





QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR ALLIED HEALTHCARE

What are Occupational Standards(OS)?

- OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function
- OS are performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

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Introduction

Qualifications Pack- Frontline Health Worker

SECTOR: HEALTHCARE

SUB-SECTOR: Allied Healthcare & Paramedics

OCCUPATION: Frontline Health Worker

REFERENCE ID: HSS/Q8601

ALIGNED TO: NCO-2004/NIL

Accredited Social Health Activist: Voluntary health worker engaged at village level in implementation and support of National health programmes

Brief Job Description: Individuals in this job provide support to Allied health workers engaged in National health programmes, act as health counsellors to local communities and provide healthcare services

Personal Attributes: The job requires individuals to be well embedded within local communities and be comfortable in interacting with all sections of the community. The individual should be comfortable with providing support to community members at odd hours and should be reassuring and accessible to all community members.











Qualifications Pack Code	HSS/Q8601		
Job Role	Frontline Health Worker		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Sector	Health	Drafted on	12/05/2013
Sub-sector	Allied Health & Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/2013
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	10/12/2016
NSQC Clearance on		18/05/2015	

Job Role	Frontline Health Worker	
Role Description	Provide support to frontline workers involved in healthcare and healthcare related activities, act as health counsellors to local communities and provide healthcare services	
NSQF level Minimum Educational Qualifications* Maximum Educational Qualifications*	Must have at least passed Class VIII and should be functionally literate. This may be relaxed only if no suitable person with this qualification is available.Not Applicable Not Applicable	
Training (Suggested but not mandatory)	Not Applicable	
Minimum Job Entry Age	18 years	
Experience	Not Applicable	
Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Compulsory: 1. HSS/N8601: Assist the Village Health, Sanitation and Nutrition Committee 2. HSS/N8602: Counsel women on contraception and prevention of common infections and reproductive tract infection (RTI) /Sexually transmitted infection (STI) 3. HSS/N8603: Provide healthcare services to adolescents 4. HSS/N8604: Counsel women on nutritional and health needs of young children 5. HSS/N8605: Provide antenatal Counselling 6. HSS/N8606: Provide postnatal Counselling	









	7. HSS/N8607: Counsel women on new-born care and
	immunisation
	8. HSS/N8608: Counsel women on childlessness and abortion
	related issues
	HSS/N8609: Provide primary care and counselling for infectious diseases
	10. HSS/N8610: Provide primary medical care for minor ailments and first aid for minor injuries
	11. HSS/N8611: Undertake timely referrals and escort patients to a hospital where required
	12. HSS/N8612: Provide information on primary curative properties of common AYUSH medicines
	13. HSS/N8613: Promote construction of household toilets under Total Sanitation Campaign
	14. HSS/N8614: Make home visits
	15. HSS/N8615: Support the Anganwadi Worker
	16. HSS/N8616: Support the Auxiliary Nurse Midwife
	17. HSS/N8617: Support the Traditional Birth Attendant
	18. HSS/N8618: Support the Male Swasthya Karmi
	19. HSS/N8619: Maintain records and registration
	20. HSS/N8620: Inform Primary Health Centre of disease outbreaks
	21. HSS/N9601: Collate and communicate health information
	22. HSS/N9602: Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies
	23. HSS/N9603: Act within the limits of your competence and
	authority
	24. HSS/N9606: Maintain a safe, healthy and secure environment
	25. HSS/N9609: Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols
	26. HSS/N9610: Follow infection control policies and procedures
	Ontional
	Optional N.A
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units







Keywords /Terms	Description
Anganwadi	A village level institution put in place to cater to the needs of children below the age of 5, pregnant women and new mothers.
Auxiliary nurse midwife	A trained allied health worker aligned to each village, entrusted with provision of the first level of primary health care and maternal and child health needs.
Core Skills/Generic Skills	Core Skills or Generic Skills are a group of skills that are essential to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Dai	Traditional birth assistants in villages. These birth assistants may or may not be formally trained.
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.
Function	Function is an activity necessary for achieving the key purpose of the sector, occupation, or area of work, which can be carried out by a person or a group of persons. Functions are identified through functional analysis and form the basis of OS.
Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organisation.
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and Understanding are statements that together specify the technical, generic, professional and organisational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard.
Multipurpose Health Worker	An allied health professional at village level entrusted with implementing the National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme through early diagnosis and treatment of vector borne diseases
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	NOS are Occupational Standards that apply uniquely in the Indian context.
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/related set of functions in an industry.
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.
Organisational Context	Organisational Context includes the way the organisation is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
Performance Criteria	Performance Criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
Qualifications Pack Code	Qualifications Pack Code is a unique reference code that identifies a qualifications pack.
Qualifications Pack(QP)	Qualifications Pack comprises the set of OS, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A Qualifications Pack is assigned a unique qualification pack code.



Qualifications Pack For Frontline Health Worker





Scope	Scope is the set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on the quality of performance required.
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar businesses and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.
Sub-functions	Sub-functions are sub-activities essential to fulfil the achieving the objectives of the function.
Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Technical Knowledge	Technical Knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities.
Unit Code	Unit Code is a unique identifier for an OS unit, which can be denoted with 'N'.
Unit Title	Unit Title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Vertical	Vertical may exist within a sub-sector representing different domain areas or the client industries served by the industry.
Village Health Plan	A plan prioritising health and sanitation needs of the village created by the Village Health, Sanitation and Nutrition Committee. This plan is implemented by VHSNC with funds set aside specifically for the purpose
	The same and the same approximately the same participants
Keywords /Terms	Description
Keywords /Terms AIDS	
•	Description
AIDS	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
AIDS ANM	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife
AIDS ANM ARI	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife Acute Respiratory Infection
AIDS ANM ARI ART	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife Acute Respiratory Infection Anti-retroviral therapy
AIDS ANM ARI ART ASHA	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife Acute Respiratory Infection Anti-retroviral therapy Accredited Social Health Activist
AIDS ANM ARI ART ASHA AWW	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife Acute Respiratory Infection Anti-retroviral therapy Accredited Social Health Activist Anganwadi Worker
AIDS ANM ARI ART ASHA AWW BPL	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife Acute Respiratory Infection Anti-retroviral therapy Accredited Social Health Activist Anganwadi Worker Below the Poverty Line
AIDS ANM ARI ART ASHA AWW BPL HIV	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife Acute Respiratory Infection Anti-retroviral therapy Accredited Social Health Activist Anganwadi Worker Below the Poverty Line Human Immuno-deficiency Virus
AIDS ANM ARI ART ASHA AWW BPL HIV	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife Acute Respiratory Infection Anti-retroviral therapy Accredited Social Health Activist Anganwadi Worker Below the Poverty Line Human Immuno-deficiency Virus Intra-Uterine Device
AIDS ANM ARI ART ASHA AWW BPL HIV IUD MPW	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife Acute Respiratory Infection Anti-retroviral therapy Accredited Social Health Activist Anganwadi Worker Below the Poverty Line Human Immuno-deficiency Virus Intra-Uterine Device Multipurpose Health Worker (Male) (also called Swasthya Karmi)
AIDS ANM ARI ART ASHA AWW BPL HIV IUD MPW MTP	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome Auxiliary Nurse Midwife Acute Respiratory Infection Anti-retroviral therapy Accredited Social Health Activist Anganwadi Worker Below the Poverty Line Human Immuno-deficiency Virus Intra-Uterine Device Multipurpose Health Worker (Male) (also called Swasthya Karmi) Medical Termination of Pregnancy

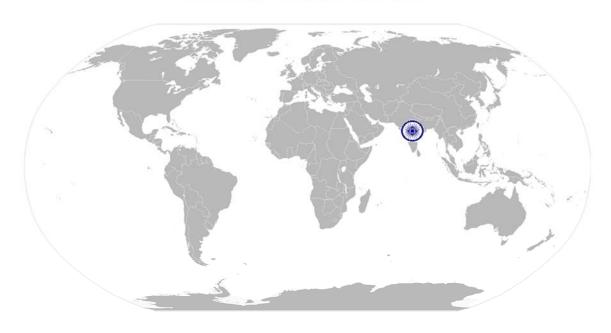








National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to assist the Village Health, Sanitation and Nutrition Committee in developing a health plan for the village.



Healthcare Sector Skill Council







HSS/N8601 Assist the village health, sanitation and nutrition committee (VHSNC)

Unit Code	HSS/N8601	
Unit Title (Task)	Assist the village health, sanitation and nutrition committee (VHSNC)	
Description	This OS unit is about creating a Village Health Plan in conjunction with various stakeholders.	
Scope	This unit/task covers the following: Organising VHSNC monthly meetings Developing the Village Health Plan Ensuring participation of all relevant stakeholders and communities Implementing the Village Health Plan	
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Ensure participation of all relevant stakeholders and communities in the village Health plan PC2. Prepare for the Village Health Plan by observing and prioritising health, nutrition and sanitation needs of the community PC3. Contribute effectively to the implementation of the Village Health Plan by observing and reviewing all incidence of diseases covered under national health programmes, all the programmes under NRHM, ICDS and TSC; maternal and child deaths and other health indicators for the village PC4. Ensure participation of VHSNC members in the Village health nutrition day PC5. Contribute to the Village Health Plan by undertaking the Household Health Survey of the village PC6. Support the VHSNC in utilisation of the untied Fund for the VHSNC and the sub-centre as per the Village Health Plan PC7. Support the VHSNC in submitting the Utilisation Certificates for the untied Fund	
Knowledge and Understanding (K)		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The importance of the village health plan and its objectives KA4. Role of ASHA in supporting village health planning KA5. The health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA6. The role and responsibility of the Village Health, Sanitation and Nutrition Committee KA7. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA	









SS/N8601 Assist the	he village health, sanitation and nutrition committee (VHSNC)
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. Essentials of nutrition, sanitation and environment for the village:
	a. Water safety at home
	b. Determinants of diseases like malaria, tuberculosis, vector borne diseases,
	leprosy etc.
	c. Nutritional requirements
	d. Sanitary latrines
	e. How to protect water sources in village
	f. Importance of Smokeless Chulah
	·
	g. Health hazards presented by rodents
	h. Disposal of waste and stagnant water
	KB2. Social determinants of nutrition and health and prevalence in the local
	community
	KB3. How to conduct the household health survey with the ANM and AWW
	KB4. How to identify key health, nutrition and sanitation risks in the village KB5. How to incorporate risks into the Village Health Plan
	KB6. The importance of incorporating representatives of all community members
	in the Village Health Plan
	KB7. How to motivate representatives from all population groups (all castes, tribes,
	women and minorities) to participate in Village Health Plan
	KB8. How to motivate NGO workers, school seachers, representatives of self-help
	groups to participate in the Village Health Plan
Skills (S)	
	Writing Skills
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
A. Core Skills/	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community
A. Core Skills/	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate
A. Core Skills/	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary-
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B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Decide which health/ sanitation issues are the most pressing for the village
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community
	SB3. How to plan work schedules to ensure participation of all community
	representatives in village health planning
	SB4. How to plan the support to the VHSNC without conflicting with other responsibilities
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB5. Put the needs of the community first
	SB6. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB7. Create work-around to ensure participation of all community members and
	representatives in the Village Health Plan
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to knew and understand how to:
	SB8. Relate their technical knowledge with the environment, sanitation and health
	situation observed in the village to prioritise health and sanitation needs to be
	included in the Village Health Plan
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB9. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action



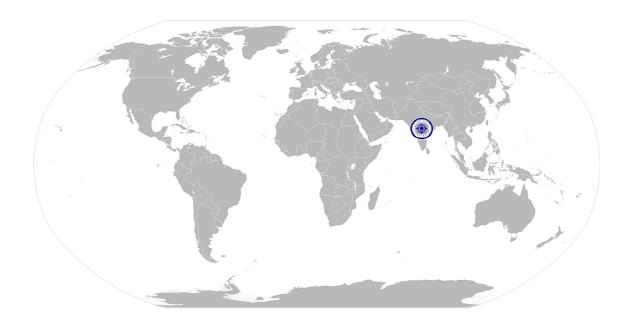






NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/N8601		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16











National Occupational



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to counsel women and eligible couples on contraception and sexual health (including prevention of sexually transmitted infections).



National Occupational Standard







$HSS/N8602 \quad Counsel \ women \ on \ contraception \ and \ prevention \ of \ common \ infections \ and \ RTI/STI$

Unit Code	HSS/N8602
Unit Title (Task)	Counsel women on contraception and prevention of common infections and RTI/STI
Description	This OS unit is about counselling eligible women and couples on contraception, spacing out children and maintaining sexual health.
Scope Performance Criteria(P	 This unit/task covers the following: Identifying eligible couples, adolescents and women for counselling Counselling adolescents, women and couples on contraception and sexual health Counselling women and couples on prevention of Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and Reproductive Tract Infections (RTIs) Escorting men and women to appropriate medical facilities for contraceptive and sterilisation services Social marketing of contraceptives
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Advise women on proper hygiene and cleanliness related to sexual and reproductive health PC2. Disseminate information about prevention of RTIs/HIV/AIDS PC3. Dispel any rumours or misconceptions about contraceptives in villages PC4. Talk about benefits of family planning to couples, individuals and adolescents at different occasions PC5. Counsel couples on delay of first pregnancy immediately after marriage PC6. Ensure that every couple that needs contraceptive services is counselled on where to avail of the service PC7. Ensure that there is no unmet need for spacing contraception among the population living Below the Poverty Line (BPL) PC8. Promote male participation in family planning PC9. Educate men and women on natural contraceptive methods PC10. Counsel women about contraceptive methods including Copper-T 320 PC11. Explain the duration of protection and provide advice on professionals qualified to insert longer term contraceptives (like the Copper T) PC12. Accompany women to the nearest health centre for putting in place longer term contraceptives (like Copper T) PC13. Escort women to the ANM/ Medical Officer prior to usage of oral contraceptives PC14. Provide oral contraceptives to women after visit to the ANM/ Medical officer PC15. Help the ANM to contact women wanting to have a Copper-T insertion PC16. Explain the benefits of sterilisation to couples having two children or wanting terminal method PC17. Explain the advantages of vasectomy over tubectomy PC18. Explain the procedures available for sterilisation (for men and women) and the time, cost and processes required for each PC19. Find out the facilities where sterilisation services such as No-Scalpel Vasectomy and female sterilisation are available









RTI/STI			
	PC20. Accompany men and women wishing to undergo sterilisation to a facility		
	where these services are provided		
	PC21. Advise men and women undergoing sterilisation about monetary incentives		
	offered by the state if any		
	PC22. Ensure there is no unmet need for contraception in the village		
	PC23. Ensure constant availability of contraceptives as part of social marketing		
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)		
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Context	KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission		
(Knowledge of the	KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans		
company /	KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub		
	Health Centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.)		
organization and	KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level		
its processes)	including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA		
	KA5. Central and State Government policy on and incentives offered for		
	contraception and sterilisation		
	KA6. The contraceptive and sterilisation services available at Health facilities		
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge	KB1. The benefits of family planning		
	KB2. The different methods of contraception including:		
	a. barrier methods (condoms)		
	b. hormonal methods (oral contrace types)		
	c. intra-uterine devices (Copper T)		
	d. natural methods		
	e. permanent methods or sterilisation (male and female)		
	KB3. Advantages of vasectomy over tubectomy		
	KB4. How to follow up with couples after sterilisation/ use of contraceptives		
	KB5. Risks and benefits of each method of contraception with respect to		
	preventing pregnancy and avoiding RTIs/ STIs		
	KB6. How to dispel common myths and misconceptions about various forms of		
	birth control/ contraception		
	KB7. How to explain the proper usage of different methods of contraception and		
	what to do in case of failure (e.g. a burst condom or a missed oral		
	contraceptive pill) including:		
	a. usage of emergency contraceptive pill		
	b. information on where emergency contraceptive pills are available		
	b. Information on where emergency contraceptive pins are available		
	KB8. Side effects of oral contraceptives		
	KB9. How to maintain supplies of oral contraceptives and condoms		
	KB10. How to market contraceptives to eligible couples (social marketing)		
	KB11. Fertile and non-fertile periods for women		
	KB12. How to discuss fertility awareness in the meetings of women's groups.		
	KB13. The causes and effects of common RTIs and STIs		
	KB14. Symptoms of common RTIs or STIs		
	KB15. How to prevent RTIs and STIs		
	KB16. How to motivate men and women suffering from RTIs and STIs to seek		
	medical attention from qualified practitioners		









	RTI/STI
	KB17. How to provide information on treatments available or medical practitioners qualified to treat RTIs and STIs KB18. The causes and methods of transmission of HIV/ AIDS KB19. Methods of preventing/ avoiding HIV/ AIDS KB20. Effects of using condoms on prevention of transmission of HIV/ AIDS KB21. Common myths and misconceptions about HIV/ AIDS KB22. How to facilitate removal of stigma from HIV positive persons and persons living with AIDS KB23. How to raise awareness of life-prolonging treatments available for HIV/ AIDS KB24. How to help HIV positive persons and persons living with AIDS in accessing Anti-Retroviral Therapies KB25. How to counsel persons with risky sexual behaviour to have themselves tested for HIV/ AIDS and other RTIs/ STIs
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required of the ASHA Reading Skills The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated
B. Professional Skills	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the village without conflicting with other responsibilities



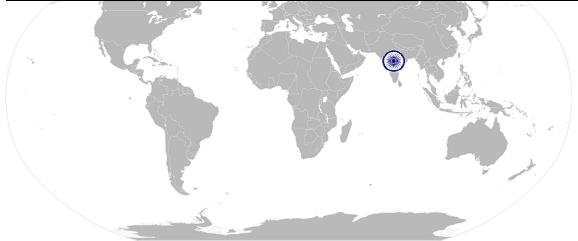






Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Put the needs of the community first SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB7. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and duties Analytical Thinking The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB9. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action







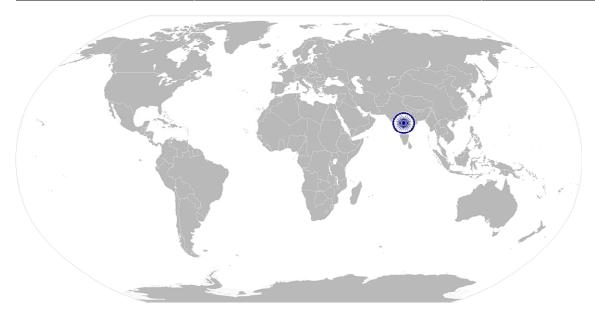




$HSS/N8602 \quad Counsel \ women \ on \ contraception \ and \ prevention \ of \ common \ infections \ and \ RTI/STI$

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/N8602		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16





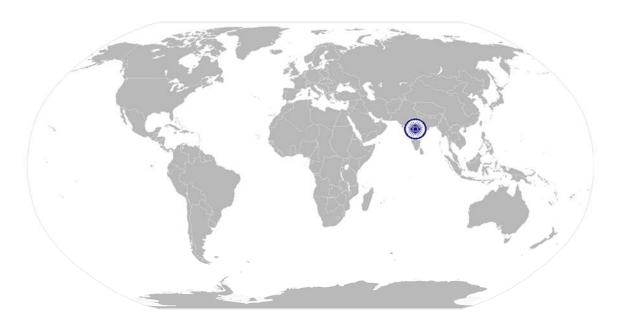






Provide healthcare services to adolescents

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to counsel adolescents on issues relating to sexuality, puberty and health.









National Occupational Standard

Provide healthcare services to adolescents

Unit Code	HSS/N8603		
Unit Title (Task)	Provide healthcare services to adolescents		
Description	This OS unit is about counselling adolescents on puberty, sexuality and health.		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Identifying adolescents and groups of adolescents in the village for counselling Organising counselling and advice forums in schools and Anganwadis Organising counselling sessions by the ANM in schools and Anganwadis Organising periodic meetings with adolescent groups, Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan (NYKS), Yuvati Mandals and other youth groups Talking to Panchayat members, teachers, parents, local leaders and SHG members to sensitise them to the needs of and issues faced by adolescents Escorting adolescents to health centres for health services if required Providing sanitary napkins (social marketing) 		
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Advise adolescents on the changes to expect as they enter puberty PC2. Counsel adolescent girls on changes to expect related to menstruation, especially Pre-menstrual syndrome PC3. Counsel adolescent girls and community members on myths related to menstruation PC4. Advise adolescent girls on proper hygiene and cleanliness related to menstruation PC5. Answer any questions adolescents may have on sexuality, puberty and health PC6. Disseminate information about prevention of RTIs/HIV/AIDS PC7. Organise meetings, sessions and advice forums PC8. Distribute sanitary napkins PC9. Ensure a constant supply of sanitary napkins		
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. Availability of the following at Health Centres: a. Health services for pregnancy and institutional delivery b. Contraceptives c. Services for RTIs/STIs and menstrual problems		









Provide healthcare services to adolescents

N <u>8603</u>	Provide healthcare services to adolescents
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. The changes anticipated in boys and girls attaining puberty
	KB2. Common questions related to sexuality in adolescents
	KB3. The effects of the on-set of menstruation for adolescent girls
	KB4. The proper procedures for maintaining hygiene during menstruation
	KB5. Causes and effects of Pre-Menstrual Syndrome (PMS)
	KB6. Ways of managing symptoms of PMS
	KBO. Ways of managing symptoms of Fivis KB7. The different methods of contraception including:
	·
	a. barrier methods (condoms)
	b. hormonal methods (oral contraceptives)
	c. intra-uterine devices (Copper T)
	d. natural methods
	e. permanent methods or sterilisation (male and female)
	KB8. How to market sanitary napkins
	KB9. How to ensure supply of sanitary napkins at all times
	KB10. Risks and benefits of each method of contraception with respect to
	preventing pregnancy and avoiding RTIs/ STIs
	KB11. How to dispel common myths and misconceptions about various forms of
	birth control/ contraception
	KB12. How to explain the proper usage of different methods of contraception and
	what to do in case of failure (e.g. a burst condom or a missed oral
	contraceptive pill) including:
	a. usage of emergency contraceptive pill
	b. information on where emergency contraceptive pills are available
	KB13. Side effects of oral contraceptives
	KB14. How to maintain supplies of oral contraceptives and condoms
	KB15. The causes and effects of common RTIs and STIs
	KB16. Symptoms of common RTIs or STIs
	KB17. How to prevent RTIs and STIs
	KB18. The causes and methods of transmission of HIV/ AIDS
	KB19. Methods of preventing/ avoiding HIV/ AIDS
	KB20. Effects of using condoms on prevention of transmission of HIV/ AIDS
	KB21. Common myths and misconceptions about HIV/ AIDS
	KB22. How to facilitate removal of stigma from HIV positive persons and persons
Skills (S)	living with AIDS
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community
	SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate
	SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary
	SA4. Record observations made during home visits
	SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required
	of the ASHA Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate









HSS/N8603 Provide healthcare services to adolescents

10003	Provide healthcare services to adolescents	
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs	
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training	
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change	
	Communication	
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC	
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	The state of the grant of the state of the s	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA12. Speak at least one local language	
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members	
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA	
	Plan and Organize	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community	
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the	
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities	
	Customer Centricity	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB4. Put the needs of the community firs	
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members	
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times	
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times	
	Problem Solving	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and	
	duties "	
	Analytical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training	
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities	
	Critical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,	
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action	









Provide healthcare services to adolescents

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/N8603		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16





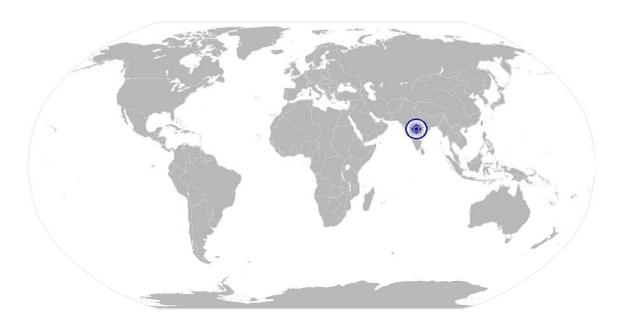






Counsel women on nutritional and health needs of young children

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to counsel women on nutritional needs of young children as well as common ailments and diseases in neonates and youngchildren and their prevention and cure.









HSS/N8604 Counsel women on nutritional and health needs of young children

Unit Code	HSS/N8604		
Unit Title (Task)	Counsel women on nutritional and health needs of young children		
Description	This OS unit is about counselling women on the nutritional needs of children as well a the prevention, management and cure of common childhood ailments and diseases, especially for neonates.		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Identifying pregnant women and new mothers in the village Counselling women on nutritional needs of infants and young children (0-6 years) Counselling women on common symptoms and signs of ailments and diseases in neonates and young children Counselling women on appropriate steps to be taken in case of common ailments and diseases Encouraging families to send young children to the Anganwadi for supplementary nutrition and mothers for take-home rations Escorting mothers and children to appropriate medical facilities when 		
Performance Criteria(P	required C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Communicate essential messages for prevention of malnutrition PC2. Provide advice on feeding and on prevention of illness, and on access to health and nutrition services. PC3. Counsel families to prevent malnutrition and to reverse malnutrition in children below five years PC4. Counsel families to send young children to the Anganwadi for supplementary nutrition and mothers for take-home rations PC5. Ensure that all families with children below the age of two years are counselled and supported for the prevention and management of malnutrition and anaemia and for prevention of illness such as malaria, recurrent diarrhoea and respiratory infection PC6. Ensure that the mother of every child below five years with Diarrhoea, Fever, Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) and worms is counselled on whether referral is immediately required or whether first contact curative care should be provided at home with home remedies and drugs in the ASHA kit PC7. Ensure that Child malnutrition rates are reduced in the village PC8. Ensure that 100% of children with diarrhoea receive ORS		
Knowledge and Unders	9,7		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA		









	sel women on nutritional and health needs of young children
	KA5. Availability of services related to nutrition and child health at local medical
	facilities
	KA6. Nutritional supplements available for infants and children with the ANM and
	the village medical facilities
	KA7. Emergency medicines available with the ANM and AWW (such as ORS)
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. The causes of malnutrition in a specific child – the role of feeding practices,
	illnesses, familial and economic factors and of access to services
	KB2. How to identify general danger signs among sick children
	KB3. How to recognise symptoms of common illnesses such as diarrhoea, fever,
	cough & cold and acute respiratory infection
	KB4. How to promptly refer sick children to the appropriate medical facility
	KB5. How to escort a mother and child to the appropriate medical facility when
	required
	KB6. How to manage common diseases (diarrhoea, fever, cough & cold and acute
	respiratory infection) at home when not immediately dangerous
	KB7. How to maintain an adequate supply of primary care drugs provided in the
	ASHA kit
	KB8. How to ensure that families to send young children to the Anganwadi for
	supplementary nutrition and mothers for take-home rations
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job we do to know and individual hourter
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community
	SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate
	SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary
	SA4. Record observations made during home visits
	SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required of the ASHA
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change
	Communication
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA12. Speak at least one local language
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
B. Professional Skills	ů .
B. Professional Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA









Counsel women on nutritional and health needs of young children

Plan and Organize

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:

SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community

SB3. How to plan support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the village without conflicting with other responsibilities

Customer Centricity

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB4. Put the needs of the community first

SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members

SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times

SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times

Problem Solving

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and duties

Analytical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities

Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to keep and understand how to: SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action





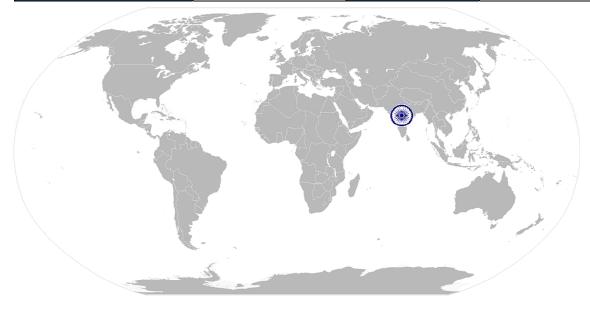




Counsel women on nutritional and health needs of young children

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/N8604		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16





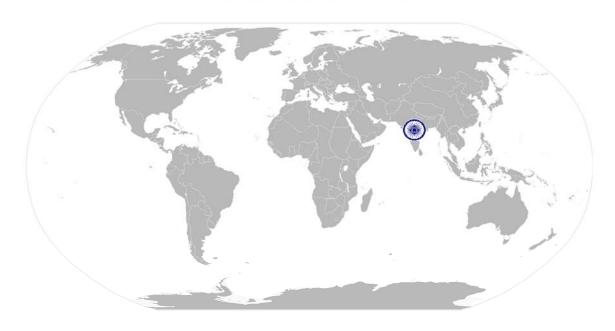






Provide antenatal counselling

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to counsel pregnant women on proper antenatal care and nutrition.









Provide antenatal counselling

N80U5	Provide antenatal counselling		
Unit Code	HSS/N8605		
Unit Title (Task)	Provide antenatal counselling		
Description	This OS unit is about counselling pregnant women on proper antenatal care and nutrition.		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Identifying pregnant women in the village Registering every pregnancy in the village within 12 weeks of the pregnancy Counselling pregnant women and their families on nutritional needs and care during pregnancy Ensuring at least 3 antenatal visits for each pregnant woman Informing expectant mothers about the Janani Suraksha Yojana and the importance of institutional births Escorting mothers for institutional births 		
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Ensure 100% of non-institutional deliveries have skilled assistance PC2. Ensure 100% of institutional deliveries PC3. Ensure all eligible institutional deliveries claim benefits under the Janani Suraksha Yojana PC4. Ensure every pregnant woman receives a Tetanus Toxoid (TT) vaccine and iron folic acid supplements PC5. Ensure every pregnant woman showing danger signs is referred to the ANM or appropriate health facility PC6. Ensure that every pregnant woman and her family receive health information for promotion of appropriate healthcare practices - diet, rest and increased use of services which focus on care in pregnancy, delivery, postnatal care and family planning services PC7. Ensure that every pregnant woman avails of antenatal care (at least 3 visits) and postnatal care at the monthly health worker clinic/Village Health and Nutrition Day PC8. Ensure that every family with a pregnant woman has made a plan and is prepared for the event of childbirth PC9. Counsel women on contraception after delivery		
Knowledge and Unders	- 11		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. Availability of services related to nutrition and care during pregnancy at local medical facilities KA6. Time and availability of the ANM at the village for antenatal check-ups KA7. Nutritional supplements available for pregnant women with the ANM and the village medical facilities		









Provide antenatal counselling

N <u>8605</u>	Provide antenatal counselling
	KA8. Emergency medicines available with the ANM and AWW KA9. Institutional birth services available at local medical facilities KA10. Process and policies for registration of pregnancies in the village
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to ensure that all pregnancies are registered with the Anganwadi and the ANM within 16 weeks of the pregnancy KB2. Care and nutritional needs of pregnant women KB3. The possible complications that could arise during pregnancy especially related to anaemia, malaria and high blood pressure KB4. Essentials of home care necessary during a pregnancy KB5. The importance of and the procedures followed during ante-natal visits to the ANM KB6. Support required from family members during pregnancy KB7. How to counsel family members on care of pregnant women KB8. Potential danger signs during pregnancy including: a. Any vaginal bleeding during pregnancy b. Heavy vaginal bleeding during and following delivery, especially if the woman is feeling weak and faint c. Severe headache/blurring of vision d. Convulsions or loss of consciousness e. Labour pains lasting more than 12 hours f. Labour pains lasting more than 12 hours f. Labour pains before eight month (a) 32-36 weeks of pregnancy g. Premature rupture of the bag of waters or leakage of water from uterus membranes, leaking etc. h. Failure of the placenta to come out within 30 minutes after delivery i. Baby stops kicking inside the womb KB9. How to help eligible women access benefits under the Janani Suraksha Yojana KB10. How to facilitate immediate transfer of a pregnant women to the nearest health care facility in case of an emergency KB11. How to escort pregnant women to a healthcare facility for institutional delivery KB12. How to enable traditional birth attendants (in case of home births) to obtain a Dai delivery kit from the healthcare centre KB13. The importance of being alert to the possibility of female foeticide KB14. How to ensure all under-nourished pregnant women receive supplementary nutrition from the Anganwadi
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required of the ASHA









HSS/N8605	Provide antenatal counselling

8605	Provide antenatal counselling			
	Reading Skills			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate			
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs			
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training			
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change			
	Communication			
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC			
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated			
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA12. Speak at least one local language			
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members			
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB1. Make decisions related to referrals for women exhibiting danger signs during			
	pregnancy			
	SB2. Make decisions on escorting women to appropriate medical facilities when			
	required			
	Plan and Organize			
	-			
	The user/individual on the job needs to keep and understand:			
	SB3. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community			
	SB4. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the			
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities			
	Customer Centricity			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB5. Put the needs of the community first			
	SB6. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members			
	SB7. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times			
	SB8. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times			
	Problem Solving			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB9. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and			
	duties			
	Analytical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB10. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training			
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities			
	Critical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB11. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,			
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action			





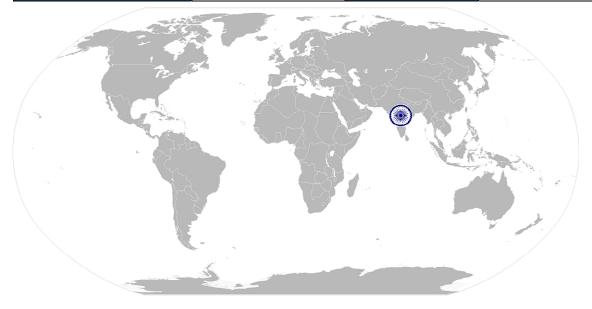




Provide antenatal counselling

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/N8605			
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0	
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13	
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13	
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16	





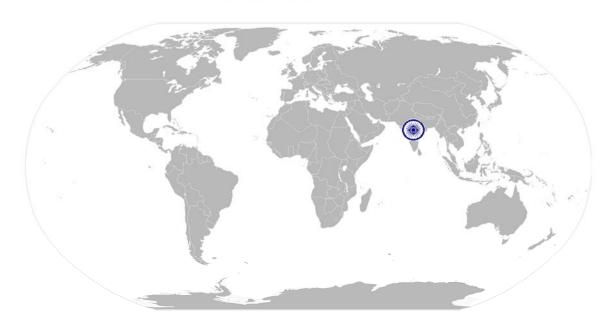






Provide postnatal counselling

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to counsel new mothers on proper postnatal care and nutrition.









National Occupational Standard

Provide postnatal counselling

Provide postnatai counseiling
HSS/N8606
Provide postnatal counselling
This OS unit is about counselling pregnant women on proper postnatal care and nutrition.
 This unit/task covers the following: Counselling women on breast feeding and complementary feeding, immunization and care of a young child Counselling women on proper nutrition after birth of a child, especially during lactation Supporting the AWW in mobilising lactating women and infants for nutrition supplement Counselling women on family planning post-delivery
C) w.r.t. the Scope
Performance Criteria
To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Ensure that all new-borns are registered with the Anganwadi and the Gram Panchayat PC2. Ensure that new mothers receive at least one medical check-up within two weeks of delivery PC3. Counsel new mothers to visit the AN for minor complaints PC4. Assist ANMs in conducting postnatal clinic and screening women and children with danger signals. PC5. Referral of post-natal women in case of danger signs PC6. Counsel women on exclusive breast-feeding for the new born PC7. Counsel new mothers on contraceptive needs (temporary/permanent) as required and help the women/family to get the same PC8. Ensure that both new mothers and infants receive supplementary nutrition available at the Anganwadi Centre PC9. Counsel new mothers on use of contraception post delivery
tanding (K)
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. Availability of services related to nutrition and care during pregnancy at local medical facilities KA6. Time and availability of the ANM at the village for Post-natal check-ups KA7. Nutritional supplements available for lactating women and infants with the ANM and the village medical facilities KA8. Emergency medicines available with the ANM and AWW









Provide postnatal counselling

B. Technical				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
Knowledge	KB1. How to ensure that all births are registered			
· ·	KB2. Care and nutritional needs of infants and lactating women			
	KB3. The importance of and the processes involved in postnatal check-ups			
	KB4. Symptoms which require women to visit the ANM (e.g. sore breasts, foul			
	smelling discharges etc.)			
	KB5. Danger signals for postnatal health of the mother such as:			
	a. Excessive vaginal bleeding			
	b. Loss of consciousness			
	c. Fast or difficult breathing			
	d. Fever			
	e. Severe abdominal pain			
	KB6. The importance of exclusively breast feeding infants			
	KB7. How to counsel women (and escort them when necessary) to receive			
	supplementary nutrition from the ANM/ AWW			
	KB8. How to counsel new mothers on use of contraception after delive			
Skills (S)	Resolution to competition mounters on use of contraception after delive			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills			
Generic Skills	The second study of a state of the second second second become			
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community			
	SA2. Write well enough to be classified as werate			
	SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary			
	SA4. Record observations made during home visits			
	SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required			
	of the ASHA			
	Reading Skills			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAS SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language			
B. Professional Skills	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members			
B. Professional Skills	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members Decision Making			
B. Professional Skills	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
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B. Professional Skills	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
B. Professional Skills	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA Plan and Organize			









Provide postnatal counselling

village without	conflicting	with other	responsibilities

Customer Centricity

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB4. Put the needs of the community first

SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members

SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times

SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times

Problem Solving

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and duties

Analytical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities

Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action



NOS Version Control

NOS Code		HSS/N8606	
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16



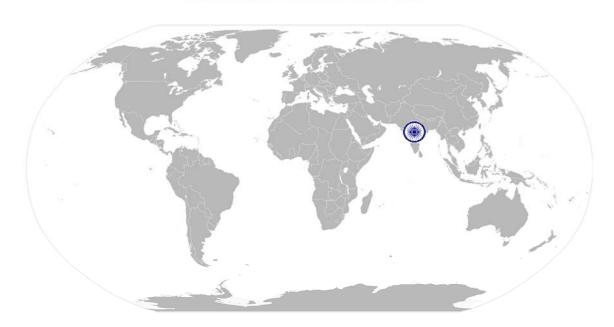






Counsel women on new-born care and immunisation

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to counsel new mothers on proper care and nutrition of new-borns and the importance of immunisation.









HSS/N8607 Counsel women on new-born care and immunisation

Unit Code	HSS/N8607
Unit Title	
(Task)	Counsel women on new-born care and immunisation
Description	This OS unit is about counselling pregnant women and new mothers on proper care, nutrition and immunisation of new-born
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Counselling women on breast feeding and complementary feeding, immunization and care of a young child Counselling women on proper nutrition for new-borns Counselling new mothers on care of new-borns and danger signs Observing new-born for danger signs Supporting the AWW in mobilising lactating women and infants for nutrition supplement
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Ensure that all new-borns are registered with the Anganwadi and the Gram Panchayat PC2. Assist ANMs in conducting postnatal clinic and screening women and children with danger signals PC3. Counsel and support women on exclusive breast-feeding for the new-born PC4. Ensure that both new mothers and infants receive supplementary nutrition available at the Anganwadi Centre PC5. Ensure that all new-borns are weighed at appropriate times and families are counselled on the importance of this activity PC6. Ensure 100% immunisation of children in the 12-23 months age group PC7. Ensure that every new-born is visited as per the schedule, more often if there are problems and receives essential home-based care as well as appropriate referral for the sick new-born PC8. Ensure that every family receives the information and support it needs to access immunisation PC9. Help reduce the Infant Mortality Rate in the village through proper care and immediate referrals in case of illness PC10. Ensure that all new mothers obtain a Mother & Child Protection Card filled by the ANM/ AWW PC11. Ensure that every new-born showing danger signs is referred to the ANM or appropriate health facility
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. Time and availability of the ANM at the village for postnatal check-ups for mother and child









Counsel women on new-born care and immunisation

1 <u>8607</u>	Counsel women on new-born care and immunisation			
	KA6. Nutritional supplements available for lactating women and infants with the			
	ANM and the village medical facilities			
	KA7. Emergency medicines available with the ANM and AWW			
	KA8. Process and policies for registration of births in the village			
	KA9. Immunisation schedule for the village			
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
Knowledge	KB1. How to ensure that all births are registered KB2. Care and nutritional needs of infants and lactating women			
	KB3. The importance of and the processes involved in postnatal check-ups for			
	neonatal children			
	KB4. The importance of exclusively breast feeding infants			
	KB5. How to counsel women (and escort them when necessary) to obtain			
	supplementary nutrition for neonates from the ANM/ AWW			
	KB6. The schedule for making visits to new mothers and infants to:			
	a. Weigh the child and measure growth			
	b. Check for illness/ danger signs			
	c. Diagnose common illnesses such as fever, cold, cough, diarrhoea			
	d. Check if immunisation schedule is being followed			
	KB7. How to provide special care for low birth weight babies born at home or who have discharged			
	KB8. Steps to be taken in case of fever, cold, cough or diarrhoea in an infant			
	KB9. How to manage inventory of ORS for diarrhoea			
	KB10. How to help mothers/ families access common medicines/ ORS for infant care			
	from the ANM/ AWW			
	KB11. Danger signals for neo-natal health such as:			
	a. Poor sucking of breast			
	b. Sickness			
	c. Fever			
	d. Fast breathing/ Difficulty in breathing			
	e. Blood in stool			
	f. Pallor and colour of palms/soles (blue or yellow staining)			
	g. Abnormal movements (convulsions)			
	h. Excessive drowsiness or crying			
	i. Cold or hot to touch			
	j. Bleeding from any site			
	k. Abdominal distension			
	I. No meconium passed within 24 hours of birth			
	m. No urine passed in 48 hours			
	n. Loss of consciousness			
	o. Severe abdominal pain			
	KB12. When to make an immediate referral for infants			
	KB13. Precautions to be taken during referral of infants			
	KB14. How to arrange for transport for mother and child in case of referral (and when			
	to escort mother and child to the nearest medical facility)			
	KB15. The importance of immunisation and schedule for immunisation of infants and			
	children			
	KB16. How to counsel women and families on the importance of immunisation			









	KB17. How to facilitate families in accessing immunisation services KB18. How to help the ANM/ AWW in mobilising village community in using immunisation services/ attending immunisation camps KB19. How to ensure that all new mothers obtain a Mother & Child Protection Card filled by the ANM/ AWW
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required of the ASHA Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change
	Communication
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
B. Professional Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the village without conflicting with other responsibilities
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB4. Put the needs of the community first
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and
	duties









	HSS/N8607	Counsel women on new-born care and immunisation
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	Analytical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training			
manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities				
Critical Thinking				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,			
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action			

NOS Code		HSS/N8607	
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16



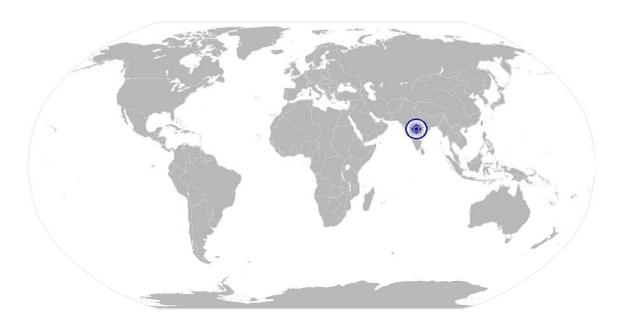






Counsel women on childlessness and abortion related issues

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to counsel women on childlessness and abortion related issues.









HSS/N8608 Counsel women on childlessness and abortion related issues

Unit Code	HSS/N8608			
Unit Title (Task)	Counsel women on childlessness and abortion related issues			
Description	This OS unit is about counselling women on childlessness and safe medical terminations of pregnancy			
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:			
	Counselling women on issues related to childlessness			
	Counselling women on safe medical terminations of pregnancy			
Performance Criteria(F				
Element	Performance Criteria			
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Counsel women and families on infertility and refer to a medical facility PC2. Ensure that all pregnancies are registered with the Anganwadi within 12-16 weeks PC3. Educate families and the community about the dangers of unsafe abortion PC4. Escort women to approved centres for medical termination of pregnancy (MTP), if needed PC5. Counsel women on safe abortions and the time duration within which abortions can be performed safely PC6. Educate them about the need to use effective contraception after undergoing an abortion, so as to minimise the need for further abortions PC7. Prevent termination of pregnancy after identification of the sex of the foetus as female			
Knowledge and Under	standing (K)			
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. Emergency medicines available with the ANM and AWW KA6. Centres/institutions approved by Government for performing MTP near the village KA7. Days when MTP is performed KA8. Expense associated with MTP at government approved centres KA9. Centres where infertility assessment can be performed			
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How reproduction occurs KB2. Possible reasons for childlessness KB3. How to refer couples/ families for infertility assessment/ treatment KB4. How to ensure that all pregnancies are registered KB5. The various methods of safe termination of pregnancy KB6. Risks associated with unsafe abortions KB7. Danger signs post-abortions which require immediate referral to a medical facility KB8. Post-abortal care for the woman			









	KB9. How to counsel women on contraceptive use to prevent need for future abortions KB10. How to be vigilant for selective sex abortions and how to prevent these KB11. How to counsel women and families on safe abortions KB12. How to escort women to government approved centres for termination of pregnancies if required
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Sk	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics require of the ASHA
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members
B. Professiona	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the village without conflicting with other responsibilities
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Put the needs of the community first SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times









HSS/N8608 Counsel women on childlessness and abortion related issues

0000	Counsel women on childressness and aboution related issues			
	Problem Solving			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and			
	duties			
	Analytical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training manuals			
	and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities			
	Critical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,			
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action			

NOS Version Control **NOS Code** HSS/N8608 Credits (NSQF) TBD **Version number** 1.0 Industry Health **Drafted on** 12/05/13 **Allied Health and** Last reviewed on 19/07/13 **Industry Sub-sector** Paramedics Occupation Frontline Health Worker **Next review date** 24/12/16









Provide primary medical care for minor ailments and first aid for minor injuries

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to provide primary care for minor ailments and first aid for injuries.









HSS/N8610 Provide primary medical care for minor ailments and first aid for minor injuries

Unit Code	HSS/N8610			
Unit Title (Task)	Provide primary medical care for minor ailments and first aid for minor injuries			
Description	This OS unit is about providing medical care for minor ailments like cough, cold and fever and first aid for minor injuries like burns			
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Providing first aid for injuries like burns, wounds and animal bites Providing primary care for and advice on minor ailments like cough, cold and fever Holding stocks of common primary care medicines and first aid 			
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope			
Element	Performance Criteria			
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Provide first aid for wounds, animal bites and burns PC2. Refer serious cases requiring stiches, rabies shots and advanced burn treatment to the appropriate medical facility PC3. Provide primary care for coughs, colds, fever and diarrhoea PC4. Refer patients to the appropriate medical facility when required			
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)			
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. Emergency medicines available with the ANM and AWW KA6. Contents of the ASHA kit			
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to provide primary care for coughs, colds, fever and diarrhoea KB2. When to refer patients to an appropriate medical facility for advanced care KB3. How to hold adequate stock of primary care medicines and first aid KB4. How to provide first aid for wounds, burns and animal bites KB5. Precautions to be taken with wounds and burns KB6. Danger signs for wounds, burns and animal bites KB7. When to refer patients for stitches, rabies shots or burn care to the appropriate medical facility			
Skills (S)	Writing Skills			
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required			









HSS/N8610 Provide primary medical care for minor ailments and first aid for minor injuries

	injuries			
	of the ASHA			
	Reading Skills			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate			
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs			
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training			
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change			
	Communication			
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC			
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated			
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)			
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skins)			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA12. Speak at least one local language			
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members			
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA			
	Plan and Organize			
	Fian and Organize			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the news of the community			
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the			
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities			
	Customer Centricity			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB4. Put the needs of the community first			
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members			
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times			
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times			
	Problem Solving			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and			
	duties			
	Analytical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training			
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities			
	Critical Thinking			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,			
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action			
	,			



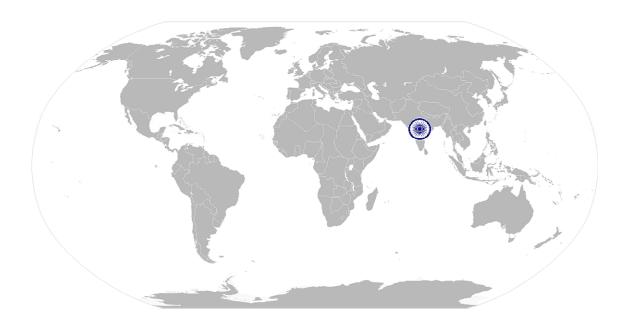






HSS/N8610 Provide primary medical care for minor ailments and first aid for minor injuries

NOS Code	HSS/N8610		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16





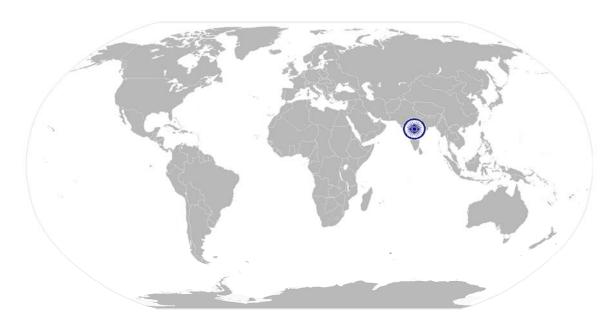






HSS/N8611 Undertake timely referrals and escort patients to a hospital where required

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to undertake timely referrals to the appropriate medical facility and escort patients to a hospital where required.









HSS/N8611 Undertake timely referrals and escort patients to a hospital where required

Unit Code	HSS/N8611
Unit Title (Task)	Undertake timely referrals and escort patients to a hospital where required
Description	This OS unit is about providing referrals to appropriate medical facilities and escorting patients to a hospital where required
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Providing referrals to appropriate medical facilities Escorting patients to a hospital/ medical facility in case of emergency or when required
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Diagnose common health problems including: a. Danger signs during pregnanc b. Symptoms of chronic infectious diseases like TB c. Symptoms of infectious diseases like Malaria
	d. Danger signs in infants and small children PC2. Refer patients to the appropriate medical facility when required PC3. Escort patients to the appropriate medical facility when required PC4. Arrange for transportation to the nearest medical facility when escorting a patient PC5. Ensure display of referral transport details in prominent places
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. Emergency medicines available with the ANM and AWW KA6. Contents of the ASHA kit KA7. Government ambulance system/ 2-3 transport owners with pre-determined rates for transport with contact details
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to diagnose common ailments and problems in pregnancy and childhood including: a. Danger signs post-abortion, in pregnancy and post-partum b. Danger signs in infants and young children c. Possible cases of HIV, STI or RTI d. Possible cases of infectious diseases like malaria or TB e. Wounds, animal bites and other problems requiring advanced care KB2. When to refer patients to an appropriate medical facility for advanced care KB3. How to escort patients to a Health Facility in the following situations:









HSS/N8611 Undertake timely referrals and escort patients to a hospital where required a. For Institutional deliveries b. Childbirth and immediately after childbirth c. Difficulties during pregnancy and childbirth d. Abortion and bleeding e. Serious sickness of a child f. Serious sickness e.g. brain malaria or heat stroke g. Suspected cases of TB or HIV h. Accidents like snake bite, burns, serious injury, poisoning, drowning For sterilisation or for accepting IUD For ante-natal and post natal check ups KB4. How to arrange transport when escorting a patient to a medical facility KB5. How to ensure that referral transport details are displayed at a prominent location Skills (S)

Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community
	SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate
	SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary
	SA4. Record observations made during home visits
	SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required
	of the ASHA
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change
	Communication
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA12. Speak at least one local language
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members
Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities
	Generic Skills









11 Underta	Undertake timely referrals and escort patients to a hospital where required		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB4. Put the needs of the community first		
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members		
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times		
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and		
	duties		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training		
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities		
	Critical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,		

experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action

NOS Code		HSS/N8611	The state of the s
Credits (NSQF)	≻TBD ¬	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16









National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to provide information on primary curative properties of common AYUSH medicines.









Unit Code HSS/N8612		HSS/N8612		
Unit Title (Task)		Provide information on primary curative properties of common AYUSH medicines		
	Description	This OS unit is about providing information on common AYUSH medicines and the		
		curative properties of commonly available herbs and natural substances		
	Scope	This unit/task covers the following:		
		Providing information on AYUSH medicines and other natural substances for		
		common ailments		
	Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
	Element	Performance Criteria		
	Providing	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:		
	information on	PC1. Diagnose common ailments		
	AYUSH medicines	PC2. Provide information on AYUSH medicines for common ailments		
	and other natural			
	substances for			
	common ailments			
	Knowledge and Unders			
	A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	Context	KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission		
	(Knowledge of the	KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.)		
	company /			
	organization and			
	its processes)	KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level		
including the Aivivi, Avvvv, ivii vv and TBA				
KAS. Emergency medicines available with the ANM and AWW		KAS. Emergency medicines available with the ANIVI and AWW KA6. Contents of the ASHA kit		
	B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	Knowledge	KB1. The different systems of medicine encompassed by AYUSH including		
	Kilowicuse	Ayurveda, Unani, Homeopathy and Naturopathy		
		KB2. The philosophies underlying the different systems of healing		
		KB3. Common remedies for iron deficiency/ anaemia		
		KB4. Common remedies for gastro-intestinal ailments		
		KB5. Curative properties of medicinal plants and herbs		
		KB6. Curative properties of some compound formulations in AYUSH		
		· ·		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Skills (S)				
	A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
	Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
		•		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		_		
		·		
		- I		
	A. Core Skills/	KB7. How to provide information on the appropriate medicinal plants/ herbs/ medicines to be taken, manner of ingestion and dosage based on the ailment or symptoms presented by the patient Writing Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required		









	of the ASHA	
	Reading Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate	
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs	
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training	
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change	
	Communication	
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC	
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA12. Speak at least one local language	
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members	
. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA	
	Plan and Organize	
	The week individual or the STL was do to be seen and with the state of	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the new of the community	
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the	
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities	
Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB4. Put the needs of the community first	
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members	
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times	
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times	
	Problem Solving	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and	
duties		
	Analytical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training	
manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities		
	Critical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,	
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action	









NOS Code	HSS/N8612		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16



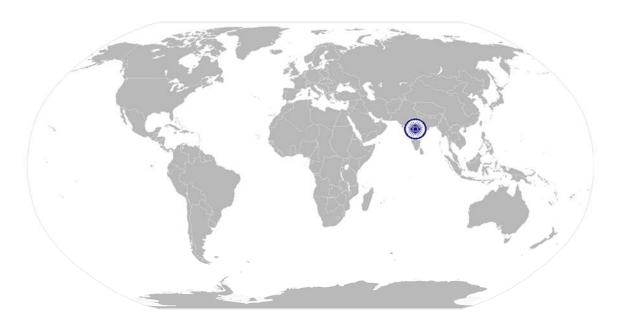








National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to provide information on the Total Sanitation Campaign and promote the construction of household toilets.









Unit Code	HSS/N8613
Unit Title (Task)	Promote construction of household toilets under Total Sanitation Campaign
Description	This OS unit is about providing information on the Total Sanitation Campaign and promoting the construction of household toilets as a way of promoting better health in the community
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	Providing information on the Total sanitation campaign
	Mobilising the community to have household toilets constructed
Performance Criteria(P	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Mobilise the community to construct household toilets in the village PC2. Reduce the incidence of open defecation in the village PC3. Conduct Information, Education and Communication (IEC) activities to promote sanitation
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes) B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. The guidelines for the Nirmal Gram Puruskar KA6. The guidelines for the Total Sanitation Campaign The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The benefits of having properly constructed household toilets KB2. The hygiene related factors for household toilets KB3. The potentially harmful effects of open defecation KB4. The privacy related benefits of constructed household and school toilets, especially for girls and women KB5. The health benefits of toilets KB6. The incentive available under the Nirmal Gram Puruskar and how to claim them KB7. How to conduct IEC activities to promote construction of toilets
Skills (S)	RB7. How to conduct rec activities to promote construction of tollets
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required of the ASHA









	1		
	Reading Skills		
	Reduing Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate		
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs		
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training		
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change		
	Communication		
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC		
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA12. Speak at least one local language		
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA		
	Plan and Organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community		
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHS and other Allied Health Workers in the		
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB4. Put the needs of the community first		
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members		
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times		
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and		
	duties		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training		
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities		
	Critical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,		
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action		









NOS Code	HSS/N8613		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16





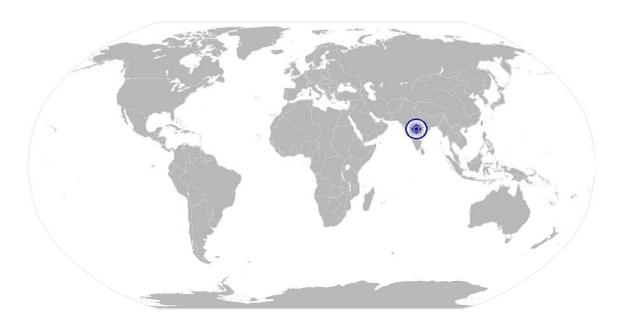






Make home visit

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to make observations on community health and wellbeing through Home Visits.











Make home visit

8614	Make home visit
Unit Code	HSS/N8614
Unit Title (Task)	Make home visit
Description	This OS unit is about making home visits to interact with families in the community, especially the young women of the house; developing a rapport with them, communicating key health messages, supporting better health practices, identifying illness early and providing appropriate advice
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Making home visits to observe health practices and provide counselling to the community
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Making home visits to observe health practices and provide counselling to the community	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Build a rapport with the community members, especially the women in the community PC2. Organise a home visit schedule to cover all homes in the community PC3. Mobilise pregnant women and new mothers to receive ante and postnatal care and supplementary nutrition PC4. Mobilise pregnant women to have institutional deliveries PC5. Mobilise parents to have their children immunised PC6. Mobilise community members with possibility of STIs/ RTIs, communicable diseases, chronic diseases or other ailments to have tests done or to take treatment PC7. Mobilise the community to adopt health and hygiene related precautions (e.g. disinfect stagnant pools of water, wash hands often etc.) PC8. Facilitate implementation of national health plans and schemes
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. Essentials of sanitation and environment for the village and the community (e.g. water safety) KB2. Social determinants of health and prevalence in the local community KB3. Essentials for maternal and child health (including requirements of antenatal and postnatal care) KB4. Symptoms, prevention and care of common childhood diseases KB5. Symptoms, prevention and care of common ailments, wounds, burns and animal bites KB6. Symptoms, prevention and home based care of chronic ailments (e.g. tuberculosis or cancer) KB7. When to make referrals to appropriate health facilities









Make home visit

Skills (S)		
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills	
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required of the ASHA Reading Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members	
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the village without conflicting with other responsibilities Customer Centricity	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Put the needs of the community first SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times Problem Solving	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and duties Analytical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities	









HSS/N8614 Make home visit

Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action

NOS Code		HSS/N8614		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0	
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13	
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13	
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16	





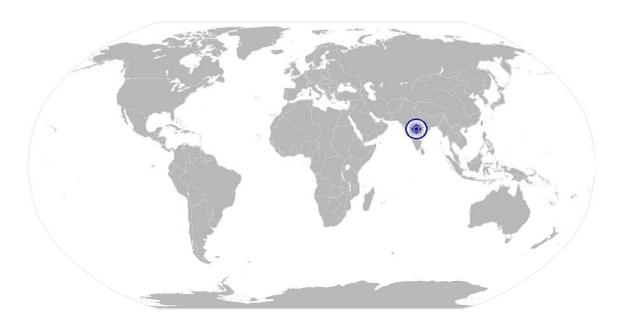






Support the Anganwadi Worker

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to support the Anganwadi worker in her responsibilities.









Support the Anganwadi Worker

Unit Code	HSS/N8615		
Unit Title (Task)	Support the Anganwadi Worker		
Description	This OS unit is about supporting the AWW in activities for pregnant and lactating mothers and children and in organising the monthly Village Health and Nutrition Day		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Supporting the AWW in her duties relating to pregnant and lactating mothers and children Supporting the AWW in organising the monthly Village Health and Nutrition Day (VHND) 		
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Build a rapport with the community members, especially the women in the community PC2. Provide information on health related issues to women, adolescent girls and children PC3. Mobilise pregnant women to have antenatal check-ups and supplementary nutrition PC4. Mobilise pregnant women to have institutional deliveries PC5. Explain the importance of postnatal check-ups and supplementary nutrition PC6. Provide information on home remedies for minor ailments, burns, wounds and animal bites PC7. Explain the importance of immunisation PC8. Mobilise community members with possibility of STIs/ RTIs, communicable diseases, chronic diseases or other ailments to have tests done or to take treatment PC9. Mobilise the community to adopt health and hygiene related precautions (e.g. disinfect stagnant pools of water, wash hands often etc.)		
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The importance of nutritious food and personal hygiene KB2. The importance of care during pregnancy and antenatal check-ups KB3. The importance of institutional deliveries KB4. The importance of postnatal check-ups and supplementary nutrition KB5. Home remedies for minor ailments, burns, wounds and animal bites KB6. The importance of immunisation KB7. Essentials of sanitation and environment for the village and the community (e.g. water safety)		









HSS/N<u>8615</u>

Support the Anganwadi Worker

	KB8. Social determinants of health and prevalence in the local community		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community		
	SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate		
	SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary		
	SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required		
	of the ASHA		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate		
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs		
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training		
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change		
	Communication		
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	Cital Communication (=1550ming and opening state)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA12. Speak at least one local language		
D D () 101311	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA		
	Plan and Organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community		
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the village without conflicting with other responsibilities		
	Customer Centricity		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Put the needs of the community first		
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members		
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times		
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and duties		
	Analytical Thinking		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training		









HSS/N8615	Support the Anganwadi Worker
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action

NOS Code		HSS/N8615		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0	
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13	
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13	
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16	





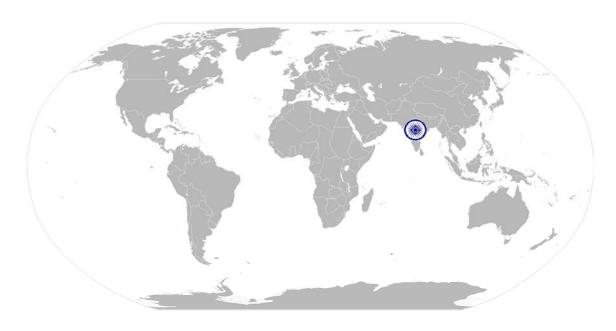






Support the Auxiliary Nurse Midwife

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to support the Auxiliary Nurse Midwife in her responsibilities.









Support the Auxiliary Nurse Midwife

N8616		Support the Auxiliary Nurse Midwife			
Unit Code		HSS/N8616			
Unit Title (Task)		Support the Auxiliary Nurse Midwife			
Description		This OS unit is about supporting the ANM in maternal and child health, reproductive health and medical aid			
Scope		 This unit/task covers the following: Supporting the ANM in maternal and child health, reproductive health and medical aid) 			
Performanc	ce Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope			
Element		Performance Criteria			
Supporting in maternal health, repr health and medical aid	and child roductive	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Build a rapport with the community members, especially the women in the community PC2. Mobilise pregnant women to have antenatal check-ups and supplementary nutrition PC3. Mobilise new mothers to have postnatal check-ups and supplementary			
		nutrition PC4. Mobilise community members to seek medical attention from the ANM for ailments, burns, wounds and animal bites PC5. Explain the importance of immunisation and mobilise parents to have their children immunised PC6. Mobilise community members with possibility of STIs/ RTIs to have tests done by the ANM PC7. Mobilise young couples to approach the ANM for contraception			
Knowledge	and Unders	tanding (K)			
A. Organiza Context	ational dge of the y / tion and	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA			
B. Technical Knowled		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The importance of care during pregnancy and antenatal check-ups KB2. The importance of postnatal check-ups and supplementary nutrition KB3. The importance of immunisation and the immunisation schedule of the ANM KB4. The various methods of contraception and the contraceptive available with the ANM KB5. The possible symptoms of RTIs/ STIs and the test kits available with the ANM			
Skills (S)	Skills (S)				
A. Core Sk	ills/	Writing Skills			
Generic	: Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary			









S/N8616	Support the Auxiliary Nurse Midwife SA4. Record observations made during home visits	
	SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics r	
	of the ASHA	
	Reading Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate	
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs	
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training	
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change	
	Communication	
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC	
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking Skins)	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA12. Speak at least one local language	
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members	
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA	
	Plan and Organize	
	The user/individual on the job needs to kkeep and understand:	
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community	
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the	
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities	
	Customer Centricity	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB4. Put the needs of the community first	
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members	
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times	
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times	
	Problem Solving	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and	
	duties	
	Analytical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training	
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities	
	Critical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,	
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action	



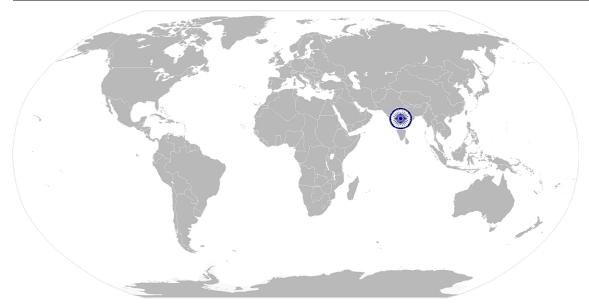






Support the Auxiliary Nurse Midwife

NOS Code	HSS/N8616		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16





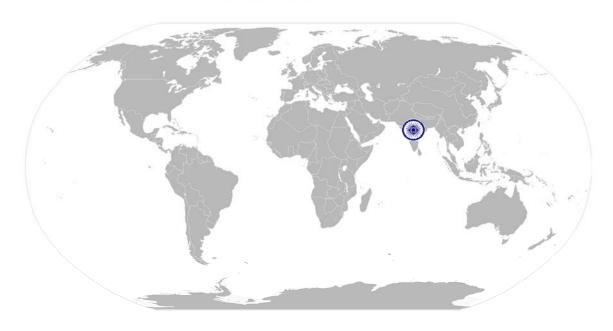






Support the Traditional Birth Attendant

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to support the Traditional Birth Attendant in the childbirth process.









HSS/N8617 Support the Traditional Birth Attendant

8617 Support the Traditional Birth Attendant				
Unit Code	HSS/N8617			
Unit Title (Task)	Support the Traditional Birth Attendant			
Description	This OS unit is about supporting the Traditional Birth Attendant (TBA) or Dai in facilitating childbirth			
Scope	This unit/task covers the following: • Supporting the Traditional Birth Attendant (TBA) or Dai in facilitating childbirth			
Performance Criteria(P	Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope			
Element	Performance Criteria			
Supporting the Traditional Birth Attendant (TBA) or Dai in facilitating childbirth	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Explain the importance of a medically safe and hygienic childbirth process PC2. Explain the potential risks associated with childbirth at home PC3. Explain the essential requirements for a clean and safe childbirth process at home with a TBA PC4. Counsel women opting for childbirth with a TBA PC5. Obtain Clean childbirth kits for the TBA as required PC6. Counsel the TBA and the pregnant woman on precautions to be taken during childbirth at home PC7. Counsel the TBA and the pregnant woman on potential danger signs to be aware of during the childbirth process PC8. Counsel TBA and pregnant woman on precautions to dealer signs PC9. Keep contact with TBA to keep track of pregnancies PC10. Counsel TBA on being aware of potential female foeticide and identifying possible cases of sex determination			
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)			
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. The availability of Clean childbirth kits with the ANM/ Primary Health Centre and how to obtain these			
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The importance of care and hygiene during childbirth KB2. The requirements for medically safe and hygienic childbirth KB3. The provisions contained within a Dai delivery kit KB4. Precautions to be taken during childbirth at home KB5. Signs of distress or danger during childbirth at home KB6. How to refer mother or new-born in case of danger signs			
Skills (S)				
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community			









S/N8617	Support the Traditional Birth Attendant
	SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate
	SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary
	SA4. Record observations made during home visits
	SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required
	of the ASHA
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate
	SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change
	Communication
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA12. Speak at least one local language
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members
B. Professiona	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB4. Put the needs of the community first
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and
	duties
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,



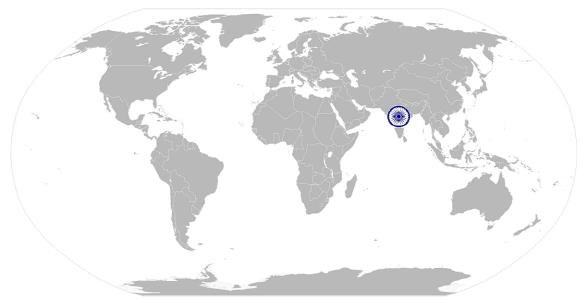






Support the Traditional Birth Attendant

NOS Code	HSS/N8617		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16





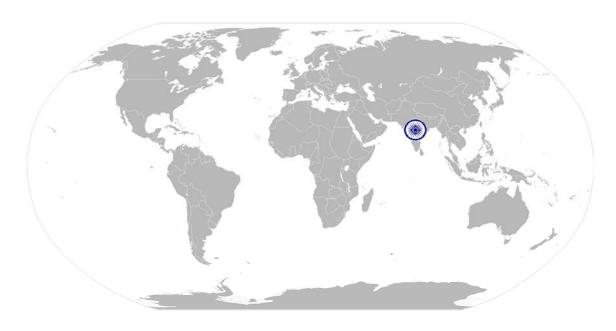






Support the Male Swasthya Karmi

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to support the Male Swasthya Karmi in his work.









Support the Male Swasthya Karmi

0010	Support the Male Swastnya Karini
Unit Code	HSS/N8618
Unit Title (Task)	Support the Male Swasthya Karmi
Description	This OS unit is about supporting the Male Swasthya Karmi (or Male Multipurpose Worker) (MPW) in his work, especially in collection of samples for suspected cases of malaria
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Supporting the Male Swasthya Karmi in collecting samples for Malaria Supporting the MPW in any other work related to health
Performance Criteria(P	
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Explain the causes of malaria and precautions to be taken for its prevention PC2. Explain symptoms of malaria PC3. Identify possible cases of malaria before an outbreak PC4. Mobilise suspected cases of malaria to be tested by the MPW PC5. Inform the MPW of suspected cases of malaria PC6. Assist the MPW in collecting blood samples from suspected cases of malaria PC7. Inform the Primary Health Centre of suspected outbreaks of malaria
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The causes of malaria and its prevention KB2. The symptoms of malaria KB3. The blood sample collection schedule for the MPW KB4. The process for collection of blood samples for suspected cases of malaria
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required of the ASHA
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs









N <u>8618</u>	Support the Male Swasthya Karmi
	SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change
	Communication
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA12. Speak at least one local language
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB4. Put the needs of the community first
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by community members
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and
	duties
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action



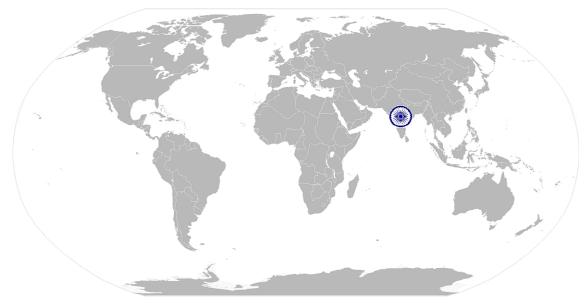






Support the Male Swasthya Karmi

NOS Code	HSS/N8618		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16





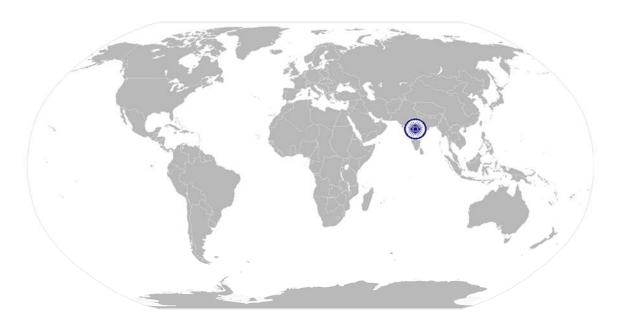






Maintain Records and Registration

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to maintain records and registrations.











Maintain Records and Registration

N <u>8619</u>	Maintain Records and Registration
Unit Code	HSS/N8619
Unit Title (Task)	Maintain Records and Registration
Description	This OS unit is about maintaining required records and registrations with the appropriate authorities
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Maintaining records of work done and observations Registering births, still births and deaths with the appropriate authorities in a timely manner Keeping track of incentive payments
Performance Criteria(Po	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Keep track of all births, still births and deaths in the village in the course of home visits and other daily work PC2. Register every birth/still birth with the gram Panchayat within 14 days PC3. Register every death with the Gram Panchayat in 7 days PC4. Keep a record of work done in ASHA register/diary PC5. Track incentive payments due for work done PC6. Claim incentive payments PC7. Keep a diary for noting experiences, difficulties and thoughts PC8. Tally records with those at the Anganwadi and Health sub-centre PC9. Keep minutes of the VHSNC meetings
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from ASHAs under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA KA5. Records and registrations maintained by the ANM, AWW and health centres KA6. Record and registration authorities in the village KA7. Tasks for which incentive payments are due to ASHAs KA8. Procedures for claiming incentive payments
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The records and registrations to be maintained KB2. The authorities with whom each record and registration has to be maintained KB3. How to register births, still births and deaths with the appropriate authorities KB4. The time period within which appropriate authorities must be informed of births, still births, deaths KB5. How to track incentives due KB6. How to claim incentive payments KB7. How to tally records with information maintained by the AWW, ANM and Health centre KB8. How to use mobile technology to transmit information in the form of text messages









Maintain Records and Registration

Chi	lls (S)	Maintain Records and Registration
A.	Core Skills/	Writing Skills
	Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required of the ASHA Reading Skills
		The way /in dividual on the interpretate larger and wadenates discussed
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change Communication SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC
		SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA12. Speak at least one local language SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members SA14. How to utilise mobile technology
В.	Professional Skills	Decision Making
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA Plan and Organize
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
		SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the village without conflicting with other responsibilities
		Customer Centricity
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB4. Put the needs of the community first SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and help local community members at all times SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times Problem Solving
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
		SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and duties
		Analytical Thinking
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training









HSS/N8619	Maintain Records and Registration
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action

NOS Code		HSS/N8619	
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16



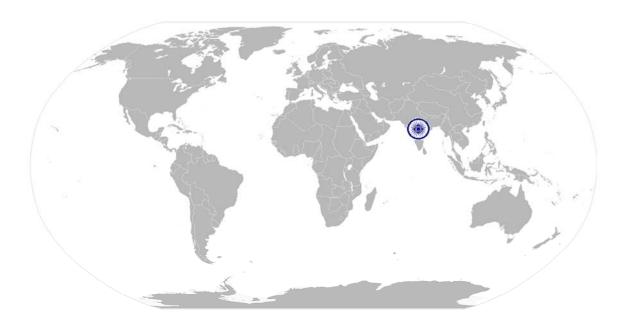






Inform Primary Health Centre of Disease Outbreaks

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of a Frontline Health Worker to inform the Primary Health Centre of disease outbreaks









HSS/N8620 Inform Primary Health Centre of Disease Outbreaks

Unit Code	HSS/N8620
Unit Title (Task)	Inform Primary Health Centre of Disease Outbreaks
Description	This OS unit is about keeping the Primary health centre informed of any unusual symptoms or disease outbreaks noticed in the village during home visits and daily work
Scope	This unit/task covers the following: Observing unusual symptoms or disease outbreaks Informing the Primary Health Centre
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Keep track of any unusual symptoms during the course of home visits and daily work PC2. Identify disease outbreaks PC3. Inform the Primary Health Centre of a suspected disease outbreak in a timely manner
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The vision and mission of the National Rural Health Mission KA2. Tasks and support expected from AS(A) under the national health plans KA3. The Health infrastructure available to the local community (the Primary/ Sub health centre, First referral unit, District hospital etc.) KA4. The roles and responsibilities of other allied health workers at the village level including the ANM, AWW, MPW and TBA
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. Symptoms of common diseases including vector borne diseases KB2. How to identify unusual symptoms KB3. How to identify a disease outbreak KB4. When to inform the Primary Health Centre of a suspected disease outbreak KB5. How to inform the Primary Health Centre of a suspected disease outbreak
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record observations in the ASHA diary SA4. Record observations made during home visits SA5. Maintain records of births, deaths, and other health related statistics required of the ASHA Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA6. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA7. Read records and registers to be maintained by ASHAs SA8. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of ASHA training









S/N8620	Inform Primary Health Centre of Disease Outbreaks
	SA9. Read communication material prepared for Behaviour Change
	Communication
	SA10. Read the village health plan prepared by the VHSNC
	SA11. Read ASHA manuals to remain updated
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA12. Speak at least one local language
	SA13. Communicate effectively with all community members
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Make decisions related to roles and responsibilities of the ASHA
	Plan and Organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB2. How to plan their work to suit the needs of the community
	SB3. How to plan the support to the VHSNC and other Allied Health Workers in the
	village without conflicting with other responsibilities
	Customer Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB4. Put the needs of the community first
	SB5. Be responsive to problems stated by all community members
	SB6. Be available to guide, counsel and her ocal community members at all times
	SB7. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and
	duties
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB9. Apply the technical and general knowledge gained from ASHA training
	manuals and courses to their everyday tasks and responsibilities
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
	experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to thought and action



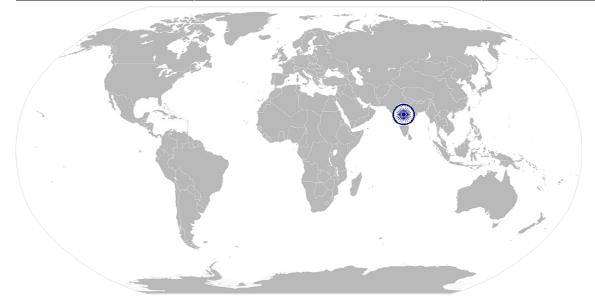






Inform Primary Health Centre of Disease Outbreaks

NOS Code	HSS/N8620			
Credits (NSQF)	TBD Version number 1.0			
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13	
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	19/07/13	
Occupation	Frontline Health Worker	Next review date	24/12/16	





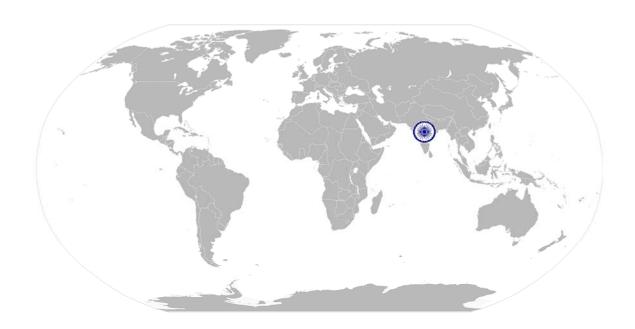






Collate and Communicate Health Information

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an Allied Health Professional to collate and communicate health related information.



National Occupational Standards





HSS/N9601	Collate and	Communicate	Health	Information

HSS/N9601	Collate and Communicate Health Information
Unit Code	HSS/N9601
Unit Title (Task)	Collate and Communicate Health Information
Description	This OS unit is about collating and communicating health information to community members, their family or others in response to queries or as part of health advice and Counselling. This OS unit applies to all allied health professionals required to communicate health related information to patients, individuals, families and others
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Communicating with individuals, patients, their family and others about health issues
Performance Criteria	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Communicating with individuals, patients, their family and others about health issues	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Respond to queries and information needs of all individuals PC2. Communicate effectively with all individuals regardless of age, caste, gender, community or other characteristics PC3. Communicate with individuals at a pace and level fitting their understanding, without using terminology unfamiliar to them PC4. Utilise all training and information at one's disposal to provide relevant information to the individual PC5. Confirm that the needs of the individual have been met PC6. Adhere to guidelines provided by one's organisation or regulatory body relating to confidentiality PC7. Respect the individual's need for privacy PC8. Maintain any records required at the end of the interaction
Knowledge and Unde	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Guidelines on communicating with individuals KA2. Guidelines on maintaining confidentiality and respecting need for privacy KA3. Guidelines of the organisation/ health provider on communicating with individuals and patients
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to communicate effectively KB2. When to ask for assistance when situations are beyond one's competence and authority KB3. How to maintain confidentiality and to respect an individual's need for privacy KB4. How to ensure that all information provided to individuals is from reliable sources KB5. How to handle stressful or risky situations when communicating with individuals KB6. Difficulties that can occur when communicating with individuals and family members in stressful situations and how to manage these KB5. Disclosure of any information to unauthorized persons would subject to disciplinary action and possible termination
Skills (S)	









HSS/N9601 Collate and Communicate Health Information

A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Maintain any records required after the interaction Reading Skills The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Read instructions and pamphlets provided as part of training
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA4. Speak at least one local language SA5. Communicate effectively with all individuals
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions on information to be communicated based on needs of the individual and various regulations and guidelines Plan and Organize Not applicable Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB2. Be responsive to problems of the individuals SB3. Be available to guide, counsel and help individuals when required SB4. Be patient and non-judgemental at all times Problem Solving The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. Create work-around to overcome problems faced in carrying out roles and duties Analytical Thinking Not applicable
	Critical Thinking
	Not applicable



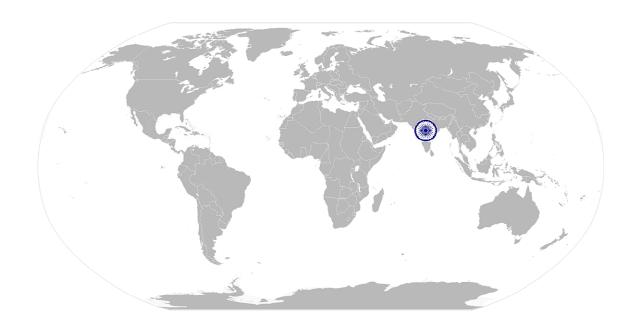






Collate and Communicate Health Information

NOS Code	HSS/N9601		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16





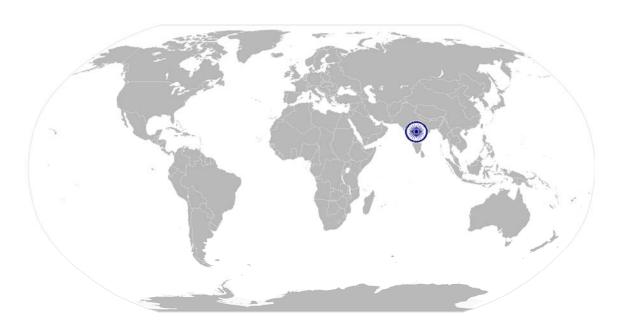






Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an allied health professional to ensure adequate availability of diagnostic kits, primary care medicines, treatment and other medical supplies at all times.



NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/N9602

Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies

Unit Code	HSS/N9602
Unit Title (Task)	Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies
Description	This OS unit is about ensuring availability of medical and diagnostic supplies to meet actual and anticipated demand. This OS unit is applicable to all allied health professionals required to maintain a supply of medical or diagnostic materials
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Anticipating demand and ensuring availability of adequate medical and diagnostic supplies
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Maintain adequate supplies of medical and diagnostic supplies PC2. Arrive at actual demand as accurately as possible PC3. Anticipate future demand based on internal, external and other contributing factors as accurately as possible PC4. Handle situations of stock-outs or unavailability of stocks without compromising health needs of patients/ individuals
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Centres for restocking supplies KA2. Guidelines on anticipating demand for medical and diagnostic supplies KA3. Contents of all diagnostic and medical kits KA4. Guidelines on procurement and storage of medical and diagnostic kits
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. How to arrive at actual demand for medical and diagnostic supplies KB2. How to anticipate demand KB3. How to maintain/ safely store existing supplies KB4. How to maintain records of available supplies KB5. How to request additional supplies
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Writing Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Write at least one local/ official language used in the local community SA2. Write well enough to be classified as literate SA3. Record availability of supplies SA4. Provide written requests for additional supplies when required Reading Skills The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. Read well enough to be classified as literate SA6. Read records and registers for medical supplies









Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies

	maintaining			
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA8. Speak at least one local language SA9. Communicate effectively to request additional supplies when required			
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Decide on the level of anticipated demand SB2. Decide when to procure additional supplies SB3. Decide quantities of medical supplies to request Plan and Organize			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB4. How to plan availability of medical supplies SB5. How to place requests for supplies ahead of time in order to have adequate supplies at all times Customer Centricity			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB6. Cater to the need of patients/ individuals for specific medical supplies Problem Solving			
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB7. Handle non-availability of medical supplies or diagnostic kits when required			
	Analytical Thinking Not applicable			
	Critical Thinking			
	Not applicable			

NOS Code	HSS/N9602		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13
Occupation	Cardiac Care Technician	Next review date	24/12/16

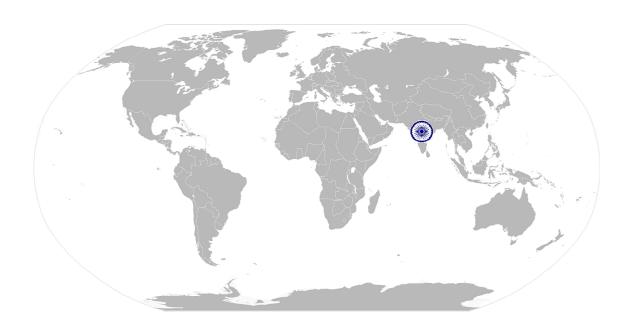








Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies





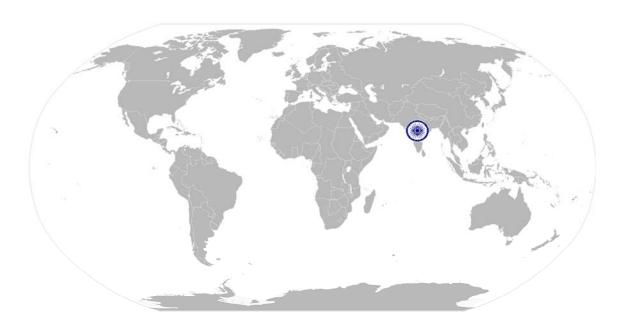






Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to recognise the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines.



Unit Code

NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/N9603

HSS/N9603

Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

	100,1000		
Unit Title (Task)	Act within the limits of one's competence and authority		
Description	This OS unit is about recognizing the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines This is applicable to all Allied Health Professionals working in an organised, regulated environment		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following: Acting within the limit of one's competence and authority; Knowing one's job role Knowing one's job responsibility Recognizing the job role and responsibilities of co workers Reference: 'This National Occupational Standard is from the UK Skills for Health suite [SFHGEN63, Act within the limits of your competence and authority] It has been tailored to apply to healthcare in India and has been reproduced with their Permission'.		
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements		
Knowledge and Unders	2.1.1		
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the organization KA2. The medical procedures and functioning of required medical equipment KA3. Role and importance of assisting other healthcare providers in delivering care		









Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The boundaries of one's role and responsibilities and other team members KB2. The reasons for working within the limits of one's competence and authority KB3. The importance of personally promoting and demonstrating good practice KB4. The legislation, protocols and guidelines effecting one's work KB5. The organisational systems and requirements relevant to one's role KB6. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an awareness of research and developments in one's area of work KB7. The difference between direct and indirect supervision and autonomous practice, and which combination is most applicable in different circumstances KB8. The risks to quality and safety arising from: O Working outside the boundaries of competence and authority Not keeping up to date with best practice Poor communication Insufficient support Lack of resources KB9. The importance of individual of team compliance with legislation, protocols, and guidelines and organisational systems and requirements KB10. How to Report and minimise risks KB11. The principle of meeting the organisation's needs, and how this should enable one to recognise one's own limitations and when one should seek support from others KB12. The processes by which improvements to protocols/guidelines and organisational systems/requirements should be reported. KB13. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs for oneself and/or others within one's organisation KB14. The actions that can be taken to ensure a current, clear and accurate understanding of roles and responsibilities is maintained, and how this affects
	the way one work as an individual or part of a team
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Document reports, task lists, and schedules SA2. Prepare status and progress reports SA3. Record daily activities SA4. Update other co-workers Reading Skills The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. Read about changes in legislations and organizational policies SA6. Keep updated with the latest knowledge
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)









Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA7. Discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers				
	SA8. Give clear instructions to patients and co-workers				
	SA9. Keep patient informed about progress				
	SA10. Avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a patient				
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work in relation to job role				
	Plan and Organize				
	Not applicable				
	Customer Centricity				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB2. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other				
	members of the health care team				
	SB3. Be responsive and listen empathetically to establish rapport in a way that				
	promotes openness on issues of concern				
	SB4. Be sensitive to potential cultural differences				
	SB5. Maintain patient confidentiality				
	SB6. Respect the rights of the patient(s)				
	Problem Solving				
	Not applicable				
	Analytical Thinking				
	Not applicable				
	Critical Thinking				
	Not applicable				



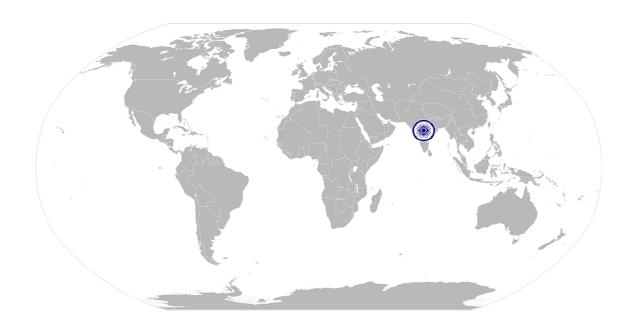






Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

NOS Code	HSS/N9603		
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16





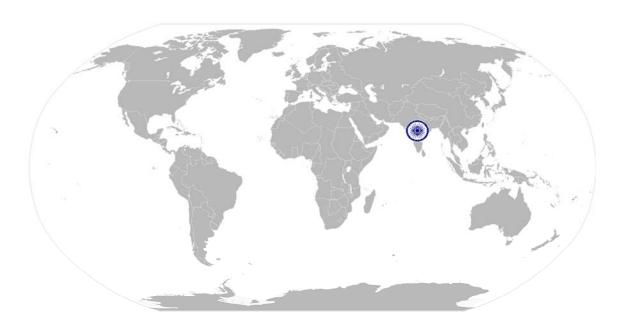






Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to monitor the working environment, and making sure it meets health, safety and security requirements.



NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/N9606

Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

Unit Code	HSS/N9606			
Unit Title (Task)	Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment			
Description	This OS unit is about monitoring the working environment and ensuring a safe, healthy, secure and effective working conditions This OS unit applies to all Allied Health professionals working within an organised workplace			
Scope	 This unit covers the following: Complying the health, safety and security requirements and procedures for Workplace Handling any hazardous situation with safely, competently and within the limits of authority Reporting any hazardous situation and breach in procedures to ensure a safe, healthy, secure working environment 			
Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope				
Element	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately			
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)			
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The importance of health, safety, and security in the workplace KA2. The basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and regulations that apply to the workplace KA3. The person(s) responsible for maintaining healthy, safe, and secure workplace KA4. The relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to the workplace KA5. How to report the hazard KA6. The responsibilities of individual to maintain safe, healthy and secure workplace			









Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

B. Technical Knowledge	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. Requirements of health, safety and security in workplace KB2. How to create safety records and maintaining them KB3. The importance of being alert to health, safety, and security hazards in the work environment KB4. The common health, safety, and security hazards that affect people working in an administrative role KB5. How to identify health, safety, and security hazards KB6. The importance of warning others about hazards and how to do so until the hazard is dealt with
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Report and record incidents
	Reading Skills
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Clearly report hazards and incidents with the appropriate level of urgency
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work Plan and Organize
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB2. Plan for safety of the work environment Customer Centricity
	·
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other members of the health care team SB4. Be capable of being responsive, listen empathetically to establish rapport in a way that promotes openness on issues of concern
	Problem Solving
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. Identify hazards, evaluate possible solutions and suggest effective solutions









Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

Analytical Thinking
To be competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:
SB9. Analyse the seriousness of hazards
Critical Thinking
To be competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:
SB10. Analyse, evaluate and apply the information gathered from observation,
experience, reasoning, or communication to act efficiently

NOS Code		HSS/N9606	
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16



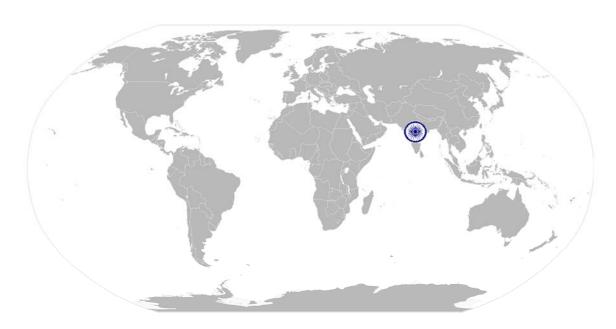






HSS/N9609 Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an Allied Health professional to manage biomedical waste



NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/N9609

Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

Unit Code	HSS/N9609	
Unit Title (Task)	Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols	
Description	This OS unit is about the safe handling and management of health care waste. This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.	
Scope	 Classification of the Waste Generated, Segregation of Biomedical Waste ,Proper collection and storage of Waste Reference: 'The content of this National Occupational Standard is drawn from the UK Skills for Health NOS [SFHCHS212 Disposal of clinical and non-clinical waste within healthcare and SFHCHS213 Implement an audit trail for managing waste within healthcare]' 	
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria	
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different color coded bins for different categories of waste PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols	
Knowledge and Unders	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and	KA1. Basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and regulations that apply to the organization KA2. Person(s) responsible for health, safety, and security in the organization KA3. Relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to the organization KA4. Organization's emergency procedures and responsibilities for handling	









Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

its processes)	hazardous situations
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. How to categorise waste according to national, local and organisational
	guidelines
	KB2. The appropriate approved disposal routes for waste
	KB3. The appropriate containment or dismantling requirements for waste and
	how to make the waste safe for disposal
	KB4. The importance to adhere to the organisational and national waste management principles and procedures
	KB5. The hazards and risks associated with the disposal and the importance of risk
	assessments and how to provide these
	KB6. The personal protective equipment required to manage the different types
	of waste generated by different work activities
	KB7. The importance of working in a safe manner when carrying out procedures
	for biomedical waste management in line with local and national policies and
	legislation
	KB8. The required actions and reporting procedures for any accidents, spillages
	and contamination involving waste
	KB9. The requirements of the relevant external agencies involved in the transport and receipt of your waste
	KB10. The importance of segregating different types of waste and how to do this
	KB11. The safe methods of storage and maintaining security of waste and the
	permitted accumulation times
	KB12. The methods for transporting and monitoring waste disposal and the
	appropriateness of each method to a given scenario
	KB13. How to report any problems or delays in waste collection and whereto seek
	advice and guidance
	KB14. The importance of the organisation monitoring and obtaining an assessment
	of the impact the waste has on the environment
	KB15. The current national legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols which affect work practice
	KB16. The policies and guidance that clarify your scope of practice, accountabilities
	and the working relationship between yourself and others
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Report and record incidents
	Reading Skills
	heading skins
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures for managing
	biomedical waste
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA3. Report hazards and incidents clearly with the appropriate level of urgency
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making









Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work

SB2. Exhibit commitment to the organization and exert effort and perseverance

Plan and Organize

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB3. Organize files and documents

SB4. Plan for safety of the work environment

SB5. Recommend and implement plan of action

Customer Centricity

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:

SB6. How to make exceptional effort to keep the environment and work place clean

Problem Solving

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB7. Identify hazards and suggest effective solutions to identified problems of waste management

Analytical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB8. Analyse the seriousness of hazards and proper waste management

Critical Thinking

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB9. Evaluate opportunities to improve health, safety and security SB10. Show understanding and empathy for others

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/N9609				
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0		
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13		
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	24/07/13		
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16		



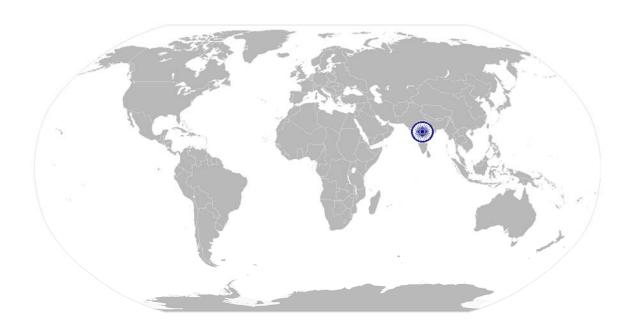






Follow infection control policies and procedures

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health professional to comply with infection control policies and procedures



NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/N9610

Follow infection control policies and procedures

Unit Code	HSS/N9610
Unit Title (Task)	Follow infection control policies and procedures
Description	This OS unit is about complying with infection control policies and procedures. It is applicable to workers who are responsible for workplace procedures to maintain Infection control. This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Complying with an effective infection control protocols that ensures the safety of the patient (or end-user of health-related products/services) Maintaining personal protection and preventing the transmission of infections from person to person
Performance Criter	ia(PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by aerosols and splatter PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility
	PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization
	PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination PC12. Follow hand washing procedures PC13. Implement hand care procedures PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof dressings and change as necessary PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use PC16. Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons daily, more frequently if soiled and where appropriate, after each patient contact PC17. Demarcate and maintain clean and contaminated zones in all aspects of health care work PC18. Confine records, materials and medicaments to a well-designated clean zone









Follow infection control policies and procedures

	PC19. Confine contaminated instruments and equipment to a well-designated contaminated zone PC20. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing and equipment in accordance with occupational health and safety policies and procedures when handling waste PC21. Separate waste at the point where it has been generated and dispose of into waste containers that are colour coded and identified PC22. Store clinical or related waste in an area that is accessible only to authorised persons PC23. Handle, package, label, store, transport and dispose of waste appropriately to minimise potential for contact with the waste and to reduce the risk to the environment from accidental release PC24. Dispose of waste safely in accordance with policies and procedures of the organisation and legislative requirements PC25. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment during cleaning procedures PC26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from work surfaces PC27. Clean all work surfaces with a neutral detergent and warm water solution before and after each session or when visibly soiled PC28. Decontaminate equipment requiring special processing in accordance with quality management systems to ensure full compliance with cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation protocols PC29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The organization's infection control policies and procedures KA2. Organization requirements relating to immunization, where applicable KA3. Standard precautions KA4. Good personal hygiene practice including hand care
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. Additional precautions KB2. Aspects of infectious diseases including:

- opportunistic organisms
- pathogens

KB3. Basic microbiology including:

- bacteria and bacterial spores
- fungi
- viruses legislation

KB8. The required actions and reporting procedures for any accidents, spillages and contamination involving waste

KB9. The requirements of the relevant external agencies involved in the transport and receipt of your waste

KB10. The importance of segregating different types of waste and how to do this









Follow infection control policies and procedures

	KB4. How to clean and sterile techniques KB5. The path of disease transmission: - paths of transmission including direct contact and penetrating injuries
	 risk of acquisition sources of infecting microorganisms including persons who are carriers, in the incubation phase of the disease or those who are acutely ill
	KB6. Effective hand hygiene:
	- procedures for routine hand wash
	- procedures for surgical hand wash
	- when hands must be washed KB7. Good personal hygiene practice including hand care
	KB8. Identification and management of infectious risks in the workplace
	KB9. How to use personal protective equipment such as:
	- guidelines for glove use
	- guidelines for wearing gowns and waterproof aprons
	- guidelines for wearing masks as required
	 guidelines for wearing protective glasses KB10. Susceptible hosts including persons who are immune suppressed, have
	chronic diseases such as diabetes and the very young or very old
	KB11. Surface cleaning:
	- cleaning procedures at the start and end of the day
	-managing a blood or body fluid spill
	- routine surface cleaning
	KB12. Sharps handling and disposal techniques KB13. The following:
	- Follow infection control guidelines
	- Identify and respond to infection risks
	- Maintain personal hygiene
	- Use personal protective equipment
	- Limit contamination
	- Handle, package, label, store transport and dispose of clinical and other
	waste - Clean environmental surfaces
Skills (S)	Clean environmental surfaces
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Consistently apply hand washing, personal hygiene and personal protection
	protocols
	SA2. Consistently apply clean and sterile techniques
	SA3. Consistently apply protocols to limit contamination Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA4. Follow instructions as specified in the protocols
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SA6. Provide feedback (verbal and non-verbal) to encourage smooth flow of

SA5. Listen patiently









Follow infection control policies and procedures

		information							
В.	Professional Skills	Decision Making							
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:							
		SB1. Take into account opportunities to address waste minimization,							
		environmental responsibility and sustainable practice issues							
		SB2. Apply additional precautions when standard precautions are not sufficient							
		Plan and Organize							
		The user/individual on the job needs to:							
		SB3. Consistently ensure instruments used for invasive procedures are sterile at							
		time of use (where appropriate)							
		SB4. Consistently follow the procedure for washing and drying hands SB5. Consistently limit contamination							
		SB6. Consistently maintain clean surfaces and manage blood and body fluid spills							
		Customer Centricity							
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:							
		SB7. Be a good listener and be sensitive to patient							
		SB8. Avoid unwanted and unnecessary communication with patients							
		SB9. Maintain eye contact and non-verbal communication							
		Problem Solving							
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:							
		SB10. Communicate only facts and not opinions							
		SB11. Give feedback when required							
		Analytical Thinking							
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:							
		SB12. Coordinate required processes effectively							
		Critical Thinking							
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:							
		SB13. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,							
		experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action							
	SB14. Take into account opportunities to address waste minimisation,								
		environmental responsibility and sustainable practice issues							





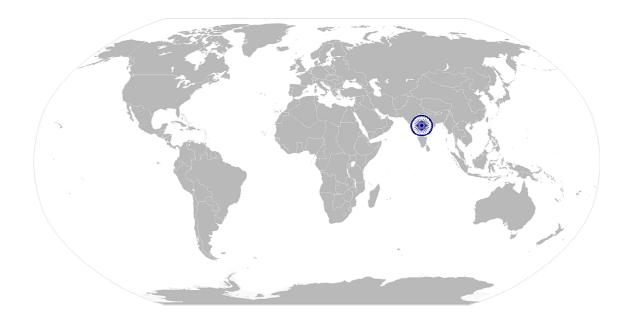




Follow infection control policies and procedures

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/N9610						
Credits (NSQF)	TBD	TBD Version number 1.0					
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13				
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	24/07/13					
Occupation		Next review date	24/12/16				









CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF TRAINEES

Job Role	Frontline Health Worker
Qualification Pack Code	HSS/ Q 8601
Sector Skill Council	Healthcare Sector Skill Council

Guidelines for Assessment

- 1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC
- 2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC
- 3. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below)
- 4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training center based on this criteria
- 5. To pass the Qualification Pack, every trainee should score as per assessment grid.
- 6. In case of successfully passing only certain number of NOS's, the trainee is eligible to take subsequent assessment on the balance NOS's to pass the Qualification Pack

Skills Practical and Viva (80% weighta	age)
	Marks Allotted
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	400
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Communication)	100
Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva)	500
Passing Marks (80% of Max. Marks)	400
Theory (20% weightage)	1
	Marks Allotted
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	80
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Communication)	20
Grand Total-(Theory)	100
Passing Marks (50% of Max. Marks)	50
Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva + Theory)	600







Overall Result Detailed Break Up of Marks		Criteria is to pass in both theory and practical individually. If fail in any one of them, then candidate is fail Skills Practical & Viva			
	Subject Domain		ny 2 NO		of 200 marks
Assessable Outcomes	Assessment Criteria for the Assessable Outcomes	Total Marks	Out Of	Marks Allocation	
Outcomes	Outcomes	(400)	Oi	Viva	Skills Practical
1. HSS/ N 8601: Assist the village	PC1. Ensure participation of all relevant stakeholders and communities in the village Health plan		20	10	10
health, sanitation and nutrition committee	PC2. Prepare for the Village Health Plan by observing and prioritising health, nutrition and sanitation needs of the community	200	30	10	20
(VHSNC)	PC3. Contribute effectively to the implementation of the Village Health Plan by observing and reviewing all incidence of diseases covered under national health programmes, all the programmes under NRHM, ICDS and TSC; maternal and child deaths and other health indicators for the village		20	10	10
	PC4. Ensure participation of VHSNC members in the Village health nutrition day		20	0	20
	PC5. Contribute to the Village Health Plan by undertaking the Household Health Survey of the village		30	10	20
	PC6. Support the VHSNC in utilisation of the untied Fund for the VHSNC and the sub-centre as per the Village Health Plan		40	10	30
	PC7. Support the VHSNC in submitting the Utilisation Certificates for the untied Fund		40	20	20
			200	70	130
2. HSS/ N 8602: Counsel women on contraception and	PC1. Advise women on proper hygiene and cleanliness related to sexual and reproductive health	200	10	5	5
prevention of common infections	PC2. Disseminate information about prevention of RTIs/HIV/AIDS		10	8	2
and RTI/STI	PC3. Dispel any rumours or misconceptions about contraceptives in villages		10	5	5
	PC4. Talk about benefits of family planning to couples, individuals and adolescents at different occasions		10	8	2







PC5. Counsel couples on delay of first pregnancy immediately after marriage	5	3	2
PC6. Ensure that every couple that needs contraceptive services is counselled on where to avail of the service	5	2	3
PC7. Ensure that there is no unmet need for spacing contraception among the population living Below the Poverty Line (BPL)	5	3	2
PC8. Promote male participation in family planning	5	3	2
PC9. Educate men and women on natural contraceptive methods	20	15	5
PC10. Counsel women about contraceptive methods including Copper-T 320	10	5	5
PC11. Explain the duration of protection and provide advice on professionals qualified to insert longer term contraceptives (like the Copper T)	20	15	5
PC12. Accompany women to the nearest health centre for putting in place longer term contraceptives (like Copper T)	5	2	3
PC13. Escort women to the ANM/ Medical Officer prior to usage of oral contraceptives	5	2	3
PC14. Provide oral contraceptives to women after visit to the ANM/ Medical officer	5	2	3
PC15. Help the ANM to contact women wanting to have a Copper-T insertion	5	2	3
PC16. Explain the benefits of sterilisation to couples having two children or wanting terminal method	20	15	5
PC17. Explain the advantages of vasectomy over tubectomy	20	18	2
PC18. Explain the procedures available for sterilisation (for men and women) and the time, cost and processes required for each	5	3	2
PC19. Find out the facilities where sterilisation services such as No-Scalpel Vasectomy and female sterilisation are available	5	1	4
PC20. Accompany men and women wishing to undergo sterilisation to a facility where these services are provided	5	3	2
PC21. Advise men and women undergoing sterilisation about monetary incentives offered by the state if any	5	3	2
PC22. Ensure there is no unmet need for contraception in the village	5	2	3
PC23. Ensure constant availability of contraceptives as part of social marketing	5	4	1







			200	129	71
3. HSS/ N 8603: Provide healthcare services to adolescents	PC1. Advise adolescents on the changes to expect as they enter puberty	200	30	20	10
	PC2. Counsel adolescent girls on changes to expect related to menstruation, especially Pre-menstrual syndrome		30	20	10
	PC3. Counsel adolescent girls and community members on myths related to menstruation		20	10	10
	PC4. Advise adolescent girls on proper hygiene and cleanliness related to menstruation		20	10	10
	PC5. Answer any questions adolescents may have on sexuality, puberty and health		40	25	15
	PC6. Disseminate information about prevention of RTIs/HIV/AIDS		20	10	10
	PC7. Organise meetings, sessions and advice forums		15	10	5
	PC8. Distribute sanitary napkins		15	10	5
	PC9. Ensure a constant supply of sanitary napkins		10	5	5
			200	120	80
4. HSS/ N 8604: Counsel women on nutritional and	PC1. Communicate essential messages for prevention of malnutrition	200	20	5	15
health needs of young children	PC2. Provide advice on feeding and on prevention of illness, and on access to health and nutrition services		30	10	20
	PC3. Counsel families to prevent malnutrition and to reverse malnutrition in children below five years		30	10	20
	PC4. Counsel families to send young children to the Anganwadi for supplementary nutrition and mothers for take-home rations		10	5	5
	PC5. Ensure that all families with children below the age of two years are counselled and supported for the prevention and management of malnutrition and anaemia and for prevention of illness such as malaria, recurrent diarrhoea and respiratory infection		40	20	20
	PC6. Ensure that the mother of every child below five years with Diarrhoea, Fever, Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) and worms is counselled on whether referral is immediately required or whether first contact curative care should be provided at home with home remedies and drugs in the ASHA kit		40	20	20
	PC7. Ensure that Child malnutrition rates are reduced in the village		10	5	5
	PC8. Ensure that 100% of children with diarrhoea receive ORS		20	10	10
			170	85	115







5. HSS/ N 8605: Provide antenatal counselling	PC1. Ensure 100% of non-institutional deliveries have skilled assistance		20	5	15
	PC2. Ensure 100% of institutional deliveries		20	5	15
	PC3. Ensure all eligible institutional deliveries claim benefits under the Janani Suraksha Yojana		20	5	15
	PC4. Ensure every pregnant woman receives a Tetanus Toxoid (TT) vaccine and iron folic acid supplements		20	5	15
	PC5. Ensure every pregnant woman showing danger signs is referred to the ANM or appropriate health facility		20	5	15
	PC6. Ensure that every pregnant woman and her family receive health information for promotion of appropriate healthcare practices - diet, rest and increased use of services which focus on care in pregnancy, delivery, postnatal care and family planning services	200	20	5	15
	PC7. Ensure that every pregnant woman avails of antenatal care (at least 3 visits) and postnatal care at the monthly health worker clinic/Village Health and Nutrition Day		20	5	15
	PC8. Ensure that every family with a pregnant woman has made a plan and is prepared for the event of childbirth		20	5	15
	PC9. Counsel women on contraception after delivery		40	30	10
			100	70	130
6. HSS/ N 8606: Provide postnatal counselling	PC1. Ensure that all new-borns are registered with the Anganwadi and the Gram Panchayat		20	5	15
Counselling	PC2. Ensure that new mothers receive at least one medical check-up within two weeks of delivery		20	5	15
	PC3. Counsel new mothers to visit the ANM for minor complaints		30	10	20
	PC4. Assist ANMs in conducting postnatal clinic and screening women and children with danger signals	200	20	10	10
	PC5. Referral of post-natal women in case of danger signs		30	15	15
	PC6. Counsel women on exclusive breast-feeding for the new born		10	5	5
	PC7. Counsel new mothers on contraceptive needs (temporary/permanent) as required and help the women/family to get the same		20	15	5







	PC8. Ensure that both new mothers and infants receive supplementary nutrition available at the Anganwadi Centre •		20	15	5
	PC9. Counsel new mothers on use of contraception post delivery		30	25	5
			80	105	95
7. HSS/ N 8607: Counsel women on new-born care and immunisation	PC1. Ensure that all new-borns are registered with the Anganwadi and the Gram Panchayat		10	5	5
	PC2. Assist ANMs in conducting postnatal clinic and screening women and children with danger signals		20	5	15
	PC3. Counsel and support women on exclusive breast-feeding for the new-born		30	20	10
	PC4. Ensure that both new mothers and infants receive supplementary nutrition available at the Anganwadi Centre		10	5	5
	PC5. Ensure that all new-borns are weighed at appropriate times and families are counselled on the importance of this activity		10	5	5
	PC6. Ensure 100% immunisation of children in the 12-23 months age group	200	30	20	10
	PC7. Ensure that every new-born is visited as per the schedule, more often if there are problems and receives essential home-based care as well as appropriate referral for the sick new-born		10	5	5
	PC8. Ensure that every family receives the information and support it needs to access immunisation		20	15	5
	PC9. Help reduce the Infant Mortality Rate in the village through proper care and immediate referrals in case of illness		20	15	5
	PC10. Ensure that all new mothers obtain a Mother & Child Protection Card filled by the ANM/ AWW		10	5	5
	PC11. Ensure that every new-born showing danger signs is referred to the ANM or appropriate health facility		30	20	10
			200	120	80
8. HSS/ N 8608: Counsel women on childlessness and abortion related issues	PC1. Counsel women and families on infertility and refer to a medical facility	200	40	10	30
	PC2. Ensure that all pregnancies are registered with the Anganwadi within 12-16 weeks		20	10	10







	PC3. Educate families and the community about the dangers of unsafe abortion		20	10	10
	PC4. Escort women to approved centres for medical termination of pregnancy (MTP), if needed		20	10	10
	PC5. Counsel women on safe abortions and the time duration within which abortions can be performed safely		30	10	20
	PC6. Educate them about the need to use effective contraception after undergoing an abortion, so as to minimise the need for further abortions		30	20	10
	PC7. Prevent termination of pregnancy after identification of the sex of the foetus as female		40	30	10
			200	100	100
9. HSS/ N 8609: Provide primary care and counselling for infectious	PC1. Ensure 100% of fever cases receive chloroquine within the first week in a malaria endemic area		10	5	5
diseases	PC2. Help in increasing number of cases of Tuberculosis diagnosed correctly and early		10	5	5
	PC3. Help in increasing number of cases of leprosy diagnosed correctly and early		10	5	5
	PC4. Communicate key facts about malaria and its prevention to the community		20	15	5
	PC5. Make a blood smear and test using a rapid diagnostic test for malaria		20	5	15
	PC6. Manage fever in a young child	200	20	5	15
	PC7. Know when to suspect malaria, how and when to test, when to refer, when and what to treat		20	15	5
	PC8. Understand the manner of spread of Tuberculosis and methods of diagnosis		20	15	5
	PC9. Support treatment of Tuberculosis and follow-up with patients		10	5	5
	PC10. Understand the manner of spread of leprosy and methods of diagnosis		10	5	5
	PC11. Support treatment of leprosy and follow-up with patients		10	5	5
	PC12. Maintain adequate stocks of DOTS, chloroquine and other primary care medicines contained in the ASHA kit		10	5	5







	PC13. Maintain stocks of rapid diagnostic kits, especially in malaria endemic areas		10	5	5
	PC14. Ensure that those with fever which could be malaria (or kala – azar) have their blood tested to detect the disease and provide appropriate care/referral		10	5	5
	PC15. Ensure that village/ medical authorities are alerted in case of an outbreak of malaria, leprosy or TB		10	5	5
			200	105	95
10. HSS/ N 8610: Provide primary medical care for	PC1. Provide first aid for wounds, animal bites and burns		50	20	30
minor ailments and first aid for minor	PC2. Refer serious cases requiring stiches, rabies shots and advanced burn treatment to the appropriate medical facility 200	200	50	30	20
	PC3. Provide primary care for coughs, colds, fever and diarrhoea		50	20	30
	PC4. Refer patients to the appropriate medical facility when required		50	30	20
			200	100	100
11. HSS/N 8611: Undertake timely referrals and escort patients to a hospital where required	PC1. Diagnose common health problems including:a) Danger signs during pregnancy, b)Symptoms of chronic infectious diseases like TB, c)Symptoms of infectious diseases like Malaria, d)Danger signs in infants and small children		50	30	20
	PC2. Refer patients to the appropriate medical facility when required	200	20	10	10
	PC3. Escort patients to the appropriate medical facility when required		40	10	30
	PC4. Arrange for transportation to the nearest medical facility when escorting a patient		40	20	20
	PC5. Ensure display of referral transport details in prominent places		50	30	20
			200	100	100
12. HSS/ N 8612: Provide information on primary curative	PC1. Diagnose common ailments	200	100	50	50
properties of common AYUSH medicines	PC2. Provide information on AYUSH medicines for common ailments	200	100	50	50
			200	100	100
13. HSS/ N 8613: Promote construction of	PC1. Mobilise the community to construct household toilets in the village	200	50	30	20







household toilets under Total Sanitation Campaign	PC2. Reduce the incidence of open defecation in the village		50	30	20
	PC3. Conduct Information, Education and Communication (IEC) activities to promote sanitation		100	70	30
			200	130	70
14. HSS/ N 8614: Make home visits	PC1. Build a rapport with the community members, especially the women in the community		20	5	15
	PC2. Organise a home visit schedule to cover all homes in the community PC3. Mobilise pregnant women and new mothers to		20	10	10
	receive ante and postnatal care and supplementary nutrition		20	10	10
	PC4. Mobilise pregnant women to have institutional deliveries	200	30	20	10
	PC5. Mobilise parents to have their children immunised		20	10	10
	PC6. Mobilise community members with possibility of STIs/ RTIs, communicable diseases, chronic diseases or other ailments to have tests done or to take treatment		30	20	10
	PC7. Mobilise the community to adopt health and hygiene related precautions (e.g. disinfect stagnant pools of water, wash hands often etc.)		40	20	20
	PC8. Facilitate implementation of national health plans and schemes		20	15	5
15 MGG/M 0615		ı	200	110	90
15. HSS/ N 8615: Support the Anganwadi Worker	PC1. Build a rapport with the community members, especially the women in the community		20	10	10
	PC2. Provide information on health related issues to women, adolescent girls and children		30	20	10
	PC3. Mobilise pregnant women to have antenatal check- ups and supplementary nutrition		15	5	10
	PC4. Mobilise pregnant women to have institutional deliveries	200	15	5	10
	PC5. Explain the importance of postnatal check-ups and supplementary nutrition		20	5	15
	PC6. Provide information on home remedies for minor ailments, burns, wounds and animal bites		20	5	15
	PC7. Explain the importance of immunisation		40	30	10







	PC8. Mobilise community members with possibility of STIs/ RTIs, communicable diseases, chronic diseases or other ailments to have tests done or to take treatment		20	10	10
	PC9. Mobilise the community to adopt health and hygiene related precautions (e.g. disinfect stagnant pools of water, wash hands often etc.)		20	10	10
			200	100	100
16. HSS/ N 8616: Support the Auxiliary Nurse	PC1. Build a rapport with the community members, especially the women in the community		20	5	15
Midwife	PC2. Mobilise pregnant women to have antenatal checkups and supplementary nutrition		30	15	15
	PC3. Mobilise new mothers to have postnatal check-ups and supplementary nutrition		40	20	20
	PC4. Mobilise community members to seek medical attention from the ANM for ailments, burns, wounds and animal bites	200	30	15	15
	PC5. Explain the importance of immunisation and mobilise parents to have their children immunised		40	20	20
	PC6. Mobilise community members with possibility of STIs/ RTIs to have tests done by the ANM		20	10	10
	PC7. Mobilise young couples to approach the ANM for contraception		20	10	10
			200	95	105
17. HSS/ N 8617: Support the Traditional Birth	PC1. Explain the importance of a medically safe and hygienic childbirth process		20	5	15
Attendant	PC2. Explain the potential risks associated with childbirth at home		20	5	15
	PC3. Explain the essential requirements for a clean and safe childbirth process at home with a TBA		20	5	15
	PC4. Counsel women opting for childbirth with a TBA	200	20	5	5
	PC5. Obtain Clean childbirth kits for the TBA as required		20	5	15
	PC6. Counsel the TBA and the pregnant woman on precautions to be taken during childbirth at home		20	10	10
	PC7. Counsel the TBA and the pregnant woman on potential danger signs to be aware of during the childbirth process		20	10	10







	PC8. Counsel TBA and pregnant woman on referring in case of danger signs		20	10	10
	PC9. Keep contact with TBA to keep track of pregnancies		10	5	5
	PC10. Counsel TBA on being aware of potential female foeticide and identifying possible cases of sex determination				
	determination		30 200	15 60	15
18. HSS/ N 8618: Support the Male Swasthya Karmi	PC1. Explain the causes of malaria and precautions to be taken for its prevention		25	10	15
	PC2. Explain symptoms of malaria PC3. Identify possible cases of malaria before an		25	10	15
	outbreak PC4. Mobilise suspected cases of malaria to be tested by the MPW	200	30	20	15
	PC5. Inform the MPW of suspected cases of malaria		30	10	20
	PC6. Assist the MPW in collecting blood samples from suspected cases of malaria		40	20	20
	PC7. Inform the Primary Health Centre of suspected outbreaks of malaria		25	10	15
	Outbreaks of maiaria		200	90	110
19. HSS/ N 8619: Maintain Records and Registration	PC1. Keep track of all births, still births and deaths in the village in the course of home visits and other daily work		20	10	10
	PC2. Register every birth/still birth with the gram Panchayat within 14 days		20	10	10
	PC3. Register every death with the Gram Panchayat in 7 days		20	10	10
	PC4. Keep a record of work done in ASHA register/diary	200	20	5	15
	PC5. Track incentive payments due for work done		20	5	15
	PC6. Claim incentive payments		20	10	10
	PC7. Keep a diary for noting experiences, difficulties and thoughts PC8. Tally records with those at the Anganwadi and		20	10	10
	Health sub-centre		20	10	10
	PC9. Keep minutes of the VHSNC meetings		40	20	20
20. HSS/ N 8620:		Ι	200	90	110
Inform Primary Health Centre of	PC1. Keep track of any unusual symptoms during the course of home visits and daily work	200	50	20	30
Disease Outbreaks	PC2. Identify disease outbreaks		100	50	50







	PC3. Inform the Primary Health Centre of a suspected disease outbreak in a timely manner		50	30	20
	disease outoreax in a timery manner		200	100	100
21. HSS/N 9610 (Follow infection control policies and procedures)	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements	_	5	0	5
Freezenses	PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection		5	0	5
	PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by aerosols and splatter		5	5	0
	PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility		20	10	10
	PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk	it 5	0	5	
	PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization		5	0	5
	PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks		10	0	10
	PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required	200	10	0	10
	PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate		20	10	10
	PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization		5	0	5
	PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination		5	0	5
	PC12. Follow hand washing procedures		5	0	5
	PC13. Implement hand care procedures		5	0	5
	PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof dressings and change as necessary		5	5	0
	PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use		5	0	5
	PC16. Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons daily, more frequently if soiled and where appropriate, after each patient contact		5	0	5







PC17. Demarcate and maintain clean and contaminated zones in all aspects of health care work PC18. Confine records, materials and medicaments to a well-designated clean zone PC19. Confine contaminated instruments and equipment to a well-designated contaminated zone		20	10	10
PC20. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing and equipment in accordance with occupational health and safety policies and procedures when handling waste		5	0	5
PC21. Separate waste at the point where it has been generated and dispose of into waste containers that are colour coded and identified		5	0	5
PC22. Store clinical or related waste in an area that is accessible only to authorised persons		5	5	0
PC23. Handle, package, label, store, transport and dispose of waste appropriately to minimise potential for contact with the waste and to reduce the risk to the environment from accidental release		5	0	5
PC24. Dispose of waste safely in accordance with policies and procedures of the organisation and legislative requirements		5	5	0
PC25. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment during cleaning procedures		5	0	5
PC26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from work surfaces		5	0	5
PC27. Clean all work surfaces with a neutral detergent and warm water solution before and after each session or when visibly soiled		5	0	5
PC28. Decontaminate equipment requiring special processing in accordance with quality management systems to ensure full compliance with cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation protocols		5	0	5
PC29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use		5	0	5
PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable		5	0	5
PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment	<u> </u>	5	5	0
		200	55	145
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)			400	







	Soft Skills and Communication		Pick part 1 or part 2 as per NOS of subject domain each carrying 50 marks totaling 100				
Assessable	Assessment Criteria for the Assessable Outcomes	Total		1 1 1	Out	Mai	ks Allocation
Outcomes	Assessment Criteria for the Assessable Outcomes	Marks (100)	Of	Viva	Observation/ Role Play		
Part 1 (Pick one field	Part 1 (Pick one field randomly carrying 50 marks)						
1. Attitude	_						
HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the limits of one's competence and authority)	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice		4	0	4		
	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role		4	0	4		
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority		16	8	8		
	PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice		4	0	4		
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice	50	8	4	4		
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times		6	4	2		
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice		4	2	2		
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements		4	2	2		
			50	20	30		
	Attitude Total	50					
2. Work Managemer			Ī				
(Ensure availability of medical and	PC1. Maintain adequate supplies of medical and diagnostic supplies		10	5	5		
diagnostic supplies)	PC2. Arrive at actual demand as accurately as possible	50	10	5	5		
	PC3. Anticipate future demand based on internal, external and other contributing factors as accurately as possible		20	10	10		







	PC4. Handle situations of stock-outs or unavailability of stocks without compromising health needs of patients/individuals		10	5	5
	Work Management Total		50	25	25
2 Attionata	work management Total	50			
3. Attiquete			1		
HSS/ N 9601 (Collate and	PC1. Respond to queries and information needs of all individuals		4	4	0
Communicate Health Information)	PC2. Communicate effectively with all individuals regardless of age, caste, gender, community or other characteristics		10	0	10
	PC3. Communicate with individuals at a pace and level fitting their understanding, without using terminology unfamiliar to them		10	0	10
	PC4. Utilise all training and information at one's disposal to provide relevant information to the individual	50	10	10	0
	PC5. Confirm that the needs of the individual have been met		4	4	0
	PC6. Adhere to guidelines provided by one's organisation or regulatory body relating to confidentiality		4	4	0
	PC7. Respect the individual's need for privacy		4	4	0
	PC8. Maintain any records required at the end of the interaction		4	4	0
			50	30	20
	Work Management Total	50	50	30	20
Part 2 (Pick one field	d as per NOS marked carrying 50 marks)				
1. Safety management	nt				
HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements		6	2	4
environment)	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace		4	0	4
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person	50	4	3	1
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices		6	4	2
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority		6	4	2







	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected		6	4	2
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently		6	2	4
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person		6	4	2
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately		6	2	4
			50	25	25
2. Waste Manageme	nt				
HSS/ N 9609 (Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols)	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type		6	2	4
	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste		8	4	4
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements		4	0	4
	PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste	50	8	4	4
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste		4	2	2
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal		4	4	0
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal		4	4	0
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks		4	4	0
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures		4	4	0







Grai	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols nd Total-2 (Soft Skills and Communication) Detailed Break Up of Marks		50	32 100 Theor	y	0 18		
	Subject Domain					carrying lling 80		
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Total Marks (80) Out Of		Marks Out Of		Out Of		Marks Allocation THEORY
1. HSS/ N 8601: Assist the village health, sanitation and nutrition committee (VHSNC)	PC1. Ensure participation of all relevant stakeholders and communities in the village Health plan PC2. Prepare for the Village Health Plan by observing and prioritising health, nutrition and sanitation needs of the community PC3. Contribute effectively to the implementation of the Village Health Plan by observing and reviewing all incidence of diseases covered under national health programmes, all the programmes under NRHM, ICDS and TSC; maternal and child deaths and other health indicators for the village PC4. Ensure participation of VHSNC members in the Village health nutrition day PC5. Contribute to the Village Health Plan by undertaking the Household Health Survey of the village PC6. Support the VHSNC in utilisation of the untied Fund for the VHSNC and the sub-centre as per the Village Health Plan PC7. Support the VHSNC in submitting the Utilisation Certificates for the untied Fund	6		6				
HSS/ N 8602: Counsel women on contraception and prevention of	PC1. Advise women on proper hygiene and cleanliness related to sexual and reproductive health	4		4	0	0		
common infections and RTI/STI	PC2. Disseminate information about prevention of RTIs/HIV/AIDS							







PC3. Dispel any rumours or misconceptions about contraceptives in villages	
PC4. Talk about benefits of family planning to couples, individuals and adolescents at different occasions	
PC5. Counsel couples on delay of first pregnancy immediately after marriage	
PC6. Ensure that every couple that needs contraceptive services is counselled on where to avail of the service PC7. Ensure that there is no unmet need for spacing contraception among the population living Below the Poverty Line (BPL	
PC8. Promote male participation in family planning	
PC9. Educate men and women on natural contraceptive methods	
PC10. Counsel women about contraceptive methods including Copper-T 320	
PC11. Explain the duration of protection and provide advice on professionals qualified to insert longer term contraceptives (like the Copper T)	
PC12. Accompany women to the nearest health centre for putting in place longer term contraceptives (like Copper T)	
PC13. Escort women to the ANM/ Medical Officer prior to usage of oral contraceptives	
PC14. Provide oral contraceptives to women after visit to the ANM/ Medical officer	
PC15. Help the ANM to contact women wanting to have a Copper-T insertion	
PC16. Explain the benefits of sterilisation to couples having two children or wanting terminal method	
PC17. Explain the advantages of vasectomy over tubectomy	
PC18. Explain the procedures available for sterilisation (for men and women) and the time, cost and processes required for each	
PC19. Find out the facilities where sterilisation services such as No-Scalpel Vasectomy and female sterilisation are available	
PC20. Accompany men and women wishing to undergo sterilisation to a facility where these services are provided	







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	PC21. Advise men and women undergoing sterilisation about monetary incentives offered by the state if any					
	PC22. Ensure there is no unmet need for contraception in the village					
	PC23. Ensure constant availability of contraceptives as part of social marketing					
			4	0	0	
HSS/ N 8603: Provide healthcare	PC1. Advise adolescents on the changes to expect as they enter puberty					
services to adolescents	PC2. Counsel adolescent girls on changes to expect related to menstruation, especially Pre-menstrual syndrome					
	PC3. Counsel adolescent girls and community members on myths related to menstruation					
	PC4. Advise adolescent girls on proper hygiene and cleanliness related to menstruation					
	PC5. Answer any questions adolescents may have on sexuality, puberty and health	2	2			
	PC6. Disseminate information about prevention of RTIs/HIV/AIDS					
	PC7. Organise meetings, sessions and advice forums					
	PC8. Distribute sanitary napkins					
	PC9. Ensure a constant supply of sanitary napkins					
YYGG () Y O CO 4		T	2	0	0	
HSS/ N 8604: Counsel women on nutritional and health needs of	PC1. Communicate essential messages for prevention of malnutrition					
young children	PC2. Provide advice on feeding and on prevention of illness, and on access to health and nutrition services	2	2			
	PC3. Counsel families to prevent malnutrition and to reverse malnutrition in children below five years					
	PC4. Counsel families to send young children to the Anganwadi for supplementary nutrition and mothers for take-home rations					







	PC5. Ensure that all families with children below the age of two years are counselled and supported for the prevention and management of malnutrition and anaemia and for prevention of illness such as malaria, recurrent diarrhoea and respiratory infection PC6. Ensure that the mother of every child below five years with Diarrhoea, Fever, Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) and worms is counselled on whether referral is immediately required or whether first contact curative care should be provided at home with home remedies and drugs in the ASHA kit PC7. Ensure that Child malnutrition rates are reduced in the village PC8. Ensure that 100% of children with diarrhoea receive					
	ORS		2	0	0	
HSS/ N 8605: Provide antenatal counselling	PC1. Ensure 100% of non-institutional deliveries have skilled assistance PC2. Ensure 100% of institutional deliveries PC3. Ensure all eligible institutional deliveries claim benefits under the Janani Suraksha Yojana PC4. Ensure every pregnant woman receives a Tetanus Toxoid (TT) vaccine and iron folic acid supplements PC5. Ensure every pregnant woman showing danger signs is referred to the ANM or appropriate health facility PC6. Ensure that every pregnant woman and her family receive health information for promotion of appropriate healthcare practices - diet, rest and increased use of services which focus on care in pregnancy, delivery, postnatal care and family planning services PC7. Ensure that every pregnant woman avails of antenatal care (at least 3 visits) and postnatal care at the monthly health worker clinic/Village Health and Nutrition Day PC8. Ensure that every family with a pregnant woman has made a plan and is prepared for the event of childbirth PC9. Counsel women on contraception after delivery	4	4		U	
		1	4			Г
HSS/ N 8606: Provide postnatal	PC1. Ensure that all new-borns are registered with the Anganwadi and the Gram Panchayat	2	2			







counselling	PC2. Ensure that new mothers receive at least one medical check-up within two weeks of delivery PC3. Counsel new mothers to visit the ANM for minor complaints PC4. Assist ANMs in conducting postnatal clinic and screening women and children with danger signals PC5. Referral of post-natal women in case of danger signs PC6. Counsel women on exclusive breast-feeding for the new born PC7. Counsel new mothers on contraceptive needs (temporary/permanent) as required and help the women/family to get the same PC8. Ensure that both new mothers and infants receive			
	supplementary nutrition available at the Anganwadi Centre • PC9. Counsel new mothers on use of contraception post delivery			
			2	
HSS/ N 8607: Counsel women on new-born care and immunisation	PC1. Ensure that all new-borns are registered with the Anganwadi and the Gram Panchayat PC2. Assist ANMs in conducting postnatal clinic and screening women and children with danger signals PC3. Counsel and support women on exclusive breast-feeding for the new-born PC4. Ensure that both new mothers and infants receive supplementary nutrition available at the Anganwadi Centre PC5. Ensure that all new-borns are weighed at appropriate times and families are counselled on the importance of this activity PC6. Ensure 100% immunisation of children in the 12-23 months age group PC7. Ensure that every new-born is visited as per the schedule, more often if there are problems and receives essential home-based care as well as appropriate referral for the sick new-born PC8. Ensure that every family receives the information and support it needs to access immunisation	4	4	







	PC9. Help reduce the Infant Mortality Rate in the village through proper care and immediate referrals in case of illness			
	PC10. Ensure that all new mothers obtain a Mother & Child Protection Card filled by the ANM/ AWW			
	PC11. Ensure that every new-born showing danger signs is referred to the ANM or appropriate health facility			
Mad (M. 0.00			4	
HSS/ N 8608: Counsel women on childlessness and abortion related issues	PC1. Counsel women and families on infertility and refer to a medical facility			
Totaled Issues	PC2. Ensure that all pregnancies are registered with the Anganwadi within 12-16 weeks			
	PC3. Educate families and the community about the dangers of unsafe abortion			
	PC4. Escort women to approved centres for medical termination of pregnancy (MTP), if needed	6	6	
	PC5. Counsel women on safe abortions and the time duration within which abortions can be performed safely PC6. Educate them about the need to use effective contraception after undergoing an abortion, so as to minimise the need for further abortions			
	PC7. Prevent termination of pregnancy after identification of the sex of the foetus as female			
			6	
HSS/ N 8609: Provide primary care and	PC1. Ensure 100% of fever cases receive chloroquine within the first week in a malaria endemic area			
counselling for infectious diseases	PC2. Help in increasing number of cases of Tuberculosis diagnosed correctly and early			
	PC3. Help in increasing number of cases of leprosy diagnosed correctly and early			
	PC4. Communicate key facts about malaria and its prevention to the community	6	6	
	PC5. Make a blood smear and test using a rapid diagnostic test for malaria	, and the second	O	
	PC6. Manage fever in a young child			
	PC7. Know when to suspect malaria, how and when to test, when to refer, when and what to treat			
	PC8. Understand the manner of spread of Tuberculosis and methods of diagnosis			







	PC9. Support treatment of Tuberculosis and follow-up with patients					
	PC10. Understand the manner of spread of leprosy and methods of diagnosis					
	PC11. Support treatment of leprosy and follow-up with patients					
	PC12. Maintain adequate stocks of DOTS, chloroquine and other primary care medicines contained in the ASHA kit					
	PC13. Maintain stocks of rapid diagnostic kits, especially in malaria endemic areas					
	PC14. Ensure that those with fever which could be malaria (or kala – azar) have their blood tested to detect the disease and provide appropriate care/referral					
	PC15. Ensure that village/ medical authorities are alerted in case of an outbreak of malaria, leprosy or TB					
YYGG () Y O 64 O			6	0	0	
HSS/ N 8610: Provide primary medical care for minor ailments and first aid for minor injuries	PC1. Provide first aid for wounds, animal bites and burns PC2. Refer serious cases requiring stiches, rabies shots and advanced burn treatment to the appropriate medical facility PC3. Provide primary care for coughs, colds, fever and diarrhoea	4	4			
	PC4. Refer patients to the appropriate medical facility when required					
			4			
HSS/ N 8611: Undertake timely referrals and escort patients to a hospital where required	PC1. Diagnose common health problems including:a) Danger signs during pregnancy, b)Symptoms of chronic infectious diseases like TB, c)Symptoms of infectious diseases like Malaria, d)Danger signs in infants and small children					
	PC2. Refer patients to the appropriate medical facility when required	6	6			
	PC3. Escort patients to the appropriate medical facility when required					







	PC4. Arrange for transportation to the nearest medical facility when escorting a patient					
	PC5. Ensure display of referral transport details in prominent places					
			6			
HSS/ N 8612: Provide information on	PC1. Diagnose common ailments					
primary curative properties of common AYUSH medicines	PC2. Provide information on AYUSH medicines for common ailments	6	6			0
			6	0	0	
HSS/ N 8613: Promote construction of household toilets	PC1. Mobilise the community to construct household toilets in the village					
under Total Sanitation Campaign	PC2. Reduce the incidence of open defecation in the village	4	4			
	PC3. Conduct Information, Education and Communication (IEC) activities to promote sanitation					
			4			•'
HSS/ N 8614: Make home visits	PC1. Build a rapport with the community members, especially the women in the community					
	PC2. Organise a home visit schedule to cover all homes in the community					
	PC3. Mobilise pregnant women and new mothers to receive ante and postnatal care and supplementary nutrition					
	PC4. Mobilise pregnant women to have institutional deliveries	2	2			
	PC5. Mobilise parents to have their children immunised					
	PC6. Mobilise community members with possibility of STIs/ RTIs, communicable diseases, chronic diseases or other ailments to have tests done or to take treatment					
	PC7. Mobilise the community to adopt health and hygiene related precautions (e.g. disinfect stagnant pools of water, wash hands often etc.)					
	PC8. Facilitate implementation of national health plans and schemes					







			2	0	0	
HSS/ N 8615: Support the Anganwadi Worker	PC1. Build a rapport with the community members, especially the women in the community					
	PC2. Provide information on health related issues to women, adolescent girls and children					
	PC3. Mobilise pregnant women to have antenatal check- ups and supplementary nutrition					
	PC4. Mobilise pregnant women to have institutional deliveries					
	PC5. Explain the importance of postnatal check-ups and supplementary nutrition	2	2			
	PC6. Provide information on home remedies for minor ailments, burns, wounds and animal bites					
	PC7. Explain the importance of immunisation					
	PC8. Mobilise community members with possibility of STIs/ RTIs, communicable diseases, chronic diseases or other ailments to have tests done or to take treatment					
	PC9. Mobilise the community to adopt health and hygiene related precautions (e.g. disinfect stagnant pools of water, wash hands often etc.)					
			2	0	0	
HSS/ N 8616: Support the Auxiliary Nurse Midwife	PC1. Build a rapport with the community members, especially the women in the community					
	PC2. Mobilise pregnant women to have antenatal check- ups and supplementary nutrition	2	2			
	PC3. Mobilise new mothers to have postnatal check-ups and supplementary nutrition	2	2			
	PC4. Mobilise community members to seek medical attention from the ANM for ailments, burns, wounds and animal bites					
		-				







	PC5. Explain the importance of immunisation and mobilise parents to have their children immunised PC6. Mobilise community members with possibility of STIs/ RTIs to have tests done by the ANM PC7. Mobilise young couples to approach the ANM for contraception		2			
HSS/ N 8617:	PC1. Explain the importance of a medically safe and		2	0	0	
Support the Traditional Birth	hygienic childbirth process					Ì
Attendant	PC2. Explain the potential risks associated with childbirth at home					İ
	PC3. Explain the essential requirements for a clean and safe childbirth process at home with a TBA					İ
	PC4. Counsel women opting for childbirth with a TBA					İ
	PC5. Obtain Clean childbirth kits for the TBA as required					Ì
	PC6. Counsel the TBA and the pregnant woman on precautions to be taken during childbirth at home	2	2			ĺ
	PC7. Counsel the TBA and the pregnant woman on potential danger signs to be aware of during the childbirth process					
	PC8. Counsel TBA and pregnant woman on referring in case of danger signs					Ī
	PC9. Keep contact with TBA to keep track of pregnancies					İ
	PC10. Counsel TBA on being aware of potential female foeticide and identifying possible cases of sex determination					
			2	0	0	
HSS/ N 8618: Support the Male Swasthya Karmi	PC1. Explain the causes of malaria and precautions to be taken for its prevention					İ
	PC2. Explain symptoms of malaria					Ì
	PC3. Identify possible cases of malaria before an outbreak PC4. Mobilise suspected cases of malaria to be tested by the MPW	4	4			ſ
	PC5. Inform the MPW of suspected cases of malaria					Ì
	PC6. Assist the MPW in collecting blood samples from suspected cases of malaria					Í







	PC7. Inform the Primary Health Centre of suspected outbreaks of malaria					
			4			
HSS/ N 8619: Maintain Records and Registration	PC1. Keep track of all births, still births and deaths in the village in the course of home visits and other daily work PC2. Register every birth/still birth with the gram Panchayat within 14 days PC3. Register every death with the Gram Panchayat in 7 days PC4. Keep a record of work done in ASHA register/diary PC5. Track incentive payments due for work done PC6. Claim incentive payments PC7. Keep a diary for noting experiences, difficulties and thoughts PC8. Tally records with those at the Anganwadi and Health sub-centre	2	2			
	PC9. Keep minutes of the VHSNC meetings					
	1 C. Reep minutes of the VIIoIVE meetings		2	0	0	j
HSS/ N 8620: Inform Primary Health Centre of Disease Outbreaks	PC1. Keep track of any unusual symptoms during the course of home visits and daily work PC2. Identify disease outbreaks	6	6			
	PC3. Inform the Primary Health Centre of a suspected disease outbreak in a timely manner				T	
		T	6			1
9. HSS/ N 9610 (Follow infection control policies and procedures)	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection	4	4			
	PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by aerosols and splatter					
	PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility					







PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put	
patients and/or other workers at risk PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an	
infection risk in accordance with the policies and	
procedures of the organization	
PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk	
containment for specific risks	
DG0 D H	
PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required	
•	
PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate	
PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and	
procedures of the organization	
PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before	
and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination	
PC12. Follow hand washing procedures	
retz. Pollow hand washing procedures	
PC13. Implement hand care procedures	
PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof	
dressings and change as necessary	
PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment	
that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use	
PC16. Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons daily,	
more frequently if soiled and where appropriate, after each	
patient contact	
PC17. Demarcate and maintain clean and contaminated	
zones in all aspects of health care work	
PC18. Confine records, materials and medicaments to a	
well-designated clean zone	
PC19. Confine contaminated instruments and equipment	
to a well-designated contaminated zone	<u> </u>







PC20. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing and		
equipment in accordance with occupational health and		
safety policies and procedures when handling waste		
PC21. Separate waste at the point where it has been generated and dispose of into waste containers that are		
colour coded and identified		
PC22. Store clinical or related waste in an area that is		
accessible only to authorised persons PC23. Handle, package, label, store, transport and dispose		
of waste appropriately to minimise potential for contact		
with the waste and to reduce the risk to the environment		
from accidental release		
PC24. Dispose of waste safely in accordance with policies		
and procedures of the organisation and legislative requirements		
requirements		
PC25. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment		
during cleaning procedures		
PC26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from		
work surfaces		
PC27. Clean all work surfaces with a neutral detergent and warm water solution before and after each session or when		
visibly soiled		
PC28. Decontaminate equipment requiring special		
processing in accordance with quality management		
systems to ensure full compliance with cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation protocols		
Protocolo		
PC29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use		
PC30. Replace surface covers where applicable		
PC31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment		
Cwand Total 1 (Subject Demoir)	4	
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	80	







Soft Skills and Communication		Select each part each carrying 10 marks totalling 20				
National		Total	0.406		Marks llocation	
Occupational Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Marks (20)	Out Of	Т	HEORY	
Part 1 (Pick one fi	eld randomly carrying 50 marks)					
1. Attitude						
HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the limits of one's competence and authority)	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice					
	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role					
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice	2	2			
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice					
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times					
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice					
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements			1		
			2	0	0	
2. Work Managem	nent					
HSS/ N 9602 (Ensure	PC1. Maintain adequate supplies of medical and diagnostic supplies	6	6			
availability of	PC2. Arrive at actual demand as accurately as possible					







medical and diagnostic supplies)	PC3. Anticipate future demand based on internal, external and other contributing factors as accurately as possible				
	PC4. Handle situations of stock-outs or unavailability of stocks without compromising health needs of patients/individuals				
2 144			6		
3. Attiquete					
HSS/ N 9601 (Collate and	PC1. Respond to queries and information needs of all individuals				
Communicate Health Information)	PC2. Communicate effectively with all individuals regardless of age, caste, gender, community or other characteristics PC3. Communicate with individuals at a pace and level fitting their understanding, without using terminology unfamiliar to them				
	PC4. Utilise all training and information at one's disposal to provide relevant information to the individual PC5. Confirm that the needs of the individual have been	2	2		
	PC6. Adhere to guidelines provided by one's organisation or regulatory body relating to confidentiality				
	PC7. Respect the individual's need for privacy				
	PC8. Maintain any records required at the end of the interaction				
			2	0	0
Part 2					
1. Safety managem	ent				
HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment)	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements	6	6		







	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace					
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person					
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices					
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority					
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected					
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently					
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately					
	, and the second		6	0	0	
2. Waste Managen	nent					
HSS/ N 9609 (Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols)	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type					-
	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste	4	4			
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste					







	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the					
	type and content of waste					
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required					
	course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal					
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required					
	processes to make it safe for transport and disposal					
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into					
	consideration its associated risks					
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in					
	accordance with current legislation and procedures					
	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of					
	information and store in correct location in line with					
	current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols				^	
			4	0	0	ı
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication) 20						