of the patient (or end-user of health-related products/services) & Maintaining personal protection and preventing the transmission of infections from person to person
Performance Criteria (P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Infection control protocols	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by aerosols and splatter PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination PC12. Follow hand washing procedures PC13. Implement hand care procedures PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof dressings and change as necessary PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use PC16. Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons daily, more frequently if soiled









#### Follow infection control policies and procedures

	and where appropriate, after each patient contact  PC17. Demarcate and maintain clean and contaminated zones in all aspects of health care work  PC18. Confine records, materials and medicaments to a well-designated clean zone  PC19. Confine contaminated instruments and equipment to a well-designated contaminated zone  PC20. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing and equipment in accordance with occupational health and safety policies and procedures when handling waste  PC21. Separate waste at the point where it has been generated and dispose of into waste containers that are colour coded and identified  PC22. Store clinical or related waste in an area that is accessible only to authorised persons  PC23. Handle, package, label, store, transport and dispose of waste appropriately to minimise potential for contact with the waste and to reduce the risk to the environment from accidental release  PC24. Dispose of waste safely in accordance with policies and procedures of the organisation and legislative requirements  PC25. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment during cleaning procedures  PC26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from work surfaces  PC27. Clean all work surfaces with a neutral detergent and warm water solution before and after each session or when visibly soiled  PC28. Decontaminate equipment requiring special processing in accordance with quality management systems to ensure full compliance with cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation protocols  PC29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use  PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable
Knowledge and Unders	PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. The organisation's infection control policies and procedures  KA2. Organisation requirements relating to immunisation, where applicable  KA3. Standard precautions  KA4. Good personal hygiene practice including hand care
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. Additional precautions  KB2. Aspects of infectious diseases including:









#### Follow infection control policies and procedures

	KB4.	How to clean and sterile techniques
	KB5.	The path of disease transmission:
		- paths of transmission including direct contact and penetrating injuries
		- risk of acquisition
		- sources of infecting microorganisms including persons who are carriers, in
		the incubation phase of the disease or those who are acutely ill
	KB6.	Effective hand hygiene:
		- procedures for routine hand wash
		- procedures for surgical hand wash
		- when hands must be washed
	KB7.	Good personal hygiene practice including hand care
	KB8.	Identification and management of infectious risks in the workplace
	KB9.	How to use personal protective equipment such as:
		- guidelines for glove use
		- guidelines for wearing gowns and waterproof aprons
	10000	- guidelines for wearing masks as required
		- guidelines for wearing protective glasses
	KB10.	Susceptible hosts including persons who are immune suppressed, have
	100	chronic diseases such as diabetes and the very young or very old
	KB11.	Surface cleaning:
	1	- cleaning procedures at the start and end of the day
	2	-managing a blood or body fluid spill
		- routine surface cleaning
	KB12.	Sharps handling and disposal techniques
		The following:
	RDIS.	- Follow infection control guidelines
		- Identify and respond to infection risks
		- Maintain personal hygiene
		- Use personal protective equipment
		- Limit contamination
		- Handle, package, label, store transport and dispose of clinical and other
	52	Waste
		- Clean environmental surfaces
Skills (S)		- Cleanenvironnientarsurfaces
	104 101	
A. Core Skills/	Writin	
Generic Skills	I ne use	er/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1.	Consistently apply hand washing, personal hygiene and personal protection
	JA1.	protocols
	SA2.	Consistently apply clean and sterile techniques
	SA3.	Consistently apply clean and sterne techniques  Consistently apply protocols to limit contamination
	Readin	
	The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA4.	Follow instructions as specified in the protocols









#### Follow infection control policies and procedures

	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA5. Listen patiently SA6. Provide feedback (verbal and non-verbal) to encourage smooth flow of		
D D ( )	information		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Take into account opportunities to address waste minimisation,		
	environmental responsibility and sustainable practice issues		
	SB2. Apply additional precautions when standard precautions are not sufficient		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job_needs to:		
	SB3. Consistently ensure instruments used for invasive procedures are sterile at time of use (where appropriate)  SB4. Consistently follow the procedure for washing and drying hands		
	SB5. Consistently limit contamination		
	SB6. Consistently maintain clean surfaces and manage blood and body fluid spills		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB7. Be a good listener and be sensitive to patient SB8. Avoid unwanted and unnecessary communication with patients SB9. Maintain eye contact and non-verbal communication		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SD10 Communicate only facts and not opinions		
	SB10. Communicate only facts and not opinions SB11. Give feedback when required		
	·		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB12. Coordinate required processes effectively		
	Critical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB13. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,		
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action		
	SB14. Take into account opportunities to address waste minimisation,		
	environmental responsibility and sustainable practice issues		









HSS/ N 96110

Follow infection control policies and procedure

## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9610	HSS/ N 9610					
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0				
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13				
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/11/15				
		Next review date	19/11/17				











HSS/ N 9611:

Monitor and assure quality

# National Occupational Standards



This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health professional to comply with infection control policies and procedures.



# NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9611:

#### Monitor and assure quality

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9611						
Unit Title	Monitor and assure quality						
(Task) Description	This OS unit is about assuring quality in all procedures. This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.						
Scope	<ul> <li>This unit/task covers the following:</li> <li>Monitor, Identify &amp; Solve treatment process/outcome problems, Attend class/read publications to continue industry education, Identify needs and expectations of patient/health care professionals</li> </ul>						
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope						
Element	Performance Criteria						
Monitoring and ensuring quality process	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the radiology industry PC4. Read medical publications related to duality consistently and thoroughly PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person PC6. Identify and correct any hazards that he/she can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of his/her authority PC7. Promptly and accurately report any hazards that he/she is not allowed to deal with to the relevant person and warn other people who may be affected PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately						
Knowledge and Unders							
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. Basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and regulations that apply to the organisation</li> <li>KA2. Person(s) responsible for health, safety, and security in the organisation</li> <li>KA3. Relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to the organisation</li> <li>KA4. Organisation's emergency procedures and responsibilities for handling hazardous situations</li> </ul>						









HSS/ N 9611:

#### Monitor and assure quality

B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
Kilowicage	
	KB1. Evaluate treatment goals, process and outcomes
	KB2. Identify problems/deficiencies in treatment goals, processes and outcomes
	, , , , ,
	KB3. Accurately identify problems
	KB4. Conduct research
	KB5. Select and implement proper hygiene interventions
	KB6. Obtain informed consent
	KB7. Conduct an honest self-evaluation to identify personal and professional
	strengths and weaknesses
	KB8. Access and interpret medical, and scientific literature
	KB9. Apply human needs/motivational theory
	KB10. Provide thorough and efficient individualised care
	KB11. Employ methods to measure satisfaction
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Report and record incidents
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	CA2 . Deposit here also and incidents also also with the communicate level of communicate
	SA3. Report hazards and incidents clearly with the appropriate level of urgency
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work
	SB2. Exhibit commitment to the organisation and exert effort and perseverance
	Plan and Organise
	•
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB3. Organise files and documents
	SB4. Plan for safety of the work environment
	SB1. Recommend and implement plan of action
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:









HSS/ N 9611:

#### Monitor and assure quality

### **NOS Version Control**

SB2.	How to make exceptional effort to meet patient needs and resolve conflict to
	patient satisfaction

#### **Problem Solving**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB3. Identify hazards and suggest effective solutions to identified problems

#### **Analytical Thinking**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB4. Analyse the seriousness of hazards

#### **Critical Thinking**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB5. Evaluate opportunities to improve health, safety and security

SB6. Show understanding and empathy for others



NOS Code	HSS/ N 9611		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/11/15
		Next review date	19/11/17

	Assessment Form (To be filled	by Assessor for Ea	ch Trainee)				
<u>Job Role</u>	X Ray Technician	Trainee Name		UID No.	<u>Batch</u>		
Qualification Pack	HSS/ Q 0701	Taining Partner		<u>Date</u>			
Sector Skill Council	Healthcare	Name o	f Assessor				
Name & Sign	ature of Representative & Stamp of Assessing Body:						
	Skills Practical and V	/iva (80% weightag	e)				
		1	Marks Alloted		Marks Awarded k	y Assessor	
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)		400				
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)		100					
	Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva)		500				
	Passing Marks (80% of Max. Marks)	400			PASS/FAIL		
	Theory (20%	weightage)					
		Marks Alloted			Marks Awarded by Assess		
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	80					
Gra	and Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)	20					
	Grand Total-(Theory)	100					
Passing Marks (50% of Max. Marks)		50			PASS/FAIL		
Grai	nd Total-(Skills Practical and Viva + Theory)	600			0		
Overall Result		Criteria is to pass in both theory and practical					
		1	fail in any one of the andidate is fail	m, then	PASS/FA	AIL .	

	Assessment Form (To be filled	by Assessor for Ea	ch Traine	e)				
Job Role	X ray Technician	Trainee Name			UID No.		<u>Batch</u>	
Qualification Pack	HSS/ Q 0701	Taining Partner			<u>Date</u>			
Sector Skill Council		Name o	f Assesso	<u>r</u>				
Name & Signa	ature of Representative & Stamp of Assessing Body:							
	Skills Practical and \	/iva (80% weightag	e)					
		1	Marks All	oted		Marks A	warded b	y Assessor
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)		400					
Gra	and Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)		100					
	Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva)		500					
	Detailed Break Up of Marks			Skills Pr	actical & Vi	va		
	Pick any 2 NOS	(2 eleme		ach NOS ea totalling 40		marks) ea	ch of 200	
National Occupational	Deufermana Criteria (DC)	Tatal Marks (400)	Out Of		Allocation	Marks Awarded by Assessor		Grand Total of
Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC) I Total Marks (AU	Total Marks (400)	Out Of	Viva	Skills Practical	Viva	Skills Practical	Practical I
1. HSS/ N 0711: Comprehend conventional radiological needs of patients	PC1. Explain the subdivisions of anatomy, terms of location and position, fundamental planes, vertebrate structure of man, organisation of the body cells and tissues		50	20	30			
	PC2. Explain the pathology of various systems: cardiovascular system, respiratory system, central nervous system, musculoskeletal system, GIT, GUT and reproductive system		20	40	20			
	PC3. Explain the pathology of radiation injury and malignancies	]	20	20	0			
	PC4. Understand specific requests of physicians with respect to the scans required	200	20	10	10			
	PC5. Take medical history of the patient and document it as required		30	15	15			
	PC6. Understand and interpret instructions and requirements documented by the physician in the patient's prescription		30	20	10			
	PC7. Determine the radiological diagnostic tests required for the patient based on the physician's prescription and the medical history		30	20	10			
	TOTAL	•	200	145	95	0	0	1
2. HSS/ N 0712: Prepare the patient and the room	PC1. Prepare the room, apparatus and instruments for conventional radiological procedures like X-ray, BMD or Mammography		20	10	10			

for Conventional Radiological procedure
Radiological procedure

C2. Set up the machine for the desired procedure
ez. Set up the machine for the desired procedure
C3. Position the patient correctly for an x-ray in the following positions:
Erect
Sitting
Supine
. Prone
Lateral
Oblique
Decubitus
C4. Explain relative positions of x-ray tube and patient and the relevant
xposure factors related to these
C5. Explain the use of accessories such as Radiographic cones, grid and
ositioning aids
C6. Explain the anatomic and physiological basis of the procedure to be
ndertaken
C7. Explain the radiographic appearances of both normal and common
bnormal conditions in order to ensure application of the appropriate
adiographic technique
C8. Apply modifications in positioning technique for various disabilities and
rpes of subject
C9. Explain the principles of radiation physics detection and measurement
C10. Explain the biological effects of radiation
C11.Explain the principles of radiation protection:
laximum permissible exposure concept
Annual dose equivalent limits (ADEL) ALARA concept
International recommendations and current code of practice for the
rotection of persons against ionising radiation from medical and
ental use
ental use
ental use  C12.Explain the use of protective materials:
C12.Explain the use of protective materials:
C12.Explain the use of protective materials:  Lead  Lead – impregnated substances  Building materials
ental use  C12.Explain the use of protective materials:  Lead  Lead – impregnated substances  Building materials  Concept of barriers
ental use  C12.Explain the use of protective materials:  Lead  Lead – impregnated substances  Building materials  Concept of barriers  Lead equivalents and variations
ental use  C12.Explain the use of protective materials:  Lead  Lead – impregnated substances  Building materials  Concept of barriers  Lead equivalents and variations  Design of x-ray tubes related to protection.
ental use  C12.Explain the use of protective materials:  Lead  Lead – impregnated substances  Building materials  Concept of barriers  Lead equivalents and variations

10	4	6	
30	5	25	
10	5	5	
10	6	4	
10	5	5	
10	5	5	
15	5	10	
15	7	8	
10	3	7	
10	7	3	
10	6	4	

	PC13. Explain the instruments of radiation protection, use of gonad shield and practical methods for reducing radiation dose to the patient		20	10	10			
	PC14. Ensure protection of self, patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel and the work area		20	10	10			
	TOTAL		200	88	112	0	0	
3. HSS/ N 0713: Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological	PC1. Describe the construction and operation of general radiographic equipment		20	8	12			
equipment	PC2. Reliably perform all non-contrast plain Radiography, and contrast radiography in special situations		20	15	5			
	PC3. Apply quality control procedures for all radiologic equipment		20	10	10			
	PC4. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality		20	15	5			
	PC5. Practice the procedures employed in producing a radiographic image	200	20	10	10			1
	PC6. Describe methods of measuring exposure and doses of radiographic beams		10	0	10			
	PC7. Discuss and apply radiation protection principles and codes of practice		30	15	15			
	PC8. Demonstrate an understanding of processing of images in digital form and be familiar with recent advances in imaging		20	5	15			
	PC9. Set up the X-ray machine for the procedure		20	15	5			
	PC10. Carry out routine procedures associated with maintenance of imaging and processing systems		10	4	6			
	PC11. Ensure protection of patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel		10	2	8			
	TOTAL		200	99	101	0	0	
4. HSS/ N 0714: Process X-ray films/ Images	PC1. Explain the principles of conventional radiographic imaging		30	30	0			
	PC2. Apply knowledge of conventional radiographic imaging to the production of radiographs and the assessment of image quality		30	10	20			
	PC3. Understand the construction and operation of image processing equipment		20	10	10			
	PC4. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality	200	30	15	15			
	PC5. Perform X-ray film / image processing techniques (including dark room techniques)		40	10	30			
	PC6. Explain and implement the fundamentals, concepts and applications of processing of images in digital form using computer based systems		30	10	20			

	PC7. Carry out quality control for automatic film processing, evaluate and		20	_	4.5			
	act on results		20	5	15			
	TOTAL		200	90	110	0	0	
5.HSS/ N 0715: Prepare and document conventional radiological reports	PC1. Correctly identify anatomical features on the radiographs and identity some major pathological and traumatic conditions		60	30	40			
radiological reports	PC2. Seek the advice of the Radiologist on conditions identified	200	60	40	30			
	PC3. Document the comments and diagnosis of the Radiologist in a report for the patient		60	40	20			
	PC4. Maintaining the patient record		20	5	15			
	TOTAL		200	110	90	0	0	
HSS/ N 9614 : Recognize Healthy body systems	PC1. Correctly use and interpret the medical terminology that describes normal structure, function & location of major body systems	200	30	10	20			
	PC2. Correctly use and interpret the information that relates to the interrelationship between major components of each body system and other structure		40	20	20			
	PC3. Review the factors that contribute to maintain whole body health		60	20	40			
	PC4. Evaluate how relationship between different body systems affect and support healthy functioning		40	10	30			
	PC5. Enhance quality of work by using and sharing information about healthy functioning of the body		30	10	20			
	TOTAL		200	70	130			
7. HSS/ N 9608: Follow radiation safety guidelines	PC1. Confirm sources of radiation and likely type of exposure for all individuals within the work area		20	15	5			
	PC2. Apply appropriate assessment methodology suitable for source, type of exposure, dose, level of risk and the recipients' exposure time		30	20	10			
	PC3. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are compliant with current and relevant legislation requirements		20	15	5			
	PC4. Determine and assess the appropriateness of the projected radiation dose over a suitable period of time for an individual or key staff and other personnel		30	20	10			
	PC5. Record the results of the assessment accurately and in correct format, referencing any monitoring measurements taken to accepted published values to indicate conformance within accepted safety guidance limits for the procedures undertaken within the work practice	200	20	10	10			

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	PC6. Communicate and provide information, advice and guidance effectively in the appropriate medium to meet the individuals needs and preferences	20	0	10			
	PC7. Report actual and potential risks from radiation, in context, to other healthcare professionals and where appropriate seek assistance and advice	10	5	5			
	PC8. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, policies and protocols	10	5	5			
	PC9. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are current and compliant with relevant legislation	20	5	15			
	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols	20	10	10			
	TOTAL	200	105	85	0	0	
8. HSS/ N 9610 (Follow infection control policies	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements	5	0	5			
and procedures)	PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection	5	0	5			
	PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by aerosols and splatter	5	5	0			
	PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility	20	10	10			
	PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk	5	0	5			
	PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization	5	0	5			
	PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks	10	0	10			
	PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required	10	0	10			
	PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate	20	10	10			
	PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization	5	0	5			
	PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination	5	0	5			
	PC12. Follow hand washing procedures	5	0	5			
	PC13. Implement hand care procedures	5	0	5			
	PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof dressings and change as necessary	5	5	0			
	PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use	5	0	5			

Clean zone   PC19, Confine contaminated instruments and equipment to a well-designated contaminated zone   PC20. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing and equipment in accordance with occupational health and safety policies and procedures when handling waste   PC21. Separate waste at the point where it has been generated and dispose of into waste containers that are colour coded and identified   PC22. Store clinical or related waste in an area that is accessible only to authorised persons   PC23. Handle, package, label, store, transport and dispose of waste appropriately to minimise potential for contact with the waste and to reduce the risk to the environment from accidental release   PC24. Dispose of waste safely in accordance with policies and procedures of the organisation and legislative requirements   PC25. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment during cleaning procedures   PC26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from work surfaces   PC27. Clean all work surfaces with a neutral detergent and warm water solution before and after each session or when visibly solled   PC28. Decontaminate equipment requiring special processing in accordance with quality management systems to ensure full compliance with cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation protocols   PC29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use   PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable   PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment   PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment   PC32. Maintain and store cleaning equipment   PC33. Maintain and store cleaning equipment   PC34.   PC35. PC37.		ily, more frequently	200	5	0	5			
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Standards (NOS)  Performance Criteria (PC)  Total Marks (100)  Out Of  Viva  / Role					Marks A	Allocation	Marks Aw Asse	varded by essor	Grand Tota
			Total Marks (100)	Out Of	Viva	Observation / Role Play	Viva	Skills Practical	Practica
rt 1 (Pick one field randomly carrying 50 marks)			1	1	I				I
t 1 (rick one neid randomly Carrying 50 marks)									

HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role		_		_		
limits of one's competence			5	1	4		
and authority)	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate		5	2	3		
	to one's role		3	2	3		
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek		10	5	5		
	supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority						
	PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice	50	5	2	3		
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to		5	2	3		
	inform one's practice				3		
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a		5	3	2		
	team member at all times				_		
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety		10	5	5		
	of practice			ļ			
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing		5	2	3		
	improvements						
			50	22	28		
	Attitude Total	50					
2. Work Management					1	1	1
HSS/ N 9602 (Ensure	PC1. Maintain adequate supplies of medical and diagnostic supplies		5	5	0		
availability of medical and	PC2. Arrive at actual demand as accurately as possible		5	3	2		
diagnostic supplies)	PC3. Anticipate future demand based on internal, external and other	25					
	contributing factors as accurately as possible	23	10	5	5		
	PC4. Handle situations of stock-outs or unavailability of stocks without		_	-	0		
	compromising health needs of patients/ individuals		5	5	0		
			25	18	7		
3. Attiquete							
HSS/ N 9601 (Collate and	PC1. Respond to gueries and information needs of all individuals		2	2	0		
Communicate Health	PC2. Communicate effectively with all individuals regardless of age, caste,		_		_		
Information)	gender, community or other characteristics		5	0	5		
	PC3. Communicate with individuals at a pace and level fitting their		5	0	5		
	understanding, without using terminology unfamiliar to them		3	U	5		
	PC4. Utilise all training and information at one's disposal to provide relevant	25	5	5	0		
	information to the individual			,	Ů		
	PC5. Confirm that the needs of the individual have been met		2	2	0		
	PC6. Adhere to guidelines provided by one's organisation or regulatory		2	2	0		
	body relating to confidentiality				_		
	PC7. Respect the individual's need for privacy		2	2	0		
	PC8. Maintain any records required at the end of the interaction		2	2	0		
			25	15	10		
	Work Management Total	50					
Part 2 (Pick one field as per	NOS marked carrying 50 marks)						
•	th NOS: HSS/N/0304, 0305, 0306, 0307)						
•	aluate with NOS: HSS/N/0301, 0302, 0303, 0409, 9610)						

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HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace		6	2	4		
safe, healthy, and secure	health safety and security requirements						
working environment)	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace		4	0	4		
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security		4	3	1		
	procedures to the designated person		4	3	1		
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices		6	4	2		
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently		6	4	2		
	and within the limits of authority	50		4	2		
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not						
	allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who		6	4	2		
	may get affected						
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and		6	2	4		
	efficiently			_			
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person		6	4	2		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6	2	4		
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately						
			50	25	25		
3. Waste Management (Ev	valuate with NOS: HSS/N/5105, 5108, 5114, 5115)						
HSS/ N 9609 (Follow							
biomedical waste disposal	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the		6	2	4		
protocols)	method of collection and containment level according to the waste type						
	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard						
	precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective		8	4	4		
	equipment relevant to the type and category of waste						
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current		4	0	4		
	legislation and organisational requirements		4	U	4		
	PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by		8	4	4		
	using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste		٥	4	4		
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content		4	2	2		
	of waste	50	-	2	2		
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action		4	4	0		
	appropriate to the type of waste disposal			'	ŭ		
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe		4	4	0		
	for transport and disposal		-				
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its		4	4	0		
	associated risks		-				
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with		4	4	0		
	current legislation and procedures				_		
	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in						
	correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and		4	4	0		
	protocols				40		
UCC/N 0C44 ** ''	DC4 Cook at a co		50	32	18		
HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis		6	2	4		
assure quality	PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly		8	4	4		

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PC3. Participate in education programs which include current technic technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry	ques,	4	0	4			
PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and thoroughly	0	8	4	4			
PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person		4	2	2			
PC6. Identify and correct any hazards that he/she can deal with safe competently and within the limits of his/her authority	ly, 50	4	4	0			
PC7. Promptly and accurately report any hazards that he/she is not a to deal with to the relevant person and warn other people who may affected		4	4	0			
PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calr efficiently	mly, and	4	4	0			
PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, sa and security to the designated person	ifety,	4	4	0			
PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately	,	4	4	0			
		50	32	18			
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)		100					

	Assessment Form (To be filled by A		<u> </u>	T T	1
<u>Job Role</u>	X ray Technician	Trainee Name		<u>Batch</u>	
Qualification Pack	HSS/ Q 0701	Taining Partner			
Sector Skill Council		Name of	f Assessor		
Name & Signa	ature of Representative & Stamp of Assessing Body:				
	Theory (20% wei	ghtage)			
		Marks	Alloted	Marks Awarded l	oy Assessor
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)		80		
Gra	and Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)		20		
	Grand Total-(Theory)	1	.00		
	Detailed Break Up of Marks		Theor	у	
	Subject Domain	Picl	k each NOS Compul	sorily totalling 80	
National Occupational	Dayformana Critaria (DC)	Total Marks (90)	Marks Allocation	Marks Awarded by Assessor	Grand Total o
Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Total Marks (80)	Theory	Theory	Theory
1. HSS/ N 0711: Comprehend conventional radiological needs of patients	PC1. Explain the subdivisions of anatomy, terms of location and position, fundamental planes, vertebrate structure of man, organisation of the body cells and tissues  PC2. Explain the pathology of various systems: cardiovascular system,				
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	respiratory system, central nervous system, musculoskeletal system, GIT,				
	PC3. Explain the pathology of radiation injury and malignancies				
	PC4. Understand specific requests of physicians with respect to the scans required PC5. Take medical history of the patient and document it as required	5			
	PC6. Understand and interpret instructions and requirements documented by the physician in the patient's prescription				
	PC7. Determine the radiological diagnostic tests required for the patient based on the physician's prescription and the medical history				
	Total		5		
2.HSS/ N 0712: Prepare the patient and the room for the procedure	PC1. Prepare the room, apparatus and instruments for conventional radiological procedures like X-ray, BMD or Mammography				
and procedure	PC2. Set up the machine for the desired procedure	1			

PC3. Position the patient correctly for an x-ray in the following positions:	
a. Erect	
b. Sitting	
c. Supine	
d. Prone	
e. Lateral	
f. Oblique	
g. Decubitus	
g. Decaultus	
PC4. Explain relative positions of x-ray tube and patient and the relevant	
exposure factors related to these	
PC5. Explain the use of accessories such as Radiographic cones, grid and positioning aids	
PC6. Explain the anatomic and physiological basis of the procedure to be undertaken	
PC7. Explain the radiographic appearances of both normal and common	
abnormal conditions in order to ensure application of the appropriate	
radiographic technique	
PC8. Apply modifications in positioning technique for various disabilities an	d
types of subject	
PC9. Explain the principles of radiation physics detection and measurement	t
PC10. Explain the biological effects of radiation	
PC11.Explain the principles of radiation protection:	
Maximum permissible exposure concept	
b. Annual dose equivalent limits (ADEL) ALARA concept	
c. International recommendations and current code of practice for the	
protection of persons against ionising radiation from medical and	
dental use	
PC12.Explain the use of protective materials:	_
a. Lead	
b. Lead – impregnated substances	
c. Building materials	
d. Concept of barriers	
•	
e. Lead equivalents and variations	
f. Design of x-ray tubes related to protection.	
g. Structural shielding design (work-load, use factor, occupancy factor, distance	
PC13. Explain the instruments of radiation protection, use of gonad shield	
and practical methods for reducing radiation dose to the patient	

	PC14. Ensure protection of self, patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel and the work area			
	Total		5	
3. HSS/ N 0713: Operate and oversee operation of conventional radiological	PC1. Describe the construction and operation of general radiographic equipment			
equipment	PC2. Reliably perform all non-contrast plain Radiography, and contrast radiography in special situations			
	PC3. Apply quality control procedures for all radiologic equipment			
	PC4. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality			
	PC5. Practice the procedures employed in producing a radiographic image			
	PC6. Describe methods of measuring exposure and doses of radiographic beams	5		
	PC7. Discuss and apply radiation protection principles and codes of practice			
	PC8. Demonstrate an understanding of processing of images in digital form and be familiar with recent advances in imaging PC9. Set up the X-ray machine for the procedure			
	PC10. Carry out routine procedures associated with maintenance of imaging			
	and processing systems			
	PC11. Ensure protection of patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel and the work area			
	Total		5	
4. HSS/ N 0714: Process X- ray films/ Images	PC1. Explain the principles of conventional radiographic imaging  PC2. Apply knowledge of conventional radiographic imaging to the			
	production of radiographs and the assessment of image quality			
	PC3. Understand the construction and operation of image processing equipment			
	PC4. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality	5		

	PC5. Perform X-ray film / image processing techniques (including dark room techniques)			
	PC6. Explain and implement the fundamentals, concepts and applications of processing of images in digital form using computer based systems			
	PC7. Carry out quality control for automatic film processing, evaluate and act on results			
	Total		5	
5.HSS/ N 0715: Prepare and document conventional radiological reports	PC1. Correctly identify anatomical features on the radiographs and identity some major pathological and traumatic conditions			
	PC2. Seek the advice of the Radiologist on conditions identified	5		
	PC3. Document the comments and diagnosis of the Radiologist in a report for the patient PC4. Maintaining the patient record			
	Total		5	
HSS/ N 9614 : Recognize Healthy body systems	PC1. Correctly use and interpret the medical terminology that describes normal structure, function & location of major body PC2. Correctly use and interpret the information that relates to the interrelationship between major components of each body system PC3. Review the factors that contribute to maintain whole body health	5		
	PC4. Evaluate how relationship between different body systems affect and support healthy functioning	5		
	PC5. Enhance quality of work by using and sharing information about healthy functioning of the body			
	Total		5	
7. HSS/ N 9608: Follow radiation safety guidelines	PC1. Confirm sources of radiation and likely type of exposure for all individuals within the work area			
	PC2. Apply appropriate assessment methodology suitable for source, type			
	PC3. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are compliant with current and relevant legislation requirements			
	PC4. Determine and assess the appropriateness of the projected radiation dose over a suitable period of time for an individual or key staff and other personnel			
	PC5. Record the results of the assessment accurately and in correct format, referencing any monitoring measurements taken to accepted published values to indicate conformance within accepted safety guidance limits for the procedures undertaken within the work practice			

	PC6. Communicate and provide information, advice and guidance effectively in the appropriate medium to meet the individuals needs and			
	preferences			
	PC7. Report actual and potential risks from radiation, in context, to other			
	healthcare professionals and where appropriate seek assistance and advice			
	PC8. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in			
	correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, policies and protocols			
	PC9. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are current and compliant with relevant legislation			
	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in			
	correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and			
	protocols			
	Total		5	
8. HSS/ N 9610 (Follow	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in			
infection control policies	accordance with organisation requirements			
and procedures)	PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone			
	may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection  PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by			
	aerosols and splatter			
	PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within			
	own role and responsibility			
	PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk			
	PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization			
	PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks			
	PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required			
	PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate			
	PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization			
	PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination			
	PC12. Follow hand washing procedures			
	PC13. Implement hand care procedures			
	PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof dressings and change as			
	necessary			
	PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use			
	PC16. Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons daily, more frequently if soiled and where appropriate, after each patient contact	45		

	PC17. Demarcate and maintain clean and contaminated zones in all aspects of health care work				
1	PC18. Confine records, materials and medicaments to a well-designated				
	clean zone				
	PC19. Confine contaminated instruments and equipment to a well-				
	designated contaminated zone				
	PC20. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing and equipment in				
	accordance with occupational health and safety policies and procedures				
	when handling waste				
	PC21. Separate waste at the point where it has been generated and dispose				
	of into waste containers that are colour coded and identified				
	PC22. Store clinical or related waste in an area that is accessible only to				
	authorised persons				
	PC23. Handle, package, label, store, transport and dispose of waste				
	appropriately to minimise potential for contact with the waste and to				
	reduce the risk to the environment from accidental release				
	PC24. Dispose of waste safely in accordance with policies and procedures of				
	the organisation and legislative requirements				
	PC25. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment during cleaning				
	procedures				
	PC26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from work surfaces				
	PC27. Clean all work surfaces with a neutral detergent and warm water				
	solution before and after each session or when visibly soiled				
	PC28. Decontaminate equipment requiring special processing in accordance				
	with quality management systems to ensure full compliance with cleaning,				
	disinfection and sterilisation protocols				
	PC29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use				
	PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable				
	PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment				
	Total		45		1
	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	80	80		
	, , ,		l	I	
	Soft Skills and Communication	Select ea	ch part each carrying	g 10 marks totalling	20
				Marks Awarded by	
National Occupational			Marks Allocation	Assessor	Grand Total of
Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Total Marks (20)	Theory	Theory	Theory
			<u>l</u>	<u> </u>	1
Part 1 (Pick one field rando	mly carrying 50 marks)				
Part 1 (Pick one field rando	mly carrying 50 marks)				
1. Attitude	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role				

and authority)	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate				
	to one's role				
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek				
	supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority				
	PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice	•	3		
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to	3			
	inform one's practice				
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a				
	team member at all times				
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety				
	of practice				
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing				
	improvements				
	Total		3		
	Attitude Total				
2. Work Management					
HSS/ N 9602 (Ensure availability of medical and	PC1. Maintain adequate supplies of medical and diagnostic supplies				
diagnostic sunnlies)	PC2. Arrive at actual demand as accurately as possible				
and notic supplies	PC3. Anticipate future demand based on internal, external and other	4	4		
	contributing factors as accurately as possible				
	PC4. Handle situations of stock-outs or unavailability of stocks without				
	compromising health needs of patients/ individuals				
	Total		4		
3. Attiquete			ı	1	
HSS/ N 9601 (Collate and	PC1. Respond to queries and information needs of all individuals				
Communicate Health	PC2. Communicate effectively with all individuals regardless of age, caste,				
nformation)	gender, community or other characteristics				
	PC3. Communicate with individuals at a pace and level fitting their				
	understanding, without using terminology unfamiliar to them				
	PC4. Utilise all training and information at one's disposal to provide relevant information to the individual	3	3		
	PC5. Confirm that the needs of the individual have been met				
	PC6. Adhere to guidelines provided by one's organisation or regulatory				
	body relating to confidentiality				
	PC7. Respect the individual's need for privacy				
	PC8. Maintain any records required at the end of the interaction				
	Total		3		
			-	<u> </u>	
	Attiquete Total				
Part 2 (Pick one field as pe	Attiquete Total r NOS marked carrying 50 marks)				
I. Team Work (Evaluate w	r NOS marked carrying 50 marks)				
I. Team Work (Evaluate w	r NOS marked carrying 50 marks) th NOS: HSS/N/0304, 0305, 0306, 0307)				

working environment)					
	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace				
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security				
	procedures to the designated person				
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices				
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently				
	and within the limits of authority	3	3		
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not				
	allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who				
	may get affected				
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and				
	efficiently				
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety,				
	and security to the designated person				
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately				
	Total		3		
3. Waste Management (Ev	aluate with NOS: HSS/N/5105, 5108, 5114, 5115)		1		
HSS/ N 9609 (Follow					
biomedical waste disposal	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the			1	
protocols)	method of collection and containment level according to the waste type	5	5		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard				
	precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective				
	equipment relevant to the type and category of waste				
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current				
	legislation and organisational requirements				
	PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by				
	using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste				
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content				
	of waste				
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action				
	appropriate to the type of waste disposal			1	
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe				
	for transport and disposal				
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its				
	associated risks				
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with			1	
	current legislation and procedures PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in			1	
	correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and			1	
	protocols		-	+	
A Quality Assurance	Total		5		
<b>4. Quality Assurance</b> HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis			1	
assure quality	PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly			1	
assure quality	FCZ. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly		I	I	

Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)	20			
Part 2 Total	10		2	
	PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately			
	PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person			
	PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently			
	PC7. Promptly and accurately report any hazards that he/she is not allowed to deal with to the relevant person and warn other people who may be affected			
	PC6. Identify and correct any hazards that he/she can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of his/her authority	2	2	
	PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person			
	PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and thoroughly			
	PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry			